Morning Oregonian.

VOL. XXVIII. PORTLAND, OREGON, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1888. NO. 8738.

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O SUPERIOR QUALITY of Home Manufacture, at about the same price as the inferior imported goods.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK BEFORE PURCHASING.

W. JACKSON & CO., Proprietors,
Twenty-first and T Sts., Portland, Or.

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DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, CLOCKS,
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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. LARGEST STOCK LOWEST PRICES.
149 FIRST STREET.

JUST RECEIVED.

"The Tailor."

The largest display of the Choicest Woolens ever shown in the city Domestic English French, Scotch and German Fabrics in endless variety for Suits to measure One thousand different patterns to select from Any and every style of garment cut and fitted to suit the most fastidious taste

Samples, with Instructions for Self Measurement, Sent Free
ALL GOODS SHRUNK.
PERFECT FIT AND SATISFACTION GUARANTEED
Fine All-Wool Suits to Order from : : $20 00
Fine All-Wool Pants to Order, from : : 5 00
Experienced and First Class Cutters and none but White Labor Employed

"The Tailor,"
No. 126 FIRST ST., PORTLAND, OR.

TENTH ANNUAL EXHIBITION

Opens Oct. 4th---Closes Oct. 27, 1888.

LARGE ADDITION TO THE PAVILION.

MUSIC BY THE
Second U. S. Cavalry Band.

HALF FARE RATES
Over the O. R. & N. Co., O. & C. R. R. Co. and Oregonian Ry. Co. Lines and one-fifth over the N. P. R. R. Co. Lines.

SPECIAL EXCURSIONS
Over the O. R. & N. Co. Lines at less than half rates on Oct. 8th, 15th and 22d.

A. S. WHITING, Sup't.
148 First Street, Portland.

INTERESTING TO DEALERS IN CIGARS.

Having concluded to RETIRE FROM BUSINESS, we offer our entire stock of
Key West and New York Cigars at Manufacturers' Cost
TO CLOSE OUT STOCK.
This is an opportunity never offered before for dealers to lay in their Fall and Winter Supplies

WILZINSKI BROS. & CO.,
Corner Front and Pine Streets.

RAPHAEL KOHN. CHARLES KOHN.

CHAS. KOHN & BRO.,
The Wholesale Wine and Whisky Merchants
44 Front St., Portland, Oregon.

Sole Agents of the Most Celebrated Brand of
"United We Stand" Kentucky Bourbon and Rye Whiskies.
Peruvian Bitters. Ph. Best Milwaukee Beer.
Delbeck & Co. Delmonico Champagnes.

LOUIS ROEDERER CHAMPAGNE
THE HIGHEST GRADE CHAMPAGNE IN THE WORLD.
"CARTE BLANCHE," (WHITE LABEL) A Magnificent Rich Wine.
"GRAND VIN SEC," (BROWN LABEL) Perfection of a Dry Wine.
See that Every Bottle bears the Private Label of
MACONDRAY & CO.,
SOLE AGENTS FOR THE PACIFIC COAST.

FINE BUGGIES
Carriages, Farm and Mill Machinery.
SEND FOR CATALOGUE
RUSSELL & CO.,
Nos. 160 to 166 Front Street, Portland, Oregon.

SIGHTS PRICELESS.
If You Have Defective Eyes and Value Them go to
REED & MALCOM
Scientific Opticians,
74 Morrison Street, Portland, Or.

Northwestern Agency
Barnes' Foot-Power Machinery.
LATHES, FORMERS, SAWS, ETC.
Write for Catalogue
DAYTON & HALL,
Portland. 22a

E. W. ALLEN,
SEEDSMAN,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
171 Second Street,
Portland, Oregon.

FULL WEIGHT PURE
PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE
Its superior excellence proven in millions of homes for more than a quarter of a century. Used by the United States Government. Endorsed by the heads of the Great Universities as the Strongest, Purest and most Healthful. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder does not contain Ammonia, Lime or Alum. Sold only in Cans.
PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.
NEW YORK. CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS.

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—AND—
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Lead All Others.
Call and Examine Before Purchasing
LARGE ASSORTMENT.
LOWEST PRICES.
CHOWN & CURTIS,
Wholesale and Retail Hardware and Stove Dealers and Manufacturers of Tin, Iron and Copperware,
212 First St. and 9 Salmon.

ALE'S BEST
SOLD ONLY IN BOTTLES WITH BEER WRAPPERS

THE WONDER OF HEALING!
FOR PILES, BURNS, SCALDS, PIMPLES, DIARRHŒA, STINGS, SORE THROAT, EYES, FEET, CHILBLAINS AND HEMORRHAGE OF ALL KINDS. Sold everywhere. Used Internally and Externally. Prices, 50c, $1, $1.75.
POND'S EXTRACT CO., 76 5th Ave., New York.

Catarrhal Dangers.
To be freed from the dangers of suffocation while lying down; to breathe freely, sleep soundly and undisturbed, to rise refreshed, head clear, brain active and free from pain or ache; to know that no poisonous, putrid matter defiles the breath and rots away the delicate machinery of smell, taste and hearing; to feel that the system does not, through its veins and arteries, suck up the poison that is sure to undermine and destroy is indeed a blessing beyond all other human enjoyments. To purchase immunity from such a fate should be the object of all afflicted. But those who have tried many remedies and physicians despair of relief or cure

SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE meets every phase of Catarrh from a simple head cold to the most loathsome and destructive stages. It is local and constitutional, and in relieving permanent in curing each and never-failing

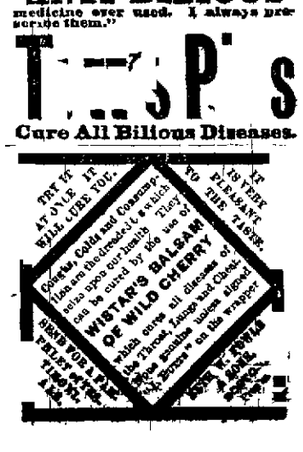
SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE consists of one bottle (the) RADICAL CURE, one box CATARRHAL SOLVENT and one IMPROVED INHALER, all wrapped in one package with treatise and directions and sold by all druggists for $1 00

POTTER DRUG & CHEMICAL CO., BOSTON

A Proclamation!
Dr. H. Guy Lewis, Fulton, Ark., says:—"A year ago I had bilious fever; Tutt's Pills were so highly recommended that I used them. Never did medicine have a happier effect. After a practice of a quarter of a century, I proclaim them the best

ANTI-BILIOUS
medicine ever used. I always prescribe them."

TUTT'S PILLS
Cure All Bilious Diseases.


TRY IT AT ONCE IT WILL CURE YOU.
Colds, Coughs and Consumption are speedily cured by the use of
WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY
which cures all diseases of the Throat, Lungs and Chest.
TO PLEASANT TO REFUSE
"Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry" on the wrapper
SEND FOR A FREE TRIAL

THE REPUBLICAN BILL

It Proposes a Reduction of About Seventy Millions.

SUGAR AND RICE CUT 50 PER CENT

Tobacco and Alcohol Used in the Arts Put on the Free List—Other Changes in the Wool and Lumber Schedules

SAN FRANCISCO Sept 26—A local democratic paper this morning publishes what purports to give the substance of the provisions of the Senate tariff bill. According to this measure the Senate tariff bill proposes to reduce the revenue $70,000,000 as follows: Tobacco $30,000,000; sugar $20,000,000; alcohol, including those used in the arts $10,000,000; additions to the free list $10,000,000. It is proposed to limit the internal tax on tobacco to cigars and cigarettes. The tax on alcohol used in the arts is to be retained but under stringent restrictions which are to guard against fraud. The tax on retail liquor dealers has never yielded $1,000,000 in 1887 is not touched. The section of the tax on distilled brandy is supposed to do away with $1,500,000 of revenue.

The pottery schedule readjusted with a slight increase in every item where it has been thought necessary.

The bill increases the duty on china, porcelain, Parian and bisque from 60 to 70 per cent ad valorem. Porcelain and Bohemian glass, painted glassware and stained glass are increased from 45 to 50 per cent. Plate glass is practically unchanged. Bottle are classified by size and graded so that none which can be used the second time can come in free.

The metal schedule has been simplified by unifying the duties on steel and iron. The committee has not decided on the rate on steel rails. It is printed in the bill at $15 but is likely to be $16 67. Lead crude is left in the senate bill at the existing rate but in order to prevent fraud silver ore now on the free list is made dutiable at the same rate when mixed with lead.

The only change in wire rods is in the gauge from 6 to 6 5.

The plate remain dutiable at the old rate. Quicksilver is fixed at 6 cents per pound instead at 10 per cent ad valorem.

Iron and steel cotton ties are left as in the existing law.

Copper is placed at one cent less per pound on all grades than by the existing law.

Type metal is placed at 15 per cent. There is a slight increase on the cheaper grades of the latter with the purpose of heading off growing German competition.

There is no change in the lumber schedule except a light one in classification.

The cut on sugar is about 50 per cent.

Rice is reduced 50 per cent.

Fresh fish continues to be admitted free, but a provision is added which shuts out fish artificially preserved by freezing or other processes.

Raisins, prunes and nuts are left at the existing rate of duty. The schedule of cotton shows practically no change. Farmers do not get free cotton bagging, for which they have been petitioning but there is a considerable reduction of it. Flax is safe from cuts.

The rates have been changed, so far as possible from ad valorem to specific.

The duty on clothing woolens of the finer grades that is above 30 cents a pound, is increased from 12 to 13 cents. This is the only change made in raw wool. The woolen schedule is pretty thoroughly overhauled. Worsteds are to be classed as woolens. There are some increases of duty on woolens. They do not amount, however, to a restoration of the duties of 1867.

There is no change in the silk schedule.

The paper schedule is reduced to conform to the modern classification, but there is no essential change in duty.

The complaints of the hat manufacturers have been heeded. Discriminating duties are laid, fixing a different rate for each kind of hat, and providing in each case that the duty on hats shall be greater than on the raw material.

Mother of pearl is one of the articles put on the free list to assist the manufacture of pearl buttons.

Coral, salt and marble are untouched.

A STATEMENT BY SENATOR STEWART

The Bill Deals Kindly With the Products of the Pacific Coast.

WASHINGTON Sept. 26.—Senator Stewart of Nevada, says the senate tariff bill should it become a law, would be very beneficial to the people on the Pacific coast. The duty on farms, which was reduced in the Mills bill is left untouched in the senate bill with the exception of raisins, on which the duty is raised 1 cent per pound. Borax, which was made free in the Mills bill, is raised in the senate tariff and all of its products. The wool schedule remains untouched, with the exception of fine wool, on which the duty is raised 1 cent per pound. Hemp and flax are untouched, but manilla, jute and grass are put on the free list. There are also a large proportion of the chemicals, on which the revenue is in consideration. Lumber and other Canadian products will remain nearly the same as at present. Quicksilver which was made free by the democratic bill, in the republican bill is raised to 6 cents per pound.

HOUSE PROCEEDINGS.

Passage of the Northern Pacific Forfeiture Bill

WASHINGTON Sept 26—Forney of Alabama presented a conference report on the sundry civil appropriation bill. It was laid over.

The committee on public lands reported, and the house passed without debate, the bill to forfeit certain lands granted the Northern Pacific railroad. It provides that all lands granted the Northern Pacific by the act of July 2 1864 except such as are adjacent to and co-terminous with the road constructed prior to July 4, 1879 except the right of way through the remainder of the route including the necessary grounds for station building, etc and excepting also lands inclouded within the limits of any village town or city be declared forfeited and restored to the public domain because of the failure of the company to perform the conditions on which the grant was made. Forfeiture is not to extend to lands adjacent to and co-terminous with the completed road sold by the company prior to January 1, 1888 to bona fide purchasers for value but as to such lands to be confirmed upon condition that all persons claiming the benefit of this section shall within one year after the passage of this act file before the register and receiver of the proper land office subject to appeal to the commissioner of the general land office, proof of good faith consideration date and extent of purchase. All settlers upon forfeited lands are author[illegible] to acquire title to not exceeding 160 acres under the homestead law.

The senate joint resolution appropriating $1 50 000 for relief of the yellow fever sufferers was passed with an amendment making its object to prevent the spread of yellow fever and cholera.

The bill to donate arms and equipments to Oregon for the use of the militia of that state was passed. Adjourned.

If Remote from Medical Help.

Doubly essential it is that you abound be provided with some reliable family medicine. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is the best of its class, remarkably thoroughly as it does such common ailments as indigestion, constipation and biliousness, and affording safe and speedy help in malarial cases, rheumatism and inactivity of the kidneys.

SENATE PROCEEDINGS

George Speaks on the Political Situation in Mississippi

WASHINGTON Sept 26—The senate bill reported by Hoar on the 6th of February last to provide for inquests under national authority was taken up and George proceeded to address the senate on the subject. After reviewing at length the causes leading up to the present political status in Mississippi from the date of reconstruction the present time. At the conclusion of his speech the bill went over without action.

Daniels addressed the senate on the resolution to refer the president's annual message. He said that he had written on this same subject a year ago and that what he then said he would repeat or affirm.

A committee on counting the vote was ordered to be appointed by the chair. Senators Allison and Call will be appointed. The senate then adjourned.

WASHINGTON NEWS ITEMS

Report of Wyoming's Governor

WASHINGTON Sept. 26—Thomas C. Moonlight governor of Wyoming territory, this morning reported to the president that the financial standing of Wyoming was very high and this may be attributed largely to the wisdom of congressional legislation, but to the territory's territorial legislature. The entire public debt of the territory is given $23,000. Of this amount bonds for $20 000 were authorized in 1885 and bought at premium of 5 cents on the dollar. Bonds were authorized this year and were sold at a premium of 15 cents on the dollar.

The agricultural development of the territory the report says is still in its infancy but farmers with few exceptions are now turning their attention to agriculture in connection with stock raising. The population of the territory remains about the same as last year.

Northwestern Notes

WASHINGTON Sept. 26—Pensions have been granted as follows: Oregon Original invalid John T. Putnam Springfield. Montana survivor Christian Reininger Hoppner. Washington territory—Increase George W. Cook Cheney.

Representative Hermann's bill for the relief of the militia of Oregon was pulled up to-day by the committee on military affairs and passed. It requires the secretary of war to distribute to the state authorities at Salem for the state militia a quantity of arms ammunition equipments, etc.

The mail service between Canyon City and Mount Vernon Oregon has been increased from two to three times per week.

For a Lease of Pike's Peak

WASHINGTON Sept 26—Senator Teller has introduced a bill to lease to the Pike's Peak Astronomical and Meteorological Association all of the Pike's Peak military reservation except that portion asked for by the city of Colorado Springs for reservation purposes the association to render an equivalent the rent to be their observations for use of the signal service. The lease is to be for a period of twenty years.

The Chinese Exclusion Bill.

WASHINGTON Sept 26—Assistant Secretary Fruedenmme said this afternoon that the Chinese exclusion bill would not be signed by the president for several days. It was he says only sent to the state department yesterday and will probably not be returned much before the end of the week.

Senator Sherman's Resolution

WASHINGTON, Sept 26.—Senator Sherman was this morning authorized by the committee on foreign relations to report back with favorable recommendations his resolution looking to the better commercial relation with Canada. The object is to give a chance for debate.

Presidential Appointments

WASHINGTON Sept. 26.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate: John H. Oberly Illinois commissioner of Indian affairs vice John D. C. Atkins resigned. Samuel H. Allbro New York superintendent of Indian schools.

A Treaty with Tonga.

WASHINGTON Sept. 26—Ratification of the treaty of amity commerce and navigation between the United States and the kingdom of Tonga having been exchanged on the first of August last, the president on the 18th inst. proclaimed the treaty.

SPORTING EVENTS.

The Louisville Races.

LOUISVILLE Sept 26—First race six furlongs for a purse—Finality won Maori second Dick Delaney third time, 1 17¼.

Second race, handicap sweepstakes one mile—Birthday won Tenacity second, Catalpa third, time, 1 42½.

Third race, six furlongs for a purse—Hindoo Craft won, Nylaptha second, Julien third time 1 16¾.

Fourth race seven furlongs for a purse—Tom Nichols won Golightly second, Tenikee third, time 1 31¾.

Fifth race, nine furlongs for a purse—Comedy won, Overton second, Osceola third, time 1 58¾.

Brooklyn Jockey Club Races.

GRAVESEND RACE TRACK, Sept. 26.—Last night's rain has left the track deep in mud.

First race three-quarter mile—Jenner Beaver won in 1 17¾, Sorrento second, Speedwell third.

Second race one and one-quarter miles—Favor won in 2 15, Tristam second, Huntress third.

Third race one and one-eighth miles—King Crab first Montague second, Marauder third time 2 00.

Fourth race, one and one-eighth miles—Bessie June first, Eurus second, Aurelia third, time 2 00.

Trotting at Philadelphia

PHILADELPHIA Sept 26—The 2 24 class trotting, postponed from Tuesday—Jackson won, Yorktown Belle second, Si Elmo third, Crescent fourth, best time 2 24.

Three-minute class trotting—Jim Luker won three second, Gold Leaf third, Charley Allen fourth, best time 2 28.

The 2 23 class trotting, and 2 25 class, pacing were not finished. Two heats in each event were taken by the favorites, Electric winning the trotting in 2 28½ and 2 27, and Bessemer the pacing in 2 23 and 2 23¼.

Baseball

PITTSBURG Sept 26.—The home club took the last game from Detroit to day, leaving the clubs tied in the series of games won and lost. It was a brilliant contest. Score: Pittsburg 3, Detroit 1. Batteries—Galvin and Miller and Conway and Ganzel.

BOSTON Sept 26.—The Bostons and Philadelphias did not play to day, owing to wet grounds. Two games will be played to-morrow.

WASHINGTON Sept. 26.—The New York and Washington clubs played two games here to day. One of yesterday's postponement and the last one of the regular schedule game. Score of first game: Washington 1, New York 6. Batteries—Whitney and Mack and Welch and Ewing. Second game: New York 5, Washington 4. Batteries—Titcomb and Murphy, and Keefe and Arundel.

CHICAGO Sept 6. The last game of the season on the home grounds was an easy one for Chicago. Indianapolis had Shreve, Glasscock and Schdeneck in to pitch, and all were hit hard. Score: Chicago 10, Indianapolis 3. Batteries—Tener and Darling for Chicago. Daily caught for Indianapolis.

CINCINNATI, Sept 26—Cincinnati 5, Cleveland 1.

KANSAS CITY Sept 26—Kansas City 4, Brooklyn 8.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 26.—Baltimore 4, Louisville 2.

ST. LOUIS Sept 26—St. Louis 6, Athletics 5.

Fosoni's Complexion Powder, is universally known and everywhere esteemed as the only Powder that will improve the complexion, eradicate tan, freckles and all skin diseases.

A HENCHMAN'S PRAISE

Postmaster-General Dickinson's Estimate of Cleveland.

A NOBLE FIGURE IN HISTORY

The Campaign in Indiana—About 2500 Admirers of Gen Harrison Visit Indianapolis—Blaine's Schedule of Dates

DETROIT Sept 26 The campaign in this state was opened to night by the democracy with a big demonstration in honor of the visit of Postmaster General Dickinson of Washington Governor Luce Hon Don M. Dickinson Hon Edward S. Jordan and other prominent democrats.

At 8 o'clock a parade composed of numerous marching clubs and drum corps with a big delegation from Ann Arbor escorted the party to the Detroit Opera House. When the party appeared on the stage the audience that filled every seat rose and gave them a rousing welcome.

Postmaster General Dickinson was the first speaker. In the course of his speech he spoke of the president as follows:

I have not asked to say anything of the president. I can say but very little of what is in your hearts and mine. It is the splendid consciousness of a vital current of health and honesty pulsing through all the arteries of the public service. A public office is a public trust has not been merely a smooth phrase on a board of the stump and many a Democratic aspiring life official actions by the spirit of the Decalogue. The commandment he has made it his rule of conduct, a practice of every day in all public duties, in every department and in the highways and by ways of executive and legislative action in the political atmosphere of the capital.

The president was from among the people as I am eager to those accustomed to the old conditions. The plans of the country's rulers tried to perverted statesmanship and perverted method and perverted policies did not at first make out the president of ours. As he started on his way the senate attempted to crowd him in the choice of American house of lords drove against him and was defeated. The senators then said "This man treads upon us as if we were the common council of Buffalo and he as unintelligent though stubborn man only fit to be mayor of a small town. Later on they said, 'He has ability, of a certain kind and a sort of a low cunning and he is a bold and man.' Later on he rose in the vocabulary of epithets to the dignity of satirper.

Some republican politicians praised him for a while looking at his acts through the flare and cracked glass of their own notions because they thought he was about to betray his own party. A few democrats who learned politics in republican schools irritated at the changed policy and changed methods believing in the doctrines that became his predecessors did all things for favor to show disgust in full license to do things for favor and he was a Tyler and would run his party.

Then as continued to multiply about him his character and his purposes in the midst of the confusion of party common-sense of the people came to the aid of the interpreter. It is a very simple case, gentlemen said common sense. You were all looking beyond above, around, anywhere but at the simple nature of things. This curiosity at Washington the president who seems to you to be inscrutable in his ways is rare as this life of yours, is simply an honest man with a great brain an intrepid heart and tireless vigor an honest man of indomitable perseverance, absolute fearlessness and conscious of his power an honest man who stands for the right with the firmness and serenity of the rock of ages itself. Known and appreciated of all men he is hated with the bitterness of partisan malignity by hosts of enemies and he is still loved for the enemies he has made and is making. In private life he is a plain American citizen of simple manners and of single emotions and kindness of heart standing out against the history of ages one of the noblest figures in the life of the republic will be that of Grover Cleveland.

THE CAMPAIGN IN INDIANA

About 2500 Visitors Call on Gen. Harrison —Blaine's Programme

INDIANAPOLIS Sept 26—Ohio and Indiana united to-day again through their delegations in paying their respects to Gen Harrison. The Tipton county visitors numbered over a thousand. Elkhart county sent nearly as many while the Tippecanoe veterans and the Tanker Club, of Columbus O with their friends numbered between 500 and 600.

The Ohio visitors were escorted from the depot by 100 members of the Harrison and Hovey Guards and the Columbia Club with its drum corps. At 4 o'clock the presentation took place in University park. Judge Waugh of Tipton made the address on behalf of the veterans of Indiana and Hon John Abingham greeted the general in the name of the Ohio veterans.

Gen Harrison then advanced to the front of the stand and began his speech. He was received with great shouts from the listeners and his remarks were given careful attention.

Chairman E. Huston of the republican state committee announces that Mr Blaine will arrive in Indiana October 10 after making his Michigan canvass. Following are Blaine's Indiana dates: At Goshen October 10 Indianapolis 11th, Evansville 13th New Albany 16th closing his canvass at a barbecue to be held at Tippecanoe battle ground October 17. Gen. Sherman and Congressmen McKinley and Reed will open their canvass early in October.

FRIENDS OF THE INDIAN.

Annual Convention of Theorists at Their Camp Ground in New York.

LAKE MOHAWK, N. Y. Sept 26.—The sixth annual meeting of the Lake Mohawk conference of friends of the Indian was called to order this morning by Hon. A. K. Smiley member of the board of Indian commissioners. Gen Clinton D. Fisk, president of the board of Indian commissioners was for the sixth year elected president.

Gen Whitney of Washington secretary of the board of Indian commissioners gave a resume of the progress of Indian work and of their present condition. There are at present he said upon 260 000 Indians in the country. It will be twenty years next spring since Gen Grant inaugurated a policy of peace with the Indians and the government management of Indian affairs is decidedly better than twenty years ago. There were no schools worthy of the name. Now schools are attended by 14 000 children of school age.

The first regular paper of the session was presented by Dr Lyman Abbott on the need of a strong government educational system for Indian children. The education thus to be afforded must not merely be offered as a gift it must be imposed by superior authority as a requirement. In organizing such system of education the government should assume entire charge of all primary education. Dr Abbott said. Indian schools should be taken out of politics. There is only one way to take them out of politics, namely by making the head of the school system non political. He sugge is that the president appoint a non political commission who shall be authorized to organize and direct general educational system. That money for the system be appropriated by congress to this educational commission and that the appointment of teachers organization of schools and maintenance of the entire system be placed under its direction and control, freed from the entanglements involved on the one hand by connection with an administration bureau and on the other hand by the necessity of securing influence in the house of representatives for needful appropriations.

Other speakers were Charles Howard of Chicago and Rose Collins of the mission of Standing Rock agency, Dakota. Miss Collins complained that no standard of education nor of morals was required of government Indian teachers.

Purchase your tickets and reserve your sleeping car accommodation at No. 2 Washington street, office Northern Pacific Railroad.

STORM IN NEW ENGLAND

A Terrific Gale and a Great Rainfall Cause Much Damage

BOSTON Sept 26—A violent windland and storm is raging along the whole New England coast this morning. Telegraph wires are down in all direction. The damage will be large.

GLOUCESTER Sept 26. The storm is the most violent on for a long time. A large number of vessels are anchored in the bay has how many will go ashore if the storm continues.

The wind has increased to a hurricane. A fishing schooner has dragged ashore at Rocky Neck. Provincetown the life. The weather is so thick that no one can tell anything on the harbor but it is said that three vessels have gone ashore at this point.

AT BOSTON

BOSTON Sept 26—Rain began to fall in Boston at 6 o'clock this morning and between 6 and 7:30 A. M. it was very heavy. The rainfall to 9 A. M. was nearly two inches, which is about 65 per cent of the average for the entire month. There was reported during the night 300 vessels took refuge in Boston harbor. It is believed that all the larger coasting vessels which left Provincetown for Boston or Gloucester and the fishing fleet were caught in the bay last night as the weather had been threatening for many days. In addition to the vessels in the harbor the revenue cutters fleet and boats under the navy department are at Gloucester at Rockport the latter was terribly exposed to the northeast gale sweeping the streets into river. The sea ran high over the wharves and waves hundreds of feet inland.

RAN AWAY WITH A WOMAN

And Carried Away With Him $140 000 of a Bank's Money

CHICAGO Sept 26—Waldron & Keen were proprietors of a bank at Hillsdale Mich. Waldron a man of family was suspected of intimacy with Mrs Bidwell who was living at Quincy Mich with her husband. About six weeks ago Waldron disappeared with about $150 000 of the bank's money. Investigation at Quincy showed that Mrs Bidwell had also disappeared. They were traced as to Canada and it was supposed both had taken a steamer for Europe. This proved erroneous as Waldron appeared in Hillsdale and gave himself up.

MORE SENSATIONAL DEVELOPMENTS.

QUINCY Michigan Sept 26—Every day adds fresh interest to the Waldron Bidwell affair and the sharp practice of the woman in the case has provoked considerable merriment. There is a report that Mrs Bidwell wrote several letters to her husband during her journey with Waldron. Shortly after the arrival of Bidwell at Hillsdale last night, in custody of the sheriff the man who intended to make the charges against Bidwell accede to an interview with the accused and Bidwell promising to assist in the effort to arrest Mrs Bidwell the sheriff permitted his release. Bidwell immediately took the train for Quincy and late last night never came from Fremont Indiana that the fugitives were there together. The sheriff left Angola this morning for there and arrested the woman and Bidwell they having reached there at an early hour. She is held awaiting extradition papers.

EXTENSIVE PRAIRIE FIRE.

A Large Portion of Two Counties in Dakota Burned Over

JAMESTOWN D. T. Sept. 26—One of the most extensive prairie fires that ever visited this section occurred yesterday and last night. All of the western part of La Moure county and much of the southern and western part of Stutsman county were burned over. A strong wind drove the flames before it at an unprecedented velocity. Instances of where the fire ran faster than a horse are narrated. Reports of losses are coming in. Many farmers will lose everything and much distress will be experienced. The fire seems to have originated in Cotenux county, about thirty miles west.

ANOTHER COUNTY SWEPT

FAULKTON, Dak., Sept. 26—Devastating prairie fires swept down from Edmunds over Faulk county to-day. Settlers lost their crops buildings and farm machinery. No fatalities have yet been reported. The fires are still raging though under control.

THE PARDONED MILLIONAIRE.

He Says He is Too Happy to Indulge in Recriminations.

HARRISBURG Sept 26—When Milton Weston the Chicago millionaire was notified by the mayor of this city of his pardon, he was affected to tears. Mr Weston was seen later and talked at length concerning his prison life. Says he: 'Although I was well treated while in prison, my lot was a most miserable and unhappy one, due to the knowledge that I was an innocent victim of circumstances. If I were at liberty to tell what I know I could open some people's eyes. But let it pass. Life is too short for recriminations and I am too happy to-day to indulge in any if it were not. I had given up all hope, and this pardon coming to me so suddenly and unexpectedly lifted me as it were from the deepest depths of the slough of despondency to the seventh heaven of happiness.'

SLOGGER SULLIVAN

His Condition Still Critical—A Chance for Recovery.

BOSTON Sept 26.—John L. Sullivan shows no improvement. His friends are beginning to feel anxious about him. His physicians consider his condition critical. Dr. Bush, when asked if he expected Sullivan to recover said No, he has a chance but it would not surprise me in the least to receive a hasty summons to his bedside.

Still van's physicians said this afternoon that the patient is improving with every prospect of recovery.

A DESPERATE WIFE'S PUNISHMENT.

Ten Years' Imprisonment for Burning to Death Her Brutal Husband.

CHICAGO Sept. 26.—Mrs. Lena Schreiner, who poured kerosene on her husband while he was drunk and set him on fire pleaded guilty to-day to a charge of murder. With her baby on her knee she listened stolidly while the judge pronounced a sentence of ten years in the penitentiary. The judge said that in fixing the sentence he had taken into consideration the fact that Schreiner was a wife-beater of the most brutal variety.

LITTLE GIRLS SENT HOME.

Lecherous Mormons Foiled in Their Base Designs Upon Children.

NEW YORK Sept 26—Twenty one little girls from 9 to 13 years of age brought here yesterday by Mormon elders from Europe en route to Salt Lake City were ordered today by Castle for Magee to be sent back to Europe.

"BUFFALO BILL"

And His Wild West Show Call at the White House.

WASHINGTON, Sept 26—The president gave a special reception to-day to Hon Wm F. Cody (Buffalo Bill) and members of his Wild West show including the Indians who appeared in most brilliant native costumes.

The Situation at Rio Grande City

AUSTIN Texas, Sept 26—There had been no conflict up to a late hour. An additional force from Uvalde county is expected to night also a company of state soldiers. Everything remains very quiet.

Who is there or great or wealthy
But of the teeth once white and healthy,
That would not exchange right gladly
Pel for teeth she needs so sadly?
Use SOZODONT in time, ye sinners,
If you'd masticate your dinners!

Take the Northern Pacific Railroad for all points east. The only dining car route from Portland. Office, No. 2 Washington street.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

A FATAL QUARANTINE.

James Bewley, a Yamhill Pioneer, Shot at Sheridan.

HIS SON IS ALSO FIRED UPON,

And in Turn Empties His Revolver at the Slayer of His Father—The Eominide Arrested—A Smallpox Scare Near Salem.

McMINNVILLE, Or., Sept. 26.—James P. Bewley, one of the wealthiest citizens of this county, and a pioneer of 1846, was shot in the streets of Sheridan last evening, about 5 o'clock, by W. McCune, a young man on the Sheridan quarantine force, and died early this morning. Bewley lives in McMinnville, and McCune notified him to leave Sheridan, as they were afraid of smallpox. While parleying about leaving or being arrested, McCune drew a pistol and fired into Bewley's face. The ball entered the right cheek and lodged in the brain. Bewley fell backward out of his buggy.

McCune then turned and fired several shots at Roswell Bewley, a son of James Bewley. Roswell ran into a livery stable near by and procured his pistol, and ran out firing at McCune, who ran down the street. Young Bewley pursued him some distance. Meeting McCune's father, who had undertaken to stop him by throwing stones at him, young Bewley turned on the elder McCune, but having exhausted his pistol picked up a stone and struck McCune on the forehead, knocking him down, and he remained insensible for some time.

The wildest excitement prevailed at Sheridan all night. Between the quarantine and the tragedy there was no sleep. Sheriff Harris went up during the night and arrested McCune, and he was taken before Justice Landon of Willamina precinct for examination to-day.

SMALLPOX SCARE NEAR SALEM.

A Country School Closed by the Board of Directors.

SALEM, Sept. 26.—The board of directors of the Keizer school, four miles north of Salem, have dismissed school on account of the smallpox scare. One of the patients who, the other day, was attacked near Sheridan, spent last Friday and Saturday night at David Gner's, and he complained at the time of not feeling well. It is feared others have been exposed.

FROM SPOKANE FALLS.

Work on the Lake Shore—The Cockrell Case—A Heavy Defalcation.

SPOKANE FALLS, Sept. 26.—Three miles of track west from Spokane, on the Seattle, Lake Shore & Eastern, have been completed and the first train was run over the line to-day. Much importance was attached to the event and a large number of leading citizens turned out. The train left the Northern Pacific depot at 12 o'clock, and connected with the Seattle road at the head of Riverside avenue, crossing the Spokane river one-fourth mile east of the city. The line then runs directly west on the north side, recrossing the river at the big bend two miles west of the city. A bridge is now in course of construction, and will be completed in thirty days, when track-laying will be pushed with all possible vigor. The line will be in operation forty-five miles west this fall.

Benjamin Cockrill, whose arrest in San Francisco on a writ of habeas corpus setting forth that he restrained the liberty of his child, Edna Cockrill, for fraudulent motives, was well known in this city. He was a resident of Spokane until a few months ago. The melancholy death of his wife, on the morning of the 5th of December last, is still fresh in the minds of the people. She had placed her husband's revolver in the tray of her trunk, fearing that an accident might happen if it were left where people could get hold of it. Subsequently she wanted to remove something from her trunk, and taking out the tray placed it on the bed, and was in the act of taking out the article for which she was searching, when, in some unaccountable way, the pistol was discharged. The ball entered the lower part of the victim's abdomen, on the right side, passing through the body, and coming out on the left side, just above the hip. The case created a great sensation at the time. The lady died a few days later. Mrs. Cockrill's life was insured in three companies to the extent of $12,500, all of which she left to her husband. Her maiden name was Bertha Bachensen. New developments have grown out of this case recently, according to published statements in the San Francisco papers, going to show that Edna Cockrill was the child of Bertha Bachensen and Cockrill. The child will therefore come in for half the amount of the insurance policies, which were being collected by Cockrill. Much interest is manifested in the case here.

J. G. Rex, who skipped out about the first part of the month with considerable money belonging to his employer, W. B. Turner, has been arrested at Seattle. Sheriff Glispin left last night for Seattle and will return with the prisoner. It has been known for some time that Lex was doing the coast, but the officers would make no effort to arrest him unless rewarded for so doing. That reward was offered, and thus the capture. Rex pleaded hard for his release, but he will be obliged to stand his trial. Turner has been looking to the defalcations charged to Rex, and finds them amounting to quite a large sum. He also took an inventory of the stock and finds that during the last quarter many thousand shingles and a great deal of other material had been disposed of without any return. Rex was in charge of the lumber yard, and had power to receipt and collect accounts. In this manner he collected considerable money and is accused of confiscating it instead of turning it over to the owner.

THE DISTRICT OF OREGON.

List of the Steamers, Place of Ownership and Passenger Capacity.

ASTORIA, Or., Sept. 26.—Following is a list of the steamers belonging in the district of Oregon and the number of passengers allowed by law:

Steamers.	No. of Passengers.	Place Ownership.
A. B. Field	55	Astoria.
Rival	30	Astoria.
Occident	8	Astoria.
Volga	16	Astoria.
Clara Parker	100	Astoria.
Gen. Miles	90	Astoria.
Edith	20	Astoria.
O. K	20	Astoria.
Wallula	30	Astoria.
Improvement	20	Astoria.
Electric	50	Astoria.
Tonquin	15	Astoria.
Gen. Canby	80	Astoria.
Gen. Garfield	20	Tillamook.
Daphne	8	Tillamook.
Lena	20	La Center.
Isabe	100	La Center.
Lucia Mason	100	La Center.
Mountain Buck	25	Shoalwater bay.
Brisk	6	Gray's harbor.
Willie	15	Gray's harbor.
Rustler	15	Gray's harbor.
Favorite	20	Siuslaw.
Eureka	25	Brookfield.
Aberdeen	80	Aberdeen.
Herald	30	Aberdeen.

To this list is to be added the Winona, just built at Astoria.

Freight steamers only—John West, Hattie, M. G. Hoanen, Polar Bear, Dolphin, Donald, Sophia, Salem No. 8, Steam Ferry, Cruiser, South Bend, Traveler, Hunter, Favorite, Columbia and Wizard. The latter can carry passengers, but their papers are made out for freight only.

"MERCURY" MEN IN TROUBLE.

Arrest of the Editor and Manager on a Charge of Criminal Libel.

SALEM, Sept. 26.—H. O. Rosenfeld, editor, and A. A. Rosenthal, business manager of the Portland *Sunday Mercury*, were brought up from Portland to-night to answer to a charge of criminal libel preferred by Dr. J. C. Gilbert of this city. Dr. Gilbert bases his complaint on an article that appeared in the *Mercury* on August 25, which reflected seriously on his character as a man and physician. He was charged in the article with being a quack, with bearing an assumed name, with having been formerly a lawyer in Wisconsin, and with having eloped with another man's wife; and other statements of a similar tenor were made. Numerous other small slings have appeared in the *Mercury* at different times reflecting not only on the doctor but on his wife, and it is understood these will be made the basis of other criminal charges, and that also a civil action for damages will be instituted. Rosenfeld and Rosenthal were arraigned before Recorder Strickler to-night, and waiving examination were bound over in bonds of $500 each to appear before the grand jury. They deposited a check for $1000 and were released, but will be required to appear at 9 to-morrow morning to furnish new bonds.

FROM VICTORIA.

A Valuable Cargo—Fine Furs From the Arctic—Etc.

VICTORIA, Sept. 26.—The Hudson Bay Company's ship Titania cleared to-day for London, England, with 23,782 cases of salmon and a quantity of furs. The total value is $250,000. The Titania is the fastest vessel afloat, and an effort will be made to complete the voyage within 100 days.

The first consignment of Arctic furs from Point Barrow, the northernmost point in Alaska, has been received here by M. J. Davis, Henry Uhlmann's buyer. It consists of a large number of pure white foxes, some blue, red and cross foxes, Polar and Arctic grizzlies, lynx, etc. It is thought that other shipments will find their way to this market.

Competition to secure the sealing catch is keen here. The highest price received is $5 75 per skin.

The C. P. N. Co.'s new steamer Islander, which sailed the other day from Clyde, will call at San Francisco on the way to Victoria.

SHORT IN THEIR ACCOUNTS.

VICTORIA, Sept. 26.—The auditors appointed to examine the civic accounts reported to the aldermen to-night, showing that the city treasurer and city clerk were short in their accounts to the extent of nearly $5000. The matter has been referred to the city barrister for action.

FROM WALLA WALLA.

A Passenger Train Ditched—A Search For a Missing Man.

WALLA WALLA, Sept. 26.—The down passenger train from Farmington was ditched near Grange City, at 5 o'clock yesterday evening, caused by running over a cow. After trying to scare the brute off the track, and being unsuccessful, the engineer slowed down, when the cow showed fight, but got off the track and attempted to jump between two cars, which cause the trucks to leave the track, ditching one car. No one was injured. There being no telegraph station near, no assistance could be secured and the trainman, after seven hours' hard work, succeeded in clearing the track.

L. A. Dunlavy of this city is in Eastern Oregon, searching for his step-father, F. P. Davis, a locomotive engineer and assayer, who has been missing for some time. Davis was, for some time, confined in the asylum in this territory. After being discharged he again showed signs of insanity, and was last seen at Union, Oregon, where he was examined as to his sanity and discharged, contrary to the telegraphed request of the family in this city. Davis's insanity was caused by financial troubles. He frequently threatened to take his life. He is 45 years old, dark complexioned, and wears a dark moustache.

FROM JACKSONVILLE.

A Boy Convicted of Murder—A Heavy Tax Voted.

JACKSONVILLE, Or., Sept. 26.—The trial of the boy John McAllister for the murder of his father last July commenced on Monday, the 17th, and ended last Saturday, resulting in a verdict of murder in the second degree. During the trial he seemed to take but little interest in what was going on, and appeared incapable to comprehend the important bearing it had to him.

A vote was taken here yesterday whether or not the board should have power to levy a tax of 3 per cent. upon the city for the purpose of paying the indebtedness of the city and also to make improvements. The tax was carried by a large majority. It is understood that a portion of the funds arising from this tax will go to assist in building a street car line between this place and the railroad.

Scared by Drunken Indians.

HELENA, Mont., Sept. 26.—A party of Flathead and Jocko Indians, who were permitted by Maj. Ronan to leave the reservation for a hunting expedition, arrived at a point fifteen miles south of Butte yesterday. Five Indians and a half-breed came to Butte and succeeded in buying whisky at a saloon on the outskirts of the city. The Indians got very drunk and reckless, and on the way back to camp the half-breed assaulted a ranchman who was coming to town in his wagon. One of them had a large knife in his hand, but the ranchman stood them off by pulling a pistol on them. Their hideous howls caused great alarm among the terror-stricken farmers and their families in the vicinity, and a rancher came in hot haste at a late hour last night and reported the facts to the authorities. A sheriff's posse of eight men, heavily loaded with guns and ammunition, started in pursuit. They found the Indians carousing in camp, and brought the five Indians and half-breed to town and landed them in jail. Serious trouble would undoubtedly have resulted but for the prompt action of the sheriff.

Seattle News Items.

SEATTLE, W. T., Sept. 26.—The men injured by the explosion of a steam pipe yesterday in Stetson & Post's mill are recovering slowly. It is now supposed that all three will recover.

J. G. Rex, the young man arrested here yesterday on information from Spokane Falls charging him with embezzlement, says he has received a telegram from W. B. Turner & Co., offering to compromise the whole matter for $300. Young Rex says he has the written consent of W. B. Turner to represent him in all business matters connected with the concern, and so the charge of embezzlement will not stand, and now the firm will become involved for offering to compromise while Rex was in the custody of the courts.

Salem Notes.

SALEM, Or., Sept. 26.—George J. Pearce and Miss Nellie Riely, and Arthur Brasfield and Miss Lizzie Riely, were married at the residence of Mrs. A. J. Riely, on High street, this afternoon at 3 o'clock, by Rev. H. A. Newell. All are of Salem except Mr. Brasfield, who is from Portland.

Articles of incorporation of the Oregon Real Estate Company were to-day filed with the secretary of state, by J. H. Loezer, E. W. Farrow and H. J. Bean; capital stock, $25,000; location, Pendleton.

Port Townsend Shipping.

PORT TOWNSEND, Sept. 26.—Entered—Steamers Wilmington and Holyoke, from Nanaimo; Olympia, Victoria; schooner Walter L. Rich, from the North Pacific ocean. Cleared—Steamers T. J. Potter for Victoria; Premier and Holyoke, for Vancouver.

A LONDON MYSTERY.

An American With a Morbid Attachment to Science.

LONDON, Sept. 26.—The coroner, in summing up at the inquest the case of the last woman found murdered in Whitechapel, stated to the jury that shortly after the publication of the details of the last sitting, the subcurator of the English Papological Museum informed him that some months ago an American visited him and asked him to procure a number of specimens of the uterus. The visitor stated that he would willingly pay £20 each, his object being to issue an actual specimen with each copy of a book upon which he was then engaged. The subcurator promptly informed the applicant that it would be impossible to comply with his request. The American still urged the feasibility of procuring specimens, and said he wanted them preserved in glycerine instead of spirits, in order to keep them fluoric. The request was repeated at another institute and the subcurator informed the Scotland Yard authorities of the fact. The coroner expressed a hope that greater publicity would tend to elucidate the mystery, and that the publication of these facts in the American press would assist in throwing more light on the subject.

A DROP OF 100 FEET.

A Young Man Terribly Crushed by Falling from a Balloon.

OTTAWA, Ont., Sept. 26.—A balloon ascension and parachute drop were advertised at the exhibition grounds to-day. Among the volunteers to hold down the balloon was Tom Winsley, a young butcher, who, with others, grasped a stout rope running round the base of the balloon. When the order to let go was given all released their hold with the exception of Winsley, who retained his hold and was swiftly borne upward. The aeronaut was unable to help him. The balloon had now gone 100 feet upward, and the spectators stood paralyzed with fear. Winsley finally let go and came down like a rocket, executing somersaults in the air as he fell. He struck on a field, 100 feet from the grounds, and was terribly crushed. The balloon a few minutes later collapsed, and the aeronaut descended in safety with his parachute.

SERIOUS RIOT IN CANADA.

Italian Laborers Go Upon the Warpath for Their Wages.

MONTREAL, Sept. 26.—News reached this city late last night of a serious riot in the county of Compton. Contractors on a section of the Hereford branch railroad drew a check for $25,000 from the company on account of construction Saturday last and left the country with the proceeds. They had in their employ over 500 Italian laborers, who had not been paid a cent of wages since August 1, and were in a destitute condition. As soon as the duped foreigners learned of their departure they became desperate and when yesterday morning the railroad company attempted to resume the work of construction, they flatly refused to do a stroke, and at once began to destroy all they could lay hands on. They threatened to destroy it unless paid.

A party of citizens, with some Hungarians employed by the railway company, interfered to save the railroad property, and a desperate fight followed. One Italian and four Hungarians were killed, and between thirty and forty were injured.

The people are terror-stricken, and have fled, leaving houses and goods behind them. At last advices the Italians were pillaging the deserted houses. The Fifty-eighth battalion left Sherbrook this evening by special train for the scene of trouble.

The latest information is to the effect that the Italians have now assembled on the border between Canada and the United States, and hold in their possession a number of construction cars and other material. Having placed a strong guard over them they removed a number of rails from the tracks, after having chased away the track-layers. So far they have not crossed into the United States, but they intend to do so. They have also threatened to kill General Manager Sweet, should he cross over into Canada. Volunteers are scattered over a large portion of the surrounding country, but they are very short of ammunition. Several cases are on the way from Montreal.

SHUTTING DOWN WORK.

The Panama Canal Company Doing This, But Only When Contracts Are Completed.

PANAMA, Sept. 26.—A well-informed correspondent writes to the *Star and Herald*: "It is learned that several contracts on the canal have been finished, turned over to the canal company, and accepted after inspection. Facts are stubborn things, and these irrefutably give the lie to innumerable vague, floating rumors in circulation about the canal company's shutting down work. Of course they are shutting down just as fast as they can, but only at the completion of their work. Other equally important sections will also shortly shut down, and are the outside world suspects it, and whilst it is yet buttonholing itself and speculating on the 'gloomy prospects' of the Panama canal work, the cable will flash through Christendom with tidings of ships floating over the Isthmus of Panama."

SUCCESSFUL SMUGGLING.

Opium Received in Victoria and Smuggled Across the Border.

OTTAWA, Sept. 26.—Hon Mackenzie Bowell, minister of customs, just returned from British Columbia, says it is quite evident that a lucrative business is being done in the manufacture of prepared opium at Victoria and smuggling it into the United States along the frontier. It is imported in a rough state, and the duty is paid, so the dominion government is powerless to remedy the evil. The importation has increased from 6000 pounds in 1880 to 105,000 in 1887, of which 90 per cent. was smuggled into the United States. He thinks the United States should send detectives to Victoria to work the matter up.

CABLE NOTES.

Sharp Earthquake at Guayaquil.

GUAYAQUIL, via Galveston, Sept. 26.—Two successive and severe shocks of earthquake were felt here last night at 8:10, lasting about two minutes. The shocks were followed by flashes of lightning. At this time of year lightning has been unknown heretofore. Reports of damage done have not been received. The people are panic stricken. At Helena, Ecuador, a sharp shock of earthquake was felt last night about the same time as at Guayaquil.

Bunyan Declared to Have Been a Plagiarist.

LONDON, Sept. 26.—It is alleged that John Bunyan was a plagiarist, and that "The Pilgrim's Progress" is a literal translation from the French of a work entitled "Ye Pilgrimage of Ye Sowle," by Guillaume de Guilvile, a monk of the fifteenth century, a translation of which was printed by Caxton in 1483. It is believed that the copy of the original French manuscript can be found either in the British museum or in the Bodlein.

A Russian Subsidy.

LONDON, Sept. 26.—Russia has granted an annual subsidy of 1,110,000 roubles to a private firm for a steamship line between Russian ports on the Pacific and Corea, Japan and China. It is provided in the contract that in case of war the steamers shall be at the disposal of the government.

Going Into Liquidation.

PARIS, Sept. 26.—Court has adjourned here, in accordance with the petition to wind up the business of the Paris-American exchange, to enable the concern to go into voluntary liquidation, which will be arranged under the supervision of the court.

The Newmarket Races.

LONDON, Sept. 26.—At the Newmarket first October meeting the Great Eastern railway handicap was won by Wisemann. The Hopeful stakes was won by Donovan.

Redmond Convicted and Sentenced.

DUBLIN, Sept. 26.—John Redmond, member of parliament, was convicted under the crimes act to-day, and sentenced to five weeks' imprisonment.

A Violent Earthquake.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 26.—A violent earthquake has occurred in the Gulf of Persia. The damage is unknown.

A Secret Launch.

PARIS, Sept. 26.—A new and powerful torpedo boat was launched at Toulon to-day. Great secrecy was observed.

The Harvest of France.

PARIS, Sept. 26.—The French grain congress reports that the harvest exceeds all expectations.

Investors vs. Directors.

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—The London correspondent of the *Times* telegraphs that foreign shareholders not only of the St. Paul road, but also of the Burlington, Santa Fe and Northwestern, propose to take action to secure the running of these roads in the interest of investors, instead of directors.

A Wrecked Train Burned.

WATERLOO, Iowa, Sept. 26.—Two sections of a Chicago & Northwestern freight train collided near Humboldt to-day. The engine of the second section and eight cars were completely wrecked. The debris caught fire, and was totally consumed. No lives were lost.

The Champion Bigamist Sentenced.

DETROIT, Sept. 26.—J. W. BROWN, convicted of bigamy yesterday, was sentenced this afternoon to four years and six months in the penitentiary. Seven of the thirty-three women he is alleged to have married appeared as witnesses against him.

Heavy Fire in Minnesota.

MINNEAPOLIS, Sept. 26.—The *Journal's* Wabasha, Minn., special says an incendiary fire which started at 4 o'clock to-day in the business block on Main street, swept the street as far as the Diamond Jo docks. The total loss is estimated at $150,000.

War in Passenger Rates.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 26.—There is no cessation in the east-bound passenger rate war, and there was another cut all round to-day. The rates to New York by various lines are: Vandalia $16, Bee Line $14 60, Wabash $15 50, Ohio & Mississippi $12 50.

Fire in a Dakota Town.

CANTON, Dak., Sept. 26.—The postoffice, fifteen business houses and the Merchants' hotel were burned last night. Loss, $100,000.

Backache is almost immediately relieved by wearing one of Carter's Smart Weed and Belladonna Backache Plasters. Try one and be free from pain. Price 25 cents.

Take the Northern Pacific Railroad, the direct route for all points east. Office, No. 7 Washington street.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

The Jury in the Failing Murder Case Discharged.

SEVEN TO FIVE FOR CONVICTION.

Finances of the Oregon & California—A Talk With Mr. Maxwell About Railroad Matters—Personal and General.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 26.—The jury impaneled to try Mrs. Xantia J. Failing for the murder of her husband, Charles D. Failing, are still unable to agree on a verdict, although they have been locked up since Monday afternoon. They were called into court to-day by Judge Toohey, who ordered them locked up for the night again unless they agreed upon a verdict. Judge Toohey told the jurors that "No intelligent and conscientious juror having a regard for his oath ought to have any trouble in rendering a verdict in the case." The jurors asked to be taken to a hotel to pass the night, or else that the room where they are lodged be cleaned and made comfortable. The first request was denied. As to the second, arrangements were made to keep them in the rooms of the district attorney. It is rumored now that they stand nine for conviction and three for acquittal.

Judge Toohey also ordered Mrs. Failing, who has been out on $10,000 bail, into the custody of the sheriff. She was sitting in company with her daughter, and surrounded by her female friends, when the announcement was made, but she took the matter with the utmost coolness, and not a trace of color came into her pale, cold face. At the door of the court room she turned and smiled quietly to the judge.

THE JURY DISCHARGED.

The jury were discharged this evening, after being out fifty-five hours and having failed to agree. The jury stood seven for conviction to five for acquittal. Defendant's bonds were raised to $20,000.

O. & C. FINANCES.

At Present the Line is Operated at a Loss, but the Prospects are Bright.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 26.—For the first six months of this year the Oregon & California railroad was operated at a loss of $231 000. Although on the road to prosperity, this line has not yet reached that stage in its career when its net income is large enough to pay interest and fixed charges. The property was always intended to form a part of a through line, but the failure of Henry Villard prevented the consummation of this plan. The Southern Pacific Company now operates the property as a portion of its Oregon line, having floated new bonds and reorganized the debt. Officials here say the property has already begun to pick up. It derives a fair revenue at present from passenger travel between San Francisco and Portland, but until some of the freight which passes between these cities takes its route its income will not be large. Its gross earnings for the period between January 1 and July 31 were $568 000, and its operating expenses $460,000. Fixed charges amount to $39,000, leaving a deficit of $231,000.

Disastrous washouts of the early portion of the year, which prevented through travel for some time, are partly responsible for this showing. As soon as the Willamette, Umpqua and Rogue river valleys begin to be well settled up, the finances of the Oregon & California will have a different appearance. As it is, the local freight and passenger traffic of this line is very light. When the directors of the Southern Pacific Company proposed to assume control of the property they anticipated a loss for at least two years. After that time, they say, they expect the line to be one of the most profitable portions of the system.

A TALK WITH MR. MAXWELL.

A Good Opinion of Spokane Falls and the Palouse Country.

SAN FRANCISCO Sept. 26.—A local paper this evening contains an interesting interview, three-quarters of a column in length, with General Passenger Agent A. L. Maxwell of the O. R. & N. Co., who is in the city. He came down from Portland a few weeks ago on a vacation trip with his family, and has been resting at Del Monte and enjoying the sights of Southern California. In the interview he calls Spokane Falls another Denver; says the Palouse country contains "some of the finest farming country that ever lay out doors," and gives a detailed history of railroads projected or in operation in the Northwest. The interview concludes thus: "It may not be generally known that the Northern Pacific managers have tried to effect a lease of the O. R. & N. Co's. lines, or at least its upper branches. This would remove a growing local competition. The Union Pacific was, however, successful in securing a lease of all the lines for a long period, and the recent visit of President Adams and other officials was largely to satisfy themselves of the wisdom of this action. President Adams is said to have returned delighted with the prosperity of the region and its excellent prospects. More people is the great need of all the Northwest."

A FIERCE FIRE IN NEVADA.

The Loss Estimated at Eighty Thousand Dollars.

TRUCKEE, Sept. 26.—Oliver Lonkey's planing mill, lumber yard and store at Verdi, Nevada, burned to-day. Lonkey's loss is estimated at $80,000, partly covered by insurance. Five or six unoccupied dwellings and an old freight depot were also destroyed. The fire was discovered in the planing mill. The flames spread like a flash, enveloping all the buildings in a few moments. Men from Verdi state that the opinion prevails that it was an incendiary fire, because of Lonkey's employment of Chinamen. At 8 o'clock this evening the Truckee fire train was again called to Verdi, cars being entertained that from the lumber yard the fire would communicate with the business portion of town.

Personal and General.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 26.—E. P. Rogers, of the O. & C. railroad, of Portland, is at the Baldwin. He has been sojobrning during the last three weeks at the Coronado hotel in Southern California.

Lieut. J. H. Gibbons, U. S. A., is here on a furlough. He intends taking a trip through the Southern portion of the state before returning to Vancouver.

Hon. Thomas McNaught, an Edinburgh barrister, who has been visiting the larger cities and seeking out his countrymen for the purpose of securing their co-operation and sympathy in a home movement, will remain in this city until Friday, and then returns home via Portland, Vancouver and the Canadian Pacific.

It is estimated that over 100 Chinamen in Sacramento county are lessees of farms, employing over 300 coolie laborers.

Albert Baltheimer of Oakland, 16 years of age, became so tired of having to work for a living, his parents being poor, that he picked up a carving knife, plunged it into his heart, and fell dead.

C. Werling has died from injuries received last Thursday by falling from a wagon.

In Oakland—Alfred Ford was riding on the rear car of a narrow gauge train, and was playing with the coupling pin. The car gave a lurch as it was crossing a street bridge, and the boy fell into the water. He was pulled out in a few minutes, but the efforts of several doctors to prolong his life were fruitless.

Dr. Wm. Martin, assistant surgeon of the United States navy, who, in years past, has successfully treated yellow fever patients in the South, received a telegram from W. C. Whitney, secretary of the navy, instructing him to proceed at once to New Orleans. The doctor left to-day.

Henry Wuhrman, one of the sailors of the schooner Pet, which was wrecked last Sunday off North Point, died in the city receiving-hospital this morning. Wuhrman was in the water a long time, and caught a heavy cold, which, turning into bronchitis, caused his death.

The sailing of the steamship Batavia for Hong Kong, via Vancouver, will be postponed until Friday, to allow the customs officers to dispose of the Chinese who were on board and could not produce evidence enough to show their right to land.

The citizens' league, composed of what are claimed to be independent voters, this evening placed a ticket in the field for city officers, with David Farquharson, president of the California Savings & Loan Society, for mayor.

A report of the San Francisco chapter of the American Institute of Architects was read before the last night's meeting. The morning, giving its views in regard to the proposed city hall tower. The architects condemn Architect Lawlor's pet scheme of constructing a four hundred feet wrought-iron frame work, dressed in galvanized iron, above the roof of the building, on the present narrow base.

Wreck of the Respigadera.

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 26.—A special from San Pedro to the *Times* gives the following particulars of the wreck of the Respigadera. The vessel was coming in to San Pedro under a good breeze, but had no pilot aboard. Just off the Point Fermin lighthouse she entered kelp, and struck the rocks on the bottom. The hold filled with water at once, and the stern sunk, while the bows were lifted out of the water. It is believed the ship will be a total wreck, as she is too badly stove in to be pulled away. The captain, officers and crew of sixteen men are still aboard. The Respigadera is of 1629 tons register, and carries 2360 tons of coal for the Southern Pacific railroad, consigned to W. B. Chapman, San Francisco. The tugs Falcon and Warrior tried to tow her off, but could do nothing.

A Turtle-Backed Tugboat.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 26.—The tugboat Thistle, which was built in this city about twelve months ago, and constructed with a "turtle back," has not proved a success in the work she had to do on the Oregon coast. The tug was intended for a bar boat, with a propeller fore and aft. She plied at the bars at the mouths of the Smith and Coquille rivers. The bow was found to be entirely too low, and the boat was in the habit of shipping water in an unnecessary degree. Her forward deck has been raised in consequence, and she will sail in a couple of days for her former scene of labor, under command of Capt. Johnson.

Railroad News and Rumor.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 26.—The statement is made here that the Nevada narrow gauge line running from Reno north, known as the Nevada & California, has been changed to Nevada, California & Oregon, and the Columbia river is announced as the road's destination. It is now built seventy miles north from Reno, just east of Honey lake, and within about forty miles of Susanville.

Recent arrivals from Lassen county, Cal., tell of the presence recently in the upper part of that county of a party of surveyors, who admit that they are in the employ of the Chicago & Northwestern. They are now camped near Eagleville, in Southern Modoc county.

Attempt to Wreck a Train.

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 26.—An attempt was made to-night to wreck the outgoing Santa Fe overland train inside the city limits. The train reached a dark point near the outskirts of town where the track is on an embankment. When the engineer saw something on the track he reversed the lever and put on the air brakes, but the cow-catcher struck the obstruction, which proved to be a telegraph pole, evidently laid across the track by some unknown persons.

Shot by a Policeman.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 26.—At a late hour this morning officer Whalen heard the cries of a man on the corner of Russ and Folsom streets. Running there he found officer Glennon, with a pistol, standing over a man who was bleeding. On examination it was found that he had been shot by officer Glennon in three places. He was taken to a hospital, where he lies in a critical condition. The cause of the shooting was not disclosed.

Fire in Los Angeles.

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 26.—Fire this evening gutted a two-story wooden building in East Los Angeles, owned by L. Stronmer. The lower portion was occupied as a tin shop and picture store, and the upper floor was used as a lodging house. The loss is estimated at $2500, partly insured. The interior of a three-story structure adjoining, owned by J. N. Abbott, was flooded, causing a loss of $1500; insured.

Shipping.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 26.—Arrivals—Bark Enoch Talbot, Tacoma; bark Gen. Fairfield, Seattle. Clearance—Steamer Wilmington, Nanaimo. Departures—Bark Aureola, Tacoma; steamer Signal, Portland; steamer Costa Rica, Nanaimo.

POINTS IN POLITICS.

The Boston *Herald* confesses that the changes do not look as favorable for a large prohibitionist vote in New York as usual, a vote that has turned the scale for the democrats in every election since 1880.

The navy department under Cleveland has had $25,000,000 more money to spend than under Hayes, and $17,000,000 more than under Garfield and Arthur. Consequently the democratic organs point to the appearance of three or four new ships as one of the results of "democratic economy."

Gen. Harrison, in his speech to the Irish-American club of Chicago, spoke eloquently when he said: "What if a sprig of green was found upon the bloody jacket of a Union soldier who lay dead on Missionary Ridge? The flag he died for was his flag and the green was only a memory and an inspiration.

The New York correspondent of the Boston *Herald* (Cleveland organ) is candid enough to admit that in August Cleveland stock fell an average of 25 per cent. and now in the third month of the campaign "there are bets at only 80 to 100, and some at even money in favor of Cleveland, showing a marked decline in Cleveland quotations."

Many New York voters want Gen. Harrison to make at least one speech in that city in the campaign. They think he will win over thousands of voters, and, with Mr. Blaine's forcible presentation of the tariff, help along the great change that the contest of industrial conditions is working among New York workingmen who were formerly democrats.

The Indiana canvassers have reported to the national republican committee that within the last year over 20,000 voters have come into the new natural gas region, enough to make twice the normal majority which has been cast for either party in the last ten years. They are almost all republicans. The industries in which they are engaged rely on a protective tariff to build them up and to turn what was years ago cornfields into busy manufacturing towns. Besides this, a change of 1200 polls in the city of Indianapolis alone has been reported by the district canvassers, due to the personal popularity of Gen. Harrison with his friends and neighbors.

A special from New York to the Pittsburg *Dispatch* says: The Drygoods Republican Club has hung the largest banner in the United States over Broadway, near Worth street. In 1884 the majority of the drygoods men were for Cleveland, but this year they are for Harrison and Morton. Mr. Morton is well known among the leading mercantile houses, and he will get votes for the ticket in large numbers from the business men and merchants. Another reason why the drygoods men and the other merchants are turning against Cleveland, though they were formerly friends to him is the way in which the New York custom house has been run under a democratic administration. The business men have been harassed and delayed by the frequent shifting of officials, the changes of the heads of departments and the introduction of new men who do not know the customs and necessities of mercantile life.

A Great Sale.

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—The *Post* says: It was announced to-day that Lombard & Ayres, who have been the largest individual oil refiners in the United States, have sold their refinery at Bayonne, N. J., to the Ocean Oil Company, of New York, and the Chester Oil Company of Philadelphia, both controlled by the Tidewater Pipe Line Company of Philadelphia. The consideration for the sale is stated to be not less than $2,000,000.

Three Hundred Men on a Strike.

SIOUX FALLS, Dak., Sept. 26.—Three hundred hands at Regan's quarry are on a strike. They refuse to sign a contract relieving the company from damage for injuries to men.

FOR NERVOUS DEBILITY.

Use Horsford's Acid Phosphate.

Dr. A. M. Bilby, Mitchell, Dak., says: "I have used it in a number of cases of nervous debility with very good results."

Union ticket office, corner First and Oak streets—Oregon Railway & Navigation Company, Union Pacific railway, Northern Pacific railway, Oregon Short Line, Portland Seattle & Tacoma stock for sale here. Pacific and Oregon Shore Line. C. K. Taylor, ticket agent, Portland, Oregon.

THE STRICKEN SOUTH.

A Ray in the Black Cloud of Death and Terror.

THE IMPROVEMENT IS GENERAL.

Relief Trains from the North Stopped by Some of the Panic-Stricken Towns—Inventor Edison Offers a Specific.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Sept. 26.—Public sentiment has changed here during the past twelve hours in regard to fear from fever that there is almost a unanimous feeling that the present strict noninterfourse quarantine regulations should be modified. This feeling found expression to night at a meeting of the board of health, which body was presented with several petitions asking for the raising of quarantine restrictions. The board deferred action on any of the petitions until to-morrow night. In the meantime a joint conference will be held to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock with the advisory committee of the cotton and merchants' exchanges, and there is no doubt but what the result will be a modification of the regulations now in force. A called meeting of the representatives of various railroads centering at Memphis was held this afternoon, and a resolution was adopted for modifying the present quarantine restrictions, which will be brought before the conference meeting to-morrow morning.

AT LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 26.—No yellow fever refugees have arrived here to-day. Benjamin Grant, who is sick with fever at the hospital, is better, and will probably recovery. The health officers are busy making examinations and granting certificates and disinfecting baggage. Certificates were refused to persons desiring to go to Cincinnati, on the ground that that city would not receive refugees, a number having been sent back from there.

Charles Long, who was found wandering about the streets of New Albany on Monday, has been sent to the pesthouse there with what is believed to be yellow fever.

TWO HUNDRED REFUGEES.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 26.—The steamer City of Providence, which runs regularly between this city and Natchez, Miss., arrived here this afternoon with nearly 200 persons, chiefly women and children, aboard, who have fled from the lower river towns on account of the yellow fever scare. They came principally from Vicksburg, Greenville, Natchez and other points below Memphis.

AT DECATUR.

NASHVILLE, Sept. 26.—The *American's* Decatur, Ala., special reports the situation as encouraging. No deaths have been reported. Two new cases, both colored, were reported to-day. Money is badly needed and every Decatur citizen, wherever found, is urgently requested to send in his pro rata for the relief of the sick.

AT JACKSON.

JACKSON, Miss., Sept. 26.—There were no deaths to-day and no new cases.

Five hundred and three new cases of fever were reported for the past twenty-four hours, forty-one of them among whites and seventy-two among colored people. The deaths reported are seven; total cases to date, 2237; total deaths, 229.

AT FERNANDINA.

FERNANDINA, July 26.—There have been 400 cases of sickness of all kinds at Fernandina and two deaths from all causes during the past month. A special from McClenny says there were three new cases to-day and one death.

A QUARANTINE RAISED.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Sept. 26.—Montgomery has raised her quarantine against Albany, Ga., as investigations show there has been no yellow fever there.

A DEATH AT GAINESVILLE.

GAINESVILLE, Fla., Sept. 26.—Fitch Miller died of yellow fever this evening. No other cases have developed.

MAN'S INHUMANITY TO MAN.

Relief Trains from the North Stopped by Panic-Stricken Towns.

MEMPHIS, Sept. 26.—The following special from Jackson, Miss., was received this afternoon. "The feeling to-day, as far as fever is concerned, is brighter and more hopeful. Great indignation, however, is felt at the careless action of those establishing a self-constituted quarantine on account of the inhuman and uncalled for threats and actions. Those in Jackson want strict quarantine established everywhere and the fever kept from any other point south of Mason's and Dixon's line, but this senseless and inhuman treatment, if continued, means nothing less than starvation and when that point is reached the first rule of nature will assert itself and the danger of infection will be increased ten-fold. Let reason and judgment guide, and those sent up here are more than willing to save others the distress we suffer ourselves. Let quarantines be established at every house and every crossroad, but do not stop

with wounds received The offi
swords, and Ellent Algell re
were wounded in the arm

...ated Train Robber Shot.

...ILLE, Texas Sept. 26—Bill White
of a dangerous gang of train rob
killed here by United States
...kankin. He was concerned in an
rob a train at Harwood on the
in the McNeal and Halsomia train
and the Cisco bank robbery
...sisco Sept 26 J B Hume,
...ial officer of Well Fargo & Co,
a message to-day from the com
...ent at San Antonio Texas that
...ely chief of the gang who at
...o rob the Southern Pacific express
...he night of Sunday the 23d inst
...wood Texas but were driven off
...s marshal and posse after several
...been fired was killed last night
...dy brought into San Antonio He
...concerned in the Flatonia train
...June 18s7

...dent on the Elevated Road.

...ork Sept 26—A locomotive ran
...ear car of a train on the L road,
...avenue and Sixty fifth street, to
...locking the truck from under the
...rowing the truck into the street,
...as injured The accident was due
...ay of an empty train in getting to
...out of the way of a crowded
train bound up town.
...rder kept the empty car from fall
...street. The first car of the pas
...en was also thrown from the track,
...on rail of the passenger walk and
...g coupling kept it and its load of
...s from falling to the street. The
...s were thrown together while the
...on edge but none of them were

Great Strike Threatened

...o Sept. 26—The conductors and
...n the west and north side street car
...dissatisfied and a big strike is immi
...be trouble grows out of a system of
...lowing no one to sleep over three
...once. The men demand an in
...wages and different hours Three
...men will probably go out and the
...y extend to the south side lines
...nt Yerkes refused a request made
...mittee of the men yesterday and at
...eeting last night it was decided to
...less the decision is reversed

...y Demand a Dollar an Acre

...L Sept. 26.—The *Evening Despatch*
...nding Rock special which states
...f Justice John Grass who has
...fluence with his nation than any
...chief, said before leaving for
...er Brule conference that he will
...e that every Indian on the reserva
...sign the treaty if the government
...them $1 per acre for 1 000 000 acres
...but they positively refuse to come
...at 50 cents per acre

...e Old Rates to be Restored.

...o Sept 26—All the lines in the
...Traffic Association are now unani
...in favor of restoring rates to the
March 5 on the fourth fifth and
...lasses The right to drop to
...nt figures is reserved by the Penn
Company If the higher scale is
...o any other line The restoration
effect October 8 A vote will now
...on a proposition to restore rates on
...r classes of freight

New Securities

...ORK Sept 26—The governing com
...of the stock exchange to-day
a number of securities placed on
...lar ticket among which was the
Northern Railway $1 350 000 first
...e bonds

...h Chief of Police Suspended

...EXAS Sept. 26—Mayor Brown has
...ed Chief Rice of the police depart
...incompetency Serious charges
...ices are pending investigation by the
police and fire commissioners

...Argument Being Heard

...ris, Mo Sept 26—Argument on
...lication for a receiver for the Mis
Kansas & Texas railway is being
...the United States circuit court.

...COMMON IN CALIFORNIA.

...red for years from catarrh till it destroyed ...ste and weakened my system. No remedy ...e me relief till I commenced using Joy's ...illa. I began taking it last spring, and am ...tirely free from that disgusting disease.

Lizzie A. Hall

MOHAVE, Cal.

THEY ALL ADMIT IT.

...been taking Joy's Sarsaparilla for general ...with great benefit. Its effect upon the ...system is splendid. A case of catarrh, now ...y observation, has also nearly succumbed ...reative influences.

Mrs. J. Barron

143 Seventh st., San Francisco.

PUT ME ON THE LIST.

...nding four bottles of Joy's Vegetable Sarsa...a, I write to say that you may also use my ...e as additional authority, for the statement ...t will cure dyspepsia and liver and kidney ...e. It has done it for me.

John Rysell

626 Golden Gate Ave., San Francisco.

...veral years I suffered from Dyspepsia and ...Complaint, the latter being so severe at ...es I could scarcely attend to my work. ...ife was poor and I was much emaciated, ...ough the free use of Joy's Vegetable Sarsa...rilla my appetite and digestion improved till my ...e was perfectly restored.

Mrs M'Lellan

Redding, Cal.

...COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

...N & BEEBE, SHIP CHANDLERY AND ...stores 18 N Front street, Portland, Or

...& LEWIS, COMMISSION AND FOR...Merchants, Front and Davis, Portland, Or

...BATTIN & CO, GENERAL COMMISSION ...chants and Produce Dealers, 130 Front st.

...AR & CO, SHIPPING AND COMMISSION ...chants, 90 North Front street, Portland, Or.

...SHERMAN & CO, WHOLESALE GRO... and Commission Merchants, Nos. 2 and 4 ...ront street Portland Or

...OR YOUNG & CO SHIP BROKERS AND ...mission Merchants agents for San Juan ...ago Lime Co. 34 Front street corner Ash.

...ONNOR, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL ...er, dealer in ship stores, garden and straw ...ings and domestic fruits etc. N. E. corner ...d Alder streets, Portland, Or

...RTY IN SAN FRANCISCO IN CHARGE ...roduce agency for large parties in the East, ...me spare time would carefully look after ...o agencies in Portland firms highest re...nts Address T P care Oregonian 2sn7

...AN METZGER, PURCHASER OF HIDES, ...n, Furs, Wool and Tallow, and General Com... Merchant, Front street near Main Portland ...ral cash advances on consignments.

...LEATHER AND FINDINGS

...HERLOK SADDERY HARNESS, HARD...re, 74 Front st Portland Or

...ERT GRADLE & CO 71 FRONT ST... ...porters of Shoe Manufacturers' Goods, Shoe ...pplies, Blacklngs Dressings Etc.

...SHADES AND WINDOW SHADES.

...BORN & CO., JOBBERS AND RETAIL... ...ll paper and window shades. The leading ...er house of the Northwest. New designs con...arriving 127 and 129 Third street

...WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS

...L, HEITSHU & WOODARD ESTABLISHED ...51 Portland Or

...SEEDS.

...BOWNY, WHOLESALE SEED MER... ...ant. 65 Front street Portland, Or sysn

...e, Fine Curtains, Draperies, ...s, etc.

...Room Sets,

PLAIN.

...most celebrated factories of the East.

...r immense building, besides our warehouse ...ctions, was imported for our wholesale trade ...e neighborhood of our local railroad manager ...especially in our line, and we have resolved to

...RKET.

...of our wholesale prices. The pub

...BROS.,

...ne Harrison,

...WITH GEN. WHARTON.

...on His Periodical Inspection ...ver of the Pacific Coast.

...on the Allotment of Land to Indians—...Field of Duty in Oregon—Country ...Settling Up—Politics.

...G Wharton of Virginia is in the ...ake of his periodical visits to this ...of the country The general's com... ...ates from the year 1885 and re... ...to inspect the offices of the gov... ...veyors-general in New Mexico ... Utah Colorado Montana Idaho ... Nevada Washington Oregon and ...

...is chiefly occupying the attention ...veyors-general at present? was ...

...of the usual work in surveying ...occupation by settlers there has ...deal of surveying done in the ...and other Indian reservations ...to the proposed allotment to the ...their lands in severalty The ...and the Grand Ronde reservations ...surveyed and divided My ...is that there has been a special ...the government lands strongly ...method of possessing land on ...Indians The Indians them... ...generally known, a very slow ...processes in this arrangement ... do you attribute this reluct... ...from the objections which are fur... ...by their physical and tribal character... ...seems to be a deep-seated con... ...among them that the land does not ...them as individuals, but simply as ...as a means to hold on to land ...are ready to make other things I ...however to work these things ...by the greater good which the ...has achieved, and is still effect... ...great prairie states where I at ...its provisions very many of the ...have transformed the "Great ...Desert' into a region of heavy ...ness"

...get to see much of the progress ...ative state?"

...once a year I go in to Washington ...to the department upon the ...ation of my office. I manage then ...something of my Virginia home. ...southwestern portion of the state, ...is a region rapid strides are being ...the coal and iron industries North ...has recently constructed some ...furnaces there Southern capital ...shown a marked leaning toward ...enterprises though the great plants ...ham, Ala., are operated by South ...

...look forward to Cleveland's re...

...ly I do However politics is ...I never discuss I believe it is ...a man to use what political influ... ...to secure an office which he may ...once having entered upon the ...duties of office my own conviction and ...not to allow politics to have any ...to with its administration, or to ...which belongs to the people ...trust from"

...QUARTERS AS REFORMERS

...Who Think They Should Correct All Sorts of Evils

...are numerous concerning loud ...sing from gratings in the side... ...first street, which indicate that ...and cleaning out. If parties whose ...are so affected would make spe... ...to the health officer, instead ...reporters with kicks and ...a vague general nature, there ...more probability of the desired re...

...is not only there, but all through ...district, that land is being taken up, ...tion chiefly by actual settlers All ...ultural lands of value have been ...filed upon, and immigrants are ...each other into canyons and up ...slopes where thick forests must be ...rocks removed before a crop can ...

...you share the opinion of many that ...has arrived for the abolition of the ...ture act?"

...course I am aware that its provis... ...those of all similar enactments for ...good, are, in instances, grossly ...ably by those who simply use the ...as a means to hold on to land ...are ready to make other filings I ...however to view these things ...by the greater good which the ...has achieved, and is still effect... ...great prairie states where I at ...its provisions very many of the ...have transformed the "Great ...Desert' into a region of heavy ...ness"

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The Oregonian.

PORTLAND, THURSDAY, SEPT. 27.

CONKLING AND BLAINE.

Our telegraphic reports yesterday contained a statement, by Mr. Blaine in regard to a letter concerning himself, written long ago by Mr. Conkling, and, but just now given to the public. That letter was not furnished by the press report, and we now publish it as received through Eastern journals, viz:

May 6, 1866.—*My Dear Sir:* I am glad to receive your letter. By this time you will have seen in full the latter passages of the Fry-Blaine matter. Let me know what you think. You will not, I think, find fault with the self-command of your representative when called on without a moment's warning in the presence of a nation to answer such a libel. What is the effect upon our people?

Mr. Blaine is said to be too near the business of recruiting at Augusta, Me., where he lives, and where there was another Haddock affair, in crime but not in conviction and punishment. He has grown suddenly rich, it is said, out of government jobs. His brother was convicted of forgery and sent to the state prison, I am told, and all around you will see that there is a strong flavor about the whole thing.

If where you and I use known any one can be found to believe the foul imputations put on us we have lived in vain.

How is this? Your friend,

ROSCOE CONKLING.

Peter B. Crandall, Babcock Hill, Oneida County, N. Y.

It will be noted that this letter was written 22 years ago. It is apparent that Mr. Conkling, were he living, would not have consented to its publication; for, had he been willing, it certainly would have been published when Blaine was a candidate four years ago.

This letter was written by Mr. Conkling immediately after the controversy between himself and Mr. Blaine, in the house of representatives. It was a controversy that separated the two men forever. Each was too proud to seek reconciliation, and each thereafter stood in the way of the political career of the other.

Peter B. Crandall, the man to whom this letter was written, was the person over whom the controversy between Blaine and Conkling arose. Crandall was provost marshal in the Oneida district, and was a friend and protege of Mr. Conkling. Provost Marshal General Fry removed him from office for an alleged failure to turn over government bonds and money in his possession. A controversy over the matter took place on the floor of the house. Conkling supported and defended Crandall, and Blaine took the part of Gen. Fry. The dispute ran into bitter personalities, and Blaine gave Conkling some thrusts which the latter never would forgive. While his wrath was still hot Conkling wrote this letter to Crandall; and now since Conkling is gone, Crandall, whose enmity towards Blaine is implacable, has given the letter out for publication.

The man Haddock to whom Conkling referred was assistant provost marshal-general. Bounty jumpers were doing a lively business in those days, and Haddock reported that of 408 men mustered in by Crandall 55 per cent. deserted before starting to the field. This was a reflection upon Crandall who had paid out large sums in bounties to men whose services were lost by desertion. The insinuation in Conkling's letter was that Blaine himself, who was "too near the business of recruiting at Augusta, Me.," had been aiding bounty jumpers to defraud the government and sharing the profits. A charge so absurd shows to what extremes even a great man may be driven by his personal resentments. Blaine's career at many points has been open to censure, but no one supposes he was ever in league with bounty jumpers to defraud the government. When this letter was written he was not rich, and therefore could not have "grown suddenly rich out of government jobs." Blaine never possessed more than a very moderate fortune, and this came to him some years later than the date of the above letter, and came chiefly out of certain fortunate investments in coal lands.

Crandall could not publish this letter so long as Conkling lived because Conkling would never consent to it; and the letter could not be made public without his permission. But Conkling is now dead and Crandall, though a very old man (he is past 80 years of age), still allows the old hatred to rankle in his memory and says he shall vote against Harrison because Blaine advocates Harrison's election. As might be expected, all possible effort is made by democratic partisans to use this letter as a means of reviving the old enmity between members of the Conkling and Blaine factions in the hope of getting votes for Cleveland. But Blaine is not the republican candidate, and since Conkling is dead, Blaine rightly declares that neither publication of this letter nor anything else Conkling's surviving friends may do or say shall move him to any form of criticism or unkind expression against his old antagonist. There can be no doubt that if Conkling were living he would be a supporter of Harrison to-day. As for Crandall, he is a weak old man who through a motive of intense and implacable personal hatred, most unseemly to his years, attempts to revive the memory of a personal controversy between two eminent men, one of whom is dead and the other not in public station, in order to feed an old grudge of his own, which it would have become him to bury long ago rather than hug it as the delight of his feeble and tottering age and take it to the grave with him. Our political life develops a great many mean instincts, yet we recall nothing meaner than the instinct that has prompted the publication of this Conkling letter. The double purpose of the malignant old man who has abused the confidence of his friend after that friend is dead, is to revenge himself upon Blaine and to do injury to Harrison; and his sole reason for wishing to do injury to Harrison is founded on the fact that Blaine is speaking for Harrison, and would be gratified in common with millions of other republicans, if Harrison should be elected.

IN A FREE TRADE COUNTRY.

H. J. Pettifer, secretary of an association of London workingmen, in his recent address before the Home Market Club of Boston, pointed out that tea paid a tax of 12 cents a pound in England, the tax being the same for the lowest or highest priced article. Under free trade the English carpenter is out of employment because doors, window-sashes and fastenings are imported from Sweden, and bent-wood chairs from Austria, and the English employer tells the carpenter that if he cannot do the work as cheap as the Swede to the Swede it must go. Thus wages are forced down so low that the *Financial Reform Almanac* records the fact that comparing the years 1880 and 1886, the people per head in the latter year had consumed three pounds less of butter, twenty-five pounds less wheat and flour, twenty-three pounds less potatoes and four pounds less rice than in the former year.

At the last trades union congress it was stated that there were 900,000 wage-earners of Great Britain altogether out of employment. The once flourishing leather trade of Bermondsey has disappeared, because of foreign competition, and the factories once there are now warehouses. The match factories are threatened with similar decay, because of the competition of Norwegian matches, that sold at 2 cents a box. Mr. Pettifer recited these facts and then said:

It is said that a system of tariff for revenue purposes makes everything cheap. It does not make everything cheap, but it does make everything better priced. What matter if a pair of boots do cost as much in price in this country as in the old, if men have more money to buy, and there you have none? Where will you find things cheaper than in the famous New Out of Lambeth, South London? Yet that is the place where people are starving; the place to which reporters are sent to write up "horrible London." Applause.) Things are cheap enough, but there is no money to buy them. It is the same in the districts of Shoreditch and Whitechapel. Now, I contend that it is the same system that made things so cheap that has cut down the power of the people to buy.

TO FARMERS AND MECHANICS.

The farmer cannot grow wool at a profit if the Mills bill becomes a law. Our country now produces about 200,000,000 pounds annually. The farmer's present profit is not large under the revised tariff schedules of 1883. If the Mills bill passes a great deal of land chiefly valuable for sheep grazing, such as we have in Eastern Oregon, will be thrown out of use. Oregon had, according to the census of 1880, about 2,470,000 sheep; Washington had 544,550; Idaho had 210,375; Montana, 718,750; Wyoming, 518,466; Utah, 651,767; Nevada, 601,261; California, 6,069,608, and Arizona, 896,002. It is estimated that the passage of the Mills bill would throw out of employment in the whole United States at least 500,000 flock masters. The annual wool clip is worth about $75,000,000. Flax, hemp, jute butts, jute and sisal grass are all placed on the free list, so that the linen and bagging interests will all be dependent upon a foreign supply. Hempseed, rapeseed and garden vegetables are also put on the free list. Whatever the Northern farmer raises that Mills can consider raw material goes on the free list. The only thing that saves iron ore and coal from going upon the free list is the fact that the South is rich in both. The republicans have not in the past objected to enlarging the free list, but they are not in favor of putting all raw material on the free list, to the injury of those who produce it in our own country. The republicans have added to the free list as follows:

By act of July 14, 1870	$ 2,409,000
By act of May 1, 1870 (tea and coffee)	15,293,847
By act of June 6, 1872	3,845,724
By act of March 3, 1883	1,365,998
Total	$23,005,570

It will be noticed that the largest item is represented by tea and coffee, which are no longer taxed in America, although they constitute to be taxed in England. Potatoes of foreign growth are taxed 15 cents a bushel. Can any democrat satisfy the farmer who is told that free wool would benefit him, why free potatoes would not benefit him too? Great quantities of foreign potatoes are brought every year into our Eastern markets. The advocates of the Mills bill try to reconcile the farmer and the mechanic to their scheme by saying that the duty is always added to the price of the article the consumer buys. Here is a list of articles prepared by the iron and steel association, showing the wholesale English and American prices of staple hardware. All the articles bear duties ranging from 50 to 75 per cent., and the Cleveland and Thurman press print double-leaded announcements like this: "Carpenters, you pay $56 taxes on every $130 worth of tools you buy." Let us look at the following table:

Articles.	English Price in Store.	American Price in Store.
Axes, No. 2, per dozen	$ 9 00	$ 9 50
Augers, cast steel, 1 inch per dozen	4 48	5 76
Augers, cast steel, 2 inch, per dozen	12 00	11 52
Auger bits, ¾ inch, per dozen	4 58	3 00
Chisels, socket framing, 1 inch, per dozen	3 72	5 76
Chisels, socket framing, 2 inch, per dozen	7 00	8 64
Hatchets, shingling, No. 2, per dozen	6 00	5 28
Pickaxes, best assorted, per cwt	7 00	9 00
Saws, hand, common, 26 inches, per dozen	6 00	5 00
Saws, hand, best, 26 inches, per dozen	13 48	15 00
Saws, cross cut, 4 feet each	2 35	2 00
Saws, cross cut, 4½ feet, each	2 60	2 25
Saws, cross cut, 5 feet, each	3 12	2 50
Planes, jack, 16 inch, 2¾ double iron, per dozen	15 00	19 20
Brass rocking cocks, ½ inch, per dozen	6 00	7 00
Brass butts, middle pairs, 2 inch, per dozen	1 48	72
Cast butts, loose pairs, 3x3 inch, per dozen	1 24	3 00
Strap hinges, six inch, light pairs, per dozen	1 48	1 00
Plate hinges, per cwt	6 00	6 16
Plate hinges, per cwt	7 00	7 28
Wrought iron hasp and staple, 8 inch, per dozen	72	65
Carriage bolts, best, 3x3-16 inch, per gross	2 12	1 57
Curry combs, 6 bars, open, No. 1, per dozen	2 48	90
Bridle bosses, 10½ inch, per dozen	8 24	7 60
Anvils, steel face, per pound	8	8¾
Iron squares, 18x12, per dozen	4 48	5 25
Fry pans, iron, tinned, No. 3, per dozen	4 16	4 25
Coffee mills box, square, No. 1, each	84	67
Enameled kettles, 4 quarts, each	65	50
Cast steel shears, trimming, common, 3 inch, per dozen	6 00	4 20
Shovels, No. 2, square, per dozen	7 48	5 00
Door knobs, mineral, per dozen	2 48	1 60
Door knobs, porcelain, white, per dozen	3 00	3 25
Door knobs, porcelain, black, per dozen	3 72	4 30

A majority of the articles are actually cheaper here than in England and in no case does the difference in price approach the duty. Another illustration is furnished by the "poor man's" blanket, which does not cost a cent more here than the same quality of blanket in London. Ready made woolen clothing is as cheap and as good in New York as in London, and yet the democratic press is never weary of howling about the poor man's clothing and blankets being taxed.

FIRE CONVENTIONS.

Firemen's conventions and meetings which are frequent throughout the country, especially about this time of the year, have generally been held for purposes of display; for competition between teams of different towns; for the testing of different classes of engines, and for a "good time among the boys." All of which is well enough. The competition by races increases the essential swiftness of fire companies; display increases pride among the firemen in the matter of appearance, cleanliness and all that, and the testing of engines results in the selection of machines which are best adapted to the work of extinguishing fires. That the "fire laddies" should have "a good time," when favorable opportunity affords, even the hypochondriac will not deny. Lately, however, firemen's conventions have been held in the East for far more practical purposes than any mentioned so far herein, and it is to be hoped that this class of conventions will also be held on the Pacific coast as frequently as circumstances may demand and permit. In these meetings plans for ample water supply are discussed, improvements in the engines suggested, the latest helps in life-saving apparatus recommended, and every suggestion and appliance connected directly or remotely with the service considered intelligently and earnestly, by the men who should know most concerning fires and kindred subjects.

In one of these conventions, lately held in the East, attention was called to the fact, as shown by statistics, that 60 per cent. of all fires are directly traceable to carelessness or incendiarism, and it was recommended that in order to increase public safety the owners of buildings in which fires occur through carelessness should be held to strict accountability, and especially in cases where fires have resulted from the faulty construction of flues and all other vehicles of flame and smoke about the premises, while incendiarism should be more carefully guarded against by police regulations, and by the quick and severe punishment of "fire bugs" when they are caught.

The meeting also urged that the law should more strictly and universally demand the construction of fire escap ws in tall buildings, and that every encouragement possible should be given by the public to improvement in portable fire escapes. It also took the ground that in the lofty structures of cities thorough fire equipments should not only be inexorably demanded by law, but that they should be constructed at the owner's expense, and never become a public charge.

Another suggestion was that every state should have a general fire marshal, or state chief, whose duty it shall be to ascertain the origin of all fires, and who should have the power to compel the attendance of witnesses in the investigation of such matters when necessary; that he should be required to make stated reports, and in these reports give the causes of fires in his jurisdiction, so far as could be ascertained, and whether such causes were by faulty construction; spontaneous combustion, through improper storage of merchandise, etc., and that these reports should become public records.

All these points are well worthy of consideration by fire authorities everywhere. Subjects for such consideration could be found in hundreds of other directions, associated with fire protection, which, in the hands of firemen's conventions would result advantageously to the public, be a credit to the meetings and largely increase the efficacy of fire departments generally.

Portland has an excellent fire department, but like all things of human construction it might be improved in many ways.

AN INTERESTING HISTORIC DOUBT.

Among recent deaths is that of Marshal Bazaine, at Madrid. Bazaine was born in 1811, enlisted as a private soldier at the age of 20; was made lieutenant for gallantry in Algeria in 1835, and a colonel in 1850. In the Crimean war he was a brigadier, and in the Italian war he was wounded at Melegnano, and distinguished himself greatly at Solferino. In 1862 Bazaine was selected by Napoleon the Third, as one of the commanders of the Mexican expedition. He made a great reputation for ability, capacity and cruelty, was made a marshal in 1864; married a rich Mexican lady, and returned to France in 1867. In 1870, at the outbreak of the Franco-Prussian war, Bazaine commanded the Third corps. After McMahon was beaten at Woerth and Forbach, Bazaine undertook to retreat from Metz and join McMahon at Chalons, but was attacked by the Germans while in the act of withdrawal. He was beaten in the great battles of Mars la Tour and Gravelotte, August 16 and 18, 1870, and forced to retire within the fortress, where he was blockaded by the Germans until he surrendered October 27, with 173,000 men. He was charged with treason by Gambetta, May 14, 1872, arrested, tried by court-martial, of which the Duke d'Aumale was president, found guilty in December, 1873, and sentenced to death with a recommendation for mercy, which President McMahon complied with by commuting his sentence to twenty years imprisonment in the fortress of St. Marguerite, from whence he escaped to Spain through the assistance of his faithful wife, August 9, 1874.

Since his escape Bazaine has lived in Madrid in abject penury, a miserable end for a man who was once a marshal of France and regarded as the most brilliant and energetic soldier of his nation. Count d'Herisson, a well known French soldier and author, admitted to be one of the soundest and most careful of French authors, a few months since published a defense of Bazaine, which is regarded as a successful vindication of the marshal, both from the charge of treason and cowardice. This author maintains that Bazaine's innocence of these charges against him has long been a matter of public notoriety in German and Austrian military circles. He asserts also that Bazaine was made the victim of "the false information concerning his army which was circulated by Gambetta to deceive the French people, and prevent discouragement. Though Gambetta was perfectly aware that the place must fall, he was literally stupefied by the actual news of its surrender. He confessed privately that when he first heard of the fact he would have shot himself at once if a pistol had been at hand. He, however, quickly recovered his presence of mind, and at once saw that there was but one way out of the difficulty in which he had placed himself. The army of Metz had no means of communicating the truth to France; therefore he could without difficulty make the nation believe that all his lies about Bazaine's army had been true, and that trenchery alone had caused the surrender."

Bazaine's defender further says that Gen. Count d'Andlau, who, while on Bazaine's staff at Metz in 1870, was severely censured and punished by the marshal for gross misconduct and breaches of discipline, "revenged himself on the latter by publishing, as an anonymous pamphlet, or rather book, on the fall of Metz, which constituted the basis and origin of the court-martial which sentenced Bazaine. Gen. d'Andlau, who at the time of the trial revealed his authorship of the book, was one of the principal and most vindictive of the witnesses against the marshal." This witness was concerned in the recent decoration traffic scandal and he has been expelled from the senate, from the army, deprived of his decorations, branded as a common swindler and is a fugitive from French justice. Of the other four witnesses against Bazaine this author says that M. de Valcourt has since been condemned to ten years' imprisonment for forgery and other crimes; M. de Villenoisy is likewise at the present moment undergoing a long term of penal servitude for some similar offense; M. Boyenval committed suicide and Col. Rossel was condemned to be shot for mutiny.

It certainly seems hard that a man who had been a gallant soldier for over forty years should on the testimony of such witnesses be sentenced to death and then to a lasting disgrace worse than death. The fact that Bazaine lived for the last fourteen years in miserable poverty disposes of the story that he "feathered his nest" in Mexico.

Count d'Herrison further undertakes to show that "the majority of the generals constituting the court were in favor of acquittal and that the Duke d'Aumale summoned his colleagues to a private meeting, where he unofficially informed them that the government were determined, no matter at what cost to have a conviction, and that therefore it would be best to let it be unanimous. The sentence of death and the verdict of guilty were only secured on the distinct understanding that an equally unanimous appeal should be addressed to the president of the republic requesting him not to execute the sentence."

It is an interesting fact that the German military critics are unanimous in the belief that Bazaine was absolutely innocent of the charges against him.

Somebody the other day in a Minneapolis paper published the lying statement that "the corn crop in Oregon had been injured by an early frost." The lie was palpable, because Oregon is not a corn growing state and we have had no frost. The purpose of the lie was probably to check the emigration from Minnesota, Dakota and Montana to Oregon that has already set in and is sure to be very large next year. Mr. Kershaw, a Chicago merchant, who has settled in Tacoma, informs us that the wheat crop in Dakota is poor this year. Some farms that last year produced thirty bushels to the acre this year have yielded not more than six. A. M. Blodgett of this city is in receipt of a letter announcing that a frost struck Randolph, Vt., on the 7th inst. so severely as to produce ice a quarter of an inch thick. Many corn fields were destroyed. That is the kind of climate they have in the extreme East.

Senator Sherman, in his recent speech on the retaliation message of the president, referred to the fact that the great commercial interests of Canada and the United States are too closely interwoven to justify reckless measures looking to complete non-intercourse. According to the reported agreement of the provincial government and the Northern Pacific railroad, the government proposes to parallel the Canadian Pacific lines in Manitoba. The proposed new line from Winnipeg to Portage La Prairie would parallel the Canadian Pacific main line between these two points. The Manitoba & Northwestern extends from Portage La Prairie into the Northwest region, and is now only a feeder for the Canadian Pacific. The New York *Times* says that: "If a competing road shall be built to Portage La Prairie it will be possible to transfer the entire business of the far Northwest to it at that point, from which he competing road will be open to Duluth and St. Paul. Brandon is a station on the Canadian Pacific main line west of Portage La Prairie, not far from the western boundary of the province. The proposed new line to that point would also practically parallel the Canadian Pacific. The scheme contemplates a contest for substantially all of the Canadian Pacific's business that originates in the region between Ontario and the settlements on the Pacific coast."

The N. Y. *Graphic* (Dem.) unblushingly avows that the removal of R. G. Jackson from his place as superintendent of the second division of the railway mail service, with headquarters in New York city, means the expulsion from the mail service of 500 republican employes. Jackson has been in service twenty-five years. There is no pretense of any sort of reason for his removal except that he votes the republican ticket when he votes at all, for he has never taken any part in politics. Of Jackson's successor, Mr. Gwynne, the *Graphic* says:

Mr. Gwynne is a democrat of the stalwart type, and during his administration of affairs in the West, he succeeded in securing the resignation of most of the republican clerks under his control. Those who did not resign were removed. It is well understood that he comes to New York only temporarily, and that as soon as he has placed the office and the service here in democratic hands he will return to Cincinnati, and his successor here will be a New York city democrat.

How are you civil service reform; how is it with thee, oh, Pene ve Mugwump Pearson, postmaster of New York? How long will it be before the knife will be applied to your throat of neutral tint?

A correspondent of the Chicago *Tribune*, who would like to know why Allen G. Thurman is called "The Old Roman," asks if it is on account of the following resolution, reported to the democratic state convention of Ohio on the 22d of February, 1861, by a committee of which Thurman was the chairman, and adopted with a hurrah, after several states had seceded:

Resolved, That the 200,000 democrats of Ohio send to the people of the United States, both North and South, greeting, and when the people of the North shall have fulfilled their duties to the constitution and the South, then, and not till then, will it be proper for them to take into consideration the question of the right of coercion.

Or was it on account of the fact that, in the democratic national convention of 1860, held in Chicago, in which Thurman was a leading spirit and champion of Vulandigham, a resolution was adopted declaring the "war for the suppression of the rebellion a failure," and favored the treating with the rebels on any terms. Which was it?

Tacoma seems to have taken on another prosperous rush, and is going ahead more rapidly than ever. If the people there will keep their heads and not allow real estate to be lifted so far out of reach that persons of ordinary means will be unable to secure homes the prosperity will increase; but if they admit a boom, which will place fictitious values on city property new-comers will quickly turn elsewhere. There is a great deal of land in this country, and there are a great many flourishing and rapidly growing towns the choice between which is not great, but which would be quickly settled by the difference in the price of town lots.

It would be an improvement and a saving of time if the postoffice department would cause postage stamps to be put up in small envelopes containing such amounts as are usually purchased. The purchaser would thus be furnished a safe and convenient receptacle for the stamps, and the clerk as well as the purchaser would be saved the time which it takes to count them. The department ordered that the sheets should be perforated to facilitate the separation of the stamps. It could go further in the matter of facilitation and put them up as suggested.

F. G. Paddock, an American tourist traveling in Ireland, writes to his friends in Malone, N. Y., that in the officers' room at the custom-house at Queenstown he saw upon the wall a large colored lithograph, two and one-half by three and one-half feet, of Grover Cleveland. There was no picture of Lincoln, Garfield, Grant, or, Harrison, or even of Queen Victoria, but the English custom-house officers were delighted to hang upon the walls this picture of the "Big Sunflower" of the American free trade party.

Now it is given out that the Cleveland $10,000 check was a bogus one after all, and that it was gotten up and given in order to warm the chilled and waning hopes of the democrats and to stimulate their lagging contributions. The trick was even more questionable than the affair would have been had the check been genuine, and while it is a reflection upon Mr. Cleveland it is reflected from the methods of his party, and is peculiarly worthy of both.

From Lincoln to Garfield only eight private pension bills were vetoed, and five of that eight were vetoed in the interest of the beneficiaries. Cleveland has vetoed 29.01 per cent. of all such bills as have been presented to him. Many of these vetoes have been accompanied by sneering remarks which would have looked better as editorials in a funny Southern democratic paper, and yet Cleveland's friends represent him as a friend of the ex-soldier.

It is true that the water of East Portland, which comes from cooler, fresher and cleaner sources than that of this city, induces many people to take up their residence on that side of the Willamette. While Portland is glad to see her eastern suburb grow on account of any cause, there can be no good reason why Portland proper should not have just as good water as is obtainable anywhere in the neighborhood.

In a speech at Brooklyn a few evenings ago, Warner Miller, republican candidate for governor of New York, said:

The Mills bill has more than one object in view; it is not only to break down our industries; it is not only to give us free trade, but it is to so deplete the treasury of the United States that from the passage of that bill our government will be unable to give another dollar to the soldier.

Official returns of the vote of members of congress in Maine show that the republicans have an aggregate majority exceeding those of many years. The aggregate for 1888 is 19,253; in 1886 was 16,320 and in 1884 it was 18,750. This year the republican candidate for governor fell behind—owing to personal unpopularity in certain localities.

An editor advertises that he has an "unabridged" dictionary which he would sell cheap. His manner of spelling "unabridged" is evidence both that he doesn't seem to have had much use for a dictionary, and that he ought to keep the one he has.

Texas seems to have decided to "run this government" for awhile. For Mr. Rhoner assumes to shape its foreign policy, dictate when bills in his possession shall go to the president and decide whether or not pension matters shall be considered by congress. Her Mr. Mills has attacked the country's industries most dangerously, and altogether the bucolic statesmanship of Texas is making itself unpleasantly felt upon the commercial interests and patriotic tendencies of the republic. Something in the nature of a "quash" would teach Texan self-importance in congress a valuable lesson and at the same time benefit the entire country.

Cheshire is the great salt-producing district of England. It yields about 2,000,000 tons a year. A "trust" has been formed, which controls the greater part of the output, and the members expect to put $2,500,000 in their pockets by the "deal." We are told that trusts do not exist in free-trade England.

In many of the young and rapidly-growing towns and cities of Oregon and Washington territory builders are reported as having more work on hand than they can attend to.

The increase in numbers and the prosperity of newspapers in this Pacific Northwest is another strong evidence of the rapid growth of the country in population and business.

MEETING NOTICE.

Patriarchs Militant.—There will be a meeting of Canton Portland No. 1, at the committee rooms, I. O. O. F. building, this evening. Business of importance to transact. By order of the Captain.

H. S. COBB, Clerk.

Members Blaine Club, Attention!—There will be a regular meeting of the Blaine Club in Caine Hall (Union Block) this evening. Hon. George L. Woods, of this city, and Hon. W. S. Mentonsell, of Idaho, will address the meeting. The Blaine Club will discourse campaign music. All items generally invited. The ladies especially are requested to be present.

COMMITTEE.

DIED.

In this city Sept. 26, Mollie T. West, born in Middletown, Conn. Aged 25 years. Wife of Charles E. West.

Funeral at 2 P. M. to-day. Friends invited.

E. E. SCHWAB & BRO., Leading Printers and Lithographers. Lowest Prices. 5 Wash. st.

Board by meal, day, week, month and check. Elder's MAGNOLIA, Holden House.

NEW TO-DAY.

DINNER WANTED—APPLY TO J. J. BEALY, Vancouver, W. T., box 50. 27s9

FOR RENT—NICE STORE, NO. 5 WASHINGTON, near Front; cheap rent. 27s1

WANTED, HELP—A NURSE GIRL TO CARE for two children. 234 Grant st. 1t

ROOMS AND BOARD—IN PRIVATE FAMILY. 24 For particulars address A. A. B. 27s7

OFFICE BOY WANTED—ADDRESS IN OWN handwriting quickly stating age, Oregonian.

LEAD SAWYER WANTED—PIONEER EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 106½ First street. 1t

NEW PIANOS FOR LENT AT THE KOHLER & CHASE MUSIC HOUSE, 71 Morrison street.

WANTED—A GIRL TO GO GENERAL HOUSEwork. Apply at No. 135 North 12th, cor. H.

WANTED—GIRL FOR LIGHT HOUSEWORK. Wages $12. Apply 87 Ninth, bet. Stand F sts. 1t

BUGGY WANTED—I WANT TO BUY FOR BUGgy, state price. Address B. M., care Oregonian.

SHORTHAND—HOLMES BUSINESS College. All graduates in positions. 23s4tuth

COAL BY CARLOAD AT REDUCED RATE. UNION FUEL CO., 30 Ash street. Telephone 65. 23s4tf

THE KIDS ARE IN TOWN, AND THE boys buy their candies at Stone's old corner.

WANTED—SITUATION BY YOUNG LADY as cook in private restaurant. Address C., care Oregonian. 26s3

130 TAYLOR ST.—FOR RENT—FURNISHED rooms, with or without board. Table board-ers wanted. 27s7

68 JEFFERSON STREET—NICE FURNISHED front and side rooms, two blocks from Mechanics' Pavilion. 27s7

R. O. COLLIS, 171 FRONT STREET, HAS THE best and cheapest stock of saddles and harness in the coast. 12s-wf1*

269 FIFTH ST.—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS and three unfurnished rooms suitable for light housekeeping. 27s2

$7000—25x100 feet on Front street, facing east; improved. Inquire of JOHN ANGELL, Second block. 27s6*

HOUSE WANTED—FOR 8 ROOMS, BETWEEN Tenth, F and Market and Pittock sts. Address G., care Oregonian. 1t

THE FAIR NEXT WEEK AND THE NEW YORK all the time. 132 First, 11 Alder.

A NICE TWO-STORY DWELLING TO LET, NO. 93 North H st. Inquire Mrs. Marie Welser, corner Sixth and Ct s.

53 NORTH WEST PARK—PICE FURNISHED rooms, single or en suite; bay windows; bath room; fronting Park. 27s7

CHOICE HOTHOUSE ROSEBUDS, BOUQUETS and elegant floral pieces at Wallace's, florist, 51 Morrison st., near 3d.

WHITE'S MAP

Of the City and County for sale by EUGENE D. WHITE.

MONEY TO LOAN.

On Mortgage or other security. PORTLAND TRUST COMPANY OF OREGON 26 Third st. 2*

H. H. FILDEBRAND,

Prescription Druggist, 52 and Morrison, Telephone 499. Orders by mail receive prompt attention.

F. & C. S. S. CO.

THE STEAMSHIP ALLIANCE SAILS MONDAY, October 1st, at 8 P. M., for TILLAMOOK. Freight received foot of Ut street. 26s8*

"CAN"—1000 CORDS, ALL SIZES. Piggott & Brown, (formerly Jackson & Co.) North Fourth and Front. Telephone 181.

CAN OF ALL KINDS AT THE Pioneer Wood Yard, foot of Morrison st. Telephone 189. MOORE & STARR.

FOR SALE.

DESIRABLE TRACT OF LAND OF FOUR and five acres each, near Mount Tabor. Inquire of GEO. L. STORY, 31 Stark street. 6st

D. PORTER & Co., 147 Third st., Leaders in Low Prices for Ladies' Ready-made Suits and to order Skirts a specialty.

West Portland Lots or 80 acre Timber Lots $100 each, on installments of $10 per month. Inquire or address for particulars, Portland City Real Estate Association, 42d Fellows' building, Portland. 28s1m*

A. P. JAMES

AFTER SEPT. 3 Students in Writing will be taken at Studio, Room 4, N. W. corner Second and Salmon sts. at any hour, day or evening. Penwork of all kinds executed to order.

CORNER LOT.

$2350—ONE OF THE CHOICEST AND MOST desirable corner lots in King's addition, on West Madison street. Commands a beautiful view. This lot is 52x100 feet. CLAYTON & OLIVER. 1t 163 Second street.

COPARTNERSHIP FORMED.

HAVING FORMED A COPARTNERSHIP WITH Mr. Geo. W. Force, the pork packing business will be continued at the old place on Second and L streets after Jan. 1, 1889, under the firm name of Burkhard & Force. JOS. BURKHARD.

East Portland, Sept. 26, 1888. 27s5

CHOICE RIVER FRONT PROPERTY.

We have for sale at a reasonable price 320 feet of River Front in North Portland, situate between Weidler's Mill and D. M. Osborne & Co.'s warehouse.

RUSSELL & MACLEOD, 147 First St.

RESIDENCE LOTS.

$4000—X blk. Thirteen h and K, Couch add.
$4500—½ blk. W. Main and Nasilla, King's add.
$4000—½ blk. W. Mad son street, King's add.
$6000—½ blk. E. ast Twenti h s reets, King's add.
$5000—100x85 feet, Third street, improved.
$3350—46x104 feet on N. Main st., King's add.
CLAYTON & OLIVER, 163 Second Street.

FOR SALE.

$200—For acre, 20 acre near East Portland.
$1250—For acre, 40 acres near Sellwood.
$2100—5 acres and house at Willsburg.
$11000—For acre, 10 acre between East Portland and Mount Tabor.
$11000—For acre, 6 acres between East Portland and Sellwood.
$9500—New 2-story residence, cor. 4th and Grant sts. Lots centrally located in Portland, East Portland and Albina. LONG & YOUNG, 84 Washington st. 2*

GRAND PROMENADE CONCERT & BALL

TO BE GIVEN BY

CO. A, FIRST REGIMENT, O. N. G.,

THURSDAY EVENING, SEPT. 27th,

At the Armory.

Music will be furnished by the Marine Band. Carriages will be in waiting at 12 o'clock and dancing at 12:30. A good time is expected. No tickets of guests. Tickets can be procured from any member of the company and at principal drug stores. 1t

NEW TO-DAY.

A COLLEGE GRADUATE, WHO HAS HAD 3 years' experience, and is now employed in a large jobbing and retail dry goods house in the East, wants a business opening in the Northwest. Has a thorough knowledge of woolens, underwear, gloves, men's furnishings and notions. Would accept subordinate position to prove abilities. Can furnish best references. Address "Dry Goods," box 236, Boise City, Idaho. 1t

MT. TABOR—ORCHARD FOR SALE, CONsisting of four very choice acres of elevated land, with good fruit trees and berries, thoroughly fenced, and cottage, very suitable for a residence or good rental. This property is only offered for a few days, and is well worth inspecting at the price asked by F. V. ANDREWS & CO., 25 Pine st. 28s2*

MAMMOTH CHINESE OXEN—Two feet in height and 16 feet in length from tip to tip. The largest known cattle in the world. These cattle were imported from China when calves by Professor Byrnes. Now on exhibition on Morrison street between Second and Third. Admission 25c. 28s1*

RARE OPPORTUNITY TO PURchase on the installment plan, a piece of land nearly half an acre in area, in MONTAVILLA. The property is cultivated, scattered and beautifully situated, with an extensive view. For certain pieces and terms apply to F. V. ANDREWS & CO., 25 Pine st. 28s1*

MT. TABOR—WITHIN HALF A MILE, 5 acres, new 6-room house, all new excellent fruit land; to be sold for $2000. Land nearly adjoining sold recently for twice the price. Owner is unable and must sell. Will sell at advance and split up into tracts. Apply to F. V. ANDREWS & CO., 25 Pine st. 28s3!

TIN ROOFS—NOW IS TIME TO LOOK after them. Remember Pearsoll's Patent Leaking Composition excels all others. Send for references. Address or leave orders for roofs, painting, papering, whitewashing, grazing or anything to my line to G. E. Pearsoll, 7 First street, New Market block.

IMPORTED SWISS CHEESE, CREAM, LIMBURger and Roquefort Cheese; Sauer Kraut, German Pickles, Mixed Pickles, Herrings, Kosher Smoked Meats, Tongues, Sausages, Sugar, Delicacies and Groceries. MRS. E. BAUM, 86 Morrison st.

CAUTION—THE PUBLIC IS HEREBY warned not to accept two checks of the Oregon Car Spring Co., for $150 each, dated August, and signed by one, payable to Austin Scarth or order, at Parrott's Brewery, which I hold. JAMES F. KORLEB. 1t

HOUSE RAISING MOVING AND all kinds of heavy machinery handled promptly and with care, on short notice. Address or call on Jones East Portland, or 23 Washington st., Portland. 22s1m*

A YOUNG MAN WANTS TO BUY AN INTEREST in a paying, genteel business, or would like a position as clerk, or some respectable position where he could loan capital; some money. Address A. A. ADAMS, care Oregonian. 27s8

FRANKLIN BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIAtion—Stock for sale: Five shares First Series and ten shares Third Series. Apply at office, 48 Washington street. 26s7

THE BEST CONFECTIONERY AND CIGAR stand and oyster parlor in East Portland for sale cheap, at your own price. Reason of selling, sickness. Call at once. Paying $100 per month. 1173 Fourth street. 27s3

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL OR PERsonal security and chattel mortgage, in sums to suit, from thirty days to a year. LENT & McGREW, 5½ Morrison street, Room 5. 12s6*

IMPORTANT—PARTIES HAVING MONEY TO loan on or invest in real property in large or small amounts will find it to their advantage to call on or correspond with EUGENE D. WHITE, Portland, Oregon. 29jul*

FOUND—ON THE WHITE ROSE ROAD, Monday morning, a gold-headed cane. Owner can have same by proving property and paying for this notice. 24 Short, upstairs, 57 Hooker st. 2*

GROCERY FOR SALE—STOCK AND FIXtures, with a good double shed business in one of the best locations in the city. For particulars apply to the Portland Mercantile Agency, 104 First st. 3*

AUCTION SALE OF STAPLE AND FANCY Goods, will commence in No. 103 First street, this afternoon, Thursday Sept. 27, at 2 o'clock.

A. B. MCPHERSON, Auctioneer.

WANTED—ADDRESS OF MINISTERS AND Christians that would like to read the Bible book of Revelation, the Sabbath of the Lord, Free. Address "Slater," care Oregonian. 1t

WANTED—MAN OR BOY TO HELP IN CIgar store 3 hours per day; one who knows something about the business preferred. Apply to the northwest corner of 2d and North Pine streets. 27s3

HOUSE AND LOT—A HOUSE WITH ONE OR two lots, well located, or a couple of choice building lots near the new Ayrshire. Address, giving location and price, Purchaser, this office. 27s2

TO-MORROW THOSE ELEGANT Black Bri. Jantines and Sicilians are to be sold at MEIER & FRANK'S. Half regular prices. Per line, 25c per pair. 1t

MECHANICS FAIR—EXHIBITS OF FANCY work for the ladies' display rooms will be received at the Pavilion from Wednesday, Sept. 26th, up to and including Friday, Sept. 28th. 26s3t

MILITARY BAND AND SOCIETY UNIforms and Equipments, Lodge Regalia and Paraphernalia. WARD S. STEVENS, Agent, 51 Washington street. 24s1m*

WANTED—A S

...W TO-DAY.

...HOOL AT PORTLAND BUSI... ...ness College, second and ...Sticketers admitted at any time.

...RMAID AND WAITRESS ...wanted; also cooks and ...Leads, room 11, Dekum bldg.

...CE FOR SALE, INCLUDING ...furniture, rare income guaranteed. ...ance, care Oregonian. 27s4

...REET—FOR SALE—GOOD PAY... ...ished lodging house; well e... ...permanent roomers.

...TWO-STORY FRAME DWELL... ...odern improvements; rent reason... ...South Front st. 27s1f

...EN CAN FIND COMFORTABLE ...ployment to two street car lines, at 309 ...hom required. 25s3d

...OMPETENT WAIST FINISH... ...can make button-holes preferred, ...Seventh street. 1t

...PLOYMENT; GROCERY STORE ...Oregonian. references given. Ad... 27s2

...MILY ONLY—DESIROUS OF ...with or without board, please ad... ...Oregonian. 27s4

...S WANTED ON BRIDGEWORK ...r, on G. R. & N. R. R., near Clarke's ...the quarry. 27s2

...OD SECOND-HAND, 15-BALL ...nation table; slate bed. Address ...n office. 27s2

...VERTISING SOLICITOR; MUST ...e salary paid. Inquire room 14, ...27s2f

...NTED—HELP.

...IRL, AT NO. 75 SEVENTH ST. 26s2

...NESS, AT H. W. NELSON'S. 26s

...REE BRUSH MAKERS, CORNER ...Eighth. S. BARUTH, The Cor... 4s6

...RL FOR GENERAL HOUSE... ...H. B. NICHOLAS, Portland. 26s2

...IRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSE... ...rk house in the evening. No. 247 ...26s2

...ING GOOD SITUATIONS OF ...r or country, call at this office. ...A. Callin. 4s1m

...OUNG MAN OF GOOD BUSI... ...will guarantee $3 per day to the ...e. S. L., care Oregonian. 26s3

...INTELLIGENT GIRL TO COOK ...neral housework. Family of two, ...ple present. Apply southeast cor... ...ain. 26s2

...OUNG MAN TO TRAVEL IN ...od wages to a good man. ...26s2

...19s4f

MISCELLANEOUS.

...—TO CONTAIN ABOUT 2 ...J. L., P. O. Box 68. 26s7

...ENT, A FURNISHED HOUSE ...ms; must be good location. Ad... ...26s5

...—GOOD LOT FOR HORSE AND ...r, or stock of goods; good lot for ...A. M., care Oregonian. 26s6

...RFECTLY AND PROMPT PAY... ...ble furnished rooms with priv... ...ooking if desired; state terms. Ad... ...office. 1t

...NTED.—I HAVE DIFFERENT ...s are looking up a fairly paying ...oarding house and restaurant, with ...r disposal ranging from $600 to ...ecks to invest $5000 in a good ...siness. For particulars call on... ...First st. 26s6

...TED—AGENTS.

...N CAN BE MADE WORK... ...Income guaranteed and 50 dol... ...protected who can give work. ...ress. Run half or fourth time can... ...ject. New plan. Write for part... ...Address stamp for self-ad. N. Y. ...1129 Pine st., St. Louis, Mo. 25s6

...NTS ARE MAKING $10 PER ...e canvassing. Lives of the can... ...session statistics and the terri... ...Send 15c. for sample and Jas. G. Blaine's ...new book and "agent's outfit." sale... ...Bros. & Co., box 781, Salt Lake ...14s14

D—EMPLOYMENT.

...UATION TO DO HOUSEWORK ...ally. Add. N. B., care Oregonian. 2...

...RTNER FOR A GOOD PAYING ...city; must have $1200. Address ...Oregonian. 26s2

...OGRAPHER AND OPERATOR ...ypewriter, desires situation. Best ...ress P. O. box 97, Portland. 27s2

...PLOYMENT DURING THE ...spring preferred; will take a small ...; good references given; charges ...ate. C., care Oregonian. 26s6

...ANTED—AS SALESLADY O... ...ss E. W., care Oregonian. 27s3

...ENGLISHMAN 21 YEARS OLD, ...shorthand writer, book-keeper, etc., ...of references. Address E. CLARK, ...P. Clark, 150 East Park. 27s2

NESS CHANCES.

...E MIKADO MILLINERY AND ...business will be sold either cash ...best of reasons given for selling. ...ent in a well established and paying ...vestigate at 106 Morrison street, ...MRS. SWIFT & ERRICKSON.

...ORSE—FOR SALE—HALF IN ...e bindery, doing a good business. ...new machinery and tools. To a ...man a good opportunity is offered ...for retiring from the business. ...price address J. R. DENNIS, ...26s8

...HOTEL WITH 55 BOARDERS; ...address E. C. B., care Oregonian.

...TCHER SHOP, DOING A GOOD ...wagon and everything complete. ...ears Oregonian. 14s1m

...FIRST-CLASS PROFITABLE ...in the interior of Oregon; capital ...ghteen-cent and required. Ad... ...ss, or personal corner, would exchange. ...Apply to L. & I. WHITE, Rooms ...city. 4s6f

...ODGING HOUSE OF 21 ROOMS; ...business; furnished complete, nearly ...business property on First street; ...cheap for cash. Reason for selling ...way. Apply 67½ Washington st. 14s

ACHINISTS.

...WOLFF, MACHINISTS, CORNER ...—Boilerwork, doors, flatings, iron... ...ery of all descriptions, planing ...to order.

...ON, IRON WORKS, ROOT, COR... ...ves—Building Fronts, Jail Cells ...and Wrought Iron Work of all ...chinery, Saw Mills with improved ...and Machinery of all kinds. ...repairs made promptly. Prices ...rtland, Oregon. 10s1f

ERALER GROCERS.

...WIS WHOLESALE GROCERS, ...Front and D sts., Portland, Oregon.

...ACLEAY WHOLESALE GRO... ...Importing Merchants, 54 and 56 Front ...

...ELLIOTT, WHOLESALE GRO... ...Shipping and Commission Merchants, ...Front street, Portland, Oregon.

E MANUFACTURERS.

...SON & CO., 109 AND 110 FRONT ...t, Or.

...ER.

...ualities in Fancy ...BLACK Hose. 4c

...Chisman & Co.

...quality, at 28c a pair

...78c a pair

...e, double ...d, shop... 40c a pair

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

TO RENT—ROOMS AND OFFICES.

...NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS WITH USE OF ...bath at 143 Morrison st., cor. of 2d. 3s6

...71 STARK ST.—FOR RENT—FIRST-CLASS ...front room strictly private family. 25s7

...6 CANAL ST., BET. FIRST AND FRONT—ELE... ...gantly furnished rooms, for gentlemen only. 25s7

...FOR RENT—FURNISHED, PLEASANT FRONT ...rooms, convenient for housekeeping, at 448 East ...First. 13s6t

...65 WASHINGTON ST.—NEW, FIRST-CLASS ...furnished rooms, bath room, hot and cold ...water. 25s7

...320 SECOND STREET—FOR RENT—FIRST-... ...class rooms, with board, opposite Mechanics' ...pavilion. 28s7

...306½ FIRST ST., FOR RENT—ELEGANT FUR... ...nished room, single or en suite, by day, week ...or month. 25s7

...ALDER ST.—FOR RENT—ONE NICE ...110 furnished room, first floor, private family; ...good attention. 26s7

...308½ FIRST ST., RAYMOND HOUSE—FIRST-... ...class furnished rooms, single or en suite, by ...day, week or month. 25s7

...266 SECOND ST.—NICE FURNISHED FRONT ...rooms, first and second floors; two blocks ...from Exposition building. 25s7

...132 WASHINGTON STREET—ELEGANT ...furnished rooms, single or en suite; bath room; ...new furniture and nice rooms. 26s7

...44 JEFFERSON STREET—FOR RENT—NICE ...furnished rooms, by day, week or month. First ...class table board. Day boarders wanted. 25s7

...NEW OR TWO GENTLEMEN CAN HAVE COM... ...fortably furnished rooms with two meals a day ...by applying at 207 Sixth near Salmon. References. 25s7

...FOR RENT—IN THE STONE BLOCK FIRST ...and Market, respectable parties without children, ...rooms, furnished and unfurnished, for housekeeping.

...SPRINGFIELD HOUSE, CORNER FIRST AND ...Clay; new house; now for elegant furnished ...rooms, single or en suite, by day, week or month ...with rooms. 26s1m

...DO YOU WANT A FURNISHED ROOM? CALL ...at THE EMPIRE, Chamberlain Block, 84 Morri... ...son street, and look over a list of 500 rooms, with ...rates, at the office. 4s6f

TO RENT—ROOMS, WITH BOARD.

...209 FIFTH—FIRST-CLASS ROOMS, WITH ...board; also first-class table board. 14s1m

...BOARD—FIRST-CLASS TABLE BOARD IN ...private family, either by the day or week. 109 ...Block N. 12s1m

...SECURE YOUR ROOMS AT THE REVERE ...Thirteenth, corner Third and Stark streets. Board by ...the day, week or month. 4s6f

...ROOMS—DESIRING ELEGANTLY FURNISHED ...rooms with board can obtain such by applying at ...Mrs. Thos. H. Allen, No. 183 Yamhill st., cor. West ...Park. References required. 15s4f

...FOR RENT—FIRST-CLASS ROOMS, WITH OR ...without board; first-class table board. Apply 339 ...First st. 13s1m

TO RENT—HOUSES AND STORES.

...FOR RENT—NEW SIGNS WITH HALL 24x48 ...feet over 76 and 78 North First street near Wil... ...lamette street. Address Louis Arnold, Fulton, Or., or ...call at the premises between 4 and 5 o'clock. 26s7

...FOR RENT—STORE 213 THIRD STREET. IN... ...quire M. C. LYON, 125 Front street. 22s6f

...FOR RENT—HANDSOME RESIDENCE, TEN ...rooms, partly furnished; large grounds, modern ...conveniences. Rent for two years. Southwest cor... ...ner of G and Twelfth streets. Apply CAPT. F. H. ...WEST, 712 Fourth street, East Portland. 11s6f

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

...FOR SALE—ONE HALF BLOCK ON CRICKET ...ground, South Portland. Inquire 149 Taylor st.

...OVERLOOKER BECK, N. E. COR. H. & TWELFTH ...streets, for sale. Address DUGAN BROS., Salem, ...Oregon. 19s4f

...FOR SALE—EIGHTY ACRE TIMBER TRACT; ...patent secured; located close to a market. Ad... ...dress W. R., care Oregonian office. 26s3

...FARMS FOR SALE—SOME GOOD FARMS IN ...the Willamette valley for sale at reasonable prices ...and on easy terms. Apply to WM. MACMASTER, ...60 Second st., Portland, Oregon 24s1f

...100 ACRES FINE, RICH, LEVEL LAND, 5 ...miles from East Portland; 25 acres fenced and ...partly cross-farmed; sown to meadow; a fine well; this ...land is easily cleared and is about one mile northeast ...of the depot at Milwaukie, in the same belt of fine ...fruit land on which the famous Lusiling orchard is ...situated. This is a rare chance for an investment ...that can be cleared up in small tracts and readily sold at an ...enormous profit. Price $75 per acre; on easy terms. ...LOAR & McCOY, corner Fourth and L streets, ...East Portland. 30s1m1

...FARM FOR SALE—250 ACRES—100 ACRES IN ...cultivation, 150 acres easily cleared, 50 acres de... ...sirable timber; no richer soil in Oregon. With it goes ...100 tn. wheat, 1000 bu. oats, 7000 bu. potatoes, 4 ...horses, 2 wagons, 2 mixed cattle, 50 tons hay, etc.; ...4 terms good house and other out buildings. This ...farm lies on the Powell Valley road, 8½ miles from ...the city limits of East Portland. Suitable for sub... ...dividing into fruit and vegetable farms; on the line of ...a proposed railroad. The owner has worn himself ...out on this farm and wants to retire. For further par... ...ticulars call on or address OAKMAN & PITTINGER, ...114 First street, Portland, Oregon. 26s1m

...FOR SALE—LOT, GOOD HOUSE AND BARN, ...on Knapp, near Kamm's Addition. Apply to R. Mathisen, 7th ...st. bet. Adams and Jefferson, Stephens add. 12s1f

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

...BARBER SHOP FOR SALE; WILL SELL FOR ...less than cost of furniture. Add. O. P., care Ore...

...WOOD—CLEAN, DRY FIR, ASH AND POLE ...oak, always on hand; wood sawed to order by ...steam at 50c per cord. CONE & NOONING, (successors to Newhouse & Co.) General office and yard ...foot of Oak street; branch order office at Olds & Sum... ...mers, First and Yamhill sts. Telephone 502. 4s1m

...FOR SALE—NOT HAVING BEEN ABLE TO ...sell our Floral Greenhouse at Salem, and my ...wife's health being poor, I will offer my cigar and ...confectionery store, 254 First street, for sale. Call ...and see me for terms. 26s3

...FOR SALE—A WELL FURNISHED LODGING ...house in Seattle, paying $200 per month clear. ...Price, $2100. Splendid bargain. Best reasons for ...selling. Address MRS. BELLS, No. 1203½ Front ...street, Seattle, W. T. 26s9

...FOR SALE—NEW SUITE OF FURNITURE, ...suitable for two rooms. Address L. S., care Ore... ...gonian. 25s1f

...FOR SALE CHEAP—A FINE LECTURE OUT... ...fit for physician or physiognomist. Address Dr. ...Gilbert, Salem, Or. 14s1f

...FOR SALE—A FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF ...safe. Also one 52-inch Columbia bicycle. Apply ...at 44 Washington street.

...A GENTLE, FAMILY HORSE FOR SALE; 6 ...years old; weighs about 1200; suitable for deliv... ...ery or buggy; also a sheep ranch. Inquire at 30 ...Washington st. 14s1f

...FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—THE GREAT ...Stock, Hay and Dairy Farm, known as Martin's ...Island, in Columbia river, 50 miles below Portland—...400 acres of land, 100 acres high enough to be dyke... ...othy hay on; dwelling house, dairy and 2 large barns, ...all good; 1000 bushels grain raised this year. 172 ...acres of high land adjacent; the island will be sold ...with island if desired. Call on or address S. W. Reed, ...Kalama, Washington territory, for terms. 29s1m

LOST AND FOUND.

...LOST—ONE ROUND LOCKET, OPENING CEN... ...ter; picture of gentleman and one lock of blonde ...hair inside. Finder will be rewarded by returning to ...414 Fifth street. 26s4

FINANCIAL.

...$40,000 TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE, IN ...sums to suit. SEARS & BEACH, attorneys-at-law, over Oregon National Bank, First and ...Stark sts. 23s7

...MONEY TO LOAN ON HOUSEHOLD FURNI... ...ture and chattels of any description (without re... ...moval) or personal note. G. H. DEDMAN, 86 2d st.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

...A YOUNG MAN WISHES TO FORM THE AC... ...quaintance of a respectable young lady. Address ...C. B., box 93, Vancouver, W. T. 26s5

...NOTICE—FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE ...the business heretofore conducted by the under... ...signed will be continued under the firm name of ...Niles & Thompson. All liabilities of the firm prior ...to this date will be paid by the undersigned, to whom ...all debts now owing are payable. Dated this 24th day ...of September, 1888. HENRY W. NILES.

HENRY W. NILES. WALTER S. THOMPSON.

...NILES & THOMPSON, SOLE AGENTS IN OR... ...egon and Washington Territory for The Boynton ...Furnace Co.'s Furnaces; also dealers in all kinds of ...Heating and Cooking Stoves, Tin and Copper Ware, ...Hot Air Registers, etc. No. 146 Third street, be... ...tween Morrison and Alder. 28s7

...DR. W. J. McDANIEL, OFFICE, ROOMS 9 AND ...10 Cumberland building, corner Third and Morri... ...son streets. Residence 352 Yamhill street, cor. 14th.

...TO LEASE, ON A TERM OF YEARS, A VAL... ...uable piece of business property, 100x100, on ...North First st. Address J. KIEL, No. 71 A st. 4s1m

...DR. HELENA J. PRICE—PHYSICIAN AND ...surgeon; rooms 22 and 24, first floor Abington ...block; office hours, until 10 A. M., 2 to 5. P. M., 7 to ...8 P. M. 14s1m

...DURING MY ABSENCE IN EUROPE J. F. ...Bell, M. D., L. R. C. P., London, will have charge ...of my office and practice until my return in January. ...15s2d KENNETH A. J. MACKENZIE, M. D.

...MRS. S. SEIP, PSYCHOMETRIST AND SPIR... ...itual Teacher—Private consultation daily. Classes ...2:30 P. M. and 7:45 P. M. Class in Physical Culture on ...G. A. R. building, Room 1. 18s4f

...DR. F. CAUTHORN—OFFICE, ROOM 23 UNION ...Block; residence, N. E. corner of Sixth street ...and Hall.

...NOTICE—During my absence from Portland from ...Sept. 15th to March 1, Dr. G. Ottoborn will assume ...charge of my practice at the same office, room 56, ...Union block. (Signed) A. D. KEVAN, M. D.

...SCHOOL of Civil, Mechanical, Mining Engineering, ...Surveying, Assays. 323 Market, San Francisco, Cal. E. VAN DER NAILLEN, Circular.

...MRS. E. DE FRANS, METAPHYSICIAN, AND ...Teacher of Christian Science, 233 Ninth st. cor. ...Main. Correct instructions by Consultation free. (12s6f

...J. DR. FISK, ANALYTICAL CHEMIST AND ...Assayer, analyzing made and assaying done at ...the lowest rates. Office 104 First street, Portland, Or.

...STORAGE FOR FURNITURE, PIANOS, AND ...other goods. Advances made and goods transferred. ...Pacific Transfer and Storage Co., 30 Ash street. Tele... ...phone 638.

...REWARD—I WILL GIVE A REWARD OF TEN ...dollars for the arrest and conviction of any person ...caught stealing the Daily or Sunday Oregonian south ...of Jay st. 25s1m D. F. MOORE, Route Agent.

...JOHN THOMPSON & CO. HAVE BEEN AP... ...pointed agents for the purchase of rag stock for The ...Columbia River Paper Co., and are prepared to pur... ...chase, for cash, Rags, Burlaps, Manila rope and all other ...kinds of Paper Stock, Old Iron and Metal of all kinds. ...45 and 47 F st., Portland, Oregon. 4m6

WHOLESALE CLOTHIERS.

...OREGON OIL CLOTHING MANUFACTURING ...Company, 92 North First street. Factory in Mc... ...Millen Addition, East Portland.

The Oregonian.

Entered at the Postoffice at Portland, Or., as second class matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

By Mail—Postage paid—in advance—

Daily, with Sunday, per month	$ 1 00
Daily, Sunday excepted, per year	10 00
Daily, with Sunday, per year	12 00
Sunday, per year	2 50
Sunday and Weekly, per year	3 50
Weekly, per year	2 00

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS:

Daily, per week, delivered, Sunday excepted	15c
Daily, per week, delivered, Sunday included	20c

PORTLAND, THURSDAY, SEPT. 27.

FROM THE SEASIDE AND RESORTS.

Subscribers who have returned from the seaside and other points will please notify this office of the fact at once, that the paper may be changed promptly.

U. S. SIGNAL SERVICE WEATHER REPORT.

PORTLAND, Sept. 26, 5 P. M.

Place of Observation.	Height of Barom'r.	Mean Temp. last 24 hours	Ther.	Wind direction.	Rain fall inch	State of Wthr.
Portland	30.06	56	52	NW	.00	Clear
Olympia	30.06	52	48	Calm	.00	Clear
Roseburg	30.06	60	50	W	.00	Clear
Red Bluff	29.76	76	58	Calm	.00	Clear
Sacramento	29.78	74	54	NE	.00	Clear
Tatoosh	30.01	56	50		.00	
Spokane	30.08	58	52	W	.00	Clear
Walla Walla	30.06	64	54	SW	.00	Clear
Fort Canby	30.04	58	56	W	.00	Clear
Eureka	29.98	56	50	N	.04	Cloudy

PASSENGER LISTS.

Northern Pacific—Passed Drummond September 26: A. E. Frank, Mrs. Annie Wheeler, J. R. Gilbert, R. A. Punches and family, M. S. Huson, D. B. Dana, Albert Pohl, M. D., F. W. Cracker, wife and child, Mrs. E. Wigran, Pat O'Brien, T. G. Chaffee, James Berger, F. B. Fullan, Charles H. Gibbon, D. T. Healy, H. M. Dewey, Willie and Daisy Dewey, President P. C. Crowley, A. W. E. Baxter, wife son, and brother, Joseph Bowers, F. M. Flint, F. A. Dudley, H. Campbell, U. S. A., Gen. Charles H. T. Collins, U. S. A.

Oregon & California—Passed Medford September 26: I. Frohman, wife, four children and two servants, C. Greenman, D. Collinson, C. W. Havenmeyer, W. F. Havenmeyer and wife, A. C. Fry and wife, W. C. Tweedale, D. Freeman, Dick Smith, G. W. Lynch and wife, J. Weill, F. H. Rollins, Mrs. F. H. Kendall, F. W. Roe, C. T. Campbell, B. F. Rhodes, Rev. J. Kines, H. Robertson and wife, J. Oliver and wife, Mrs. Simon Kline and child, J. C. Holloway, L. F. A. Shaw, M. L. Coan, B. Samuels, F. A. Spencer, E. Liesse, D. L. Peterson, F. L. Carter and wife, E. G. Nagel, Max Wimple and forty-eight second class.

STEAMER.

Per steamer Geo. W. Elder, sailing for San Francisco Sept. 26, at 12 o'clock: C. W. Hering, Thomas Taison, Mrs. Capt. White and daughter, A. Service, Miss Service Noel H. Jacks F. A. Harding, Wm. Ryan and wife, Ellen Ryan, Mary Ryan, James Ryan, Morris Ryan, George Lewis, Ed Musgrove, J. D. Morley, F. Elliot, G. C. Wilson, H. Moulten, Charles Dashaway, Miss Smiley, W. W. Grandbury, and thirty-five steerage.

WORK AT THE MECHANICS' BUILDING.

Preparations for the Coming Exposition—A Scene of Activity—Many Improvements Being Made.

Unusual activity prevails at this building, where the Mechanics' fair is soon to open. There are about twenty men employed, and the rattling of the hammers is heard from morning till night. The partition up stairs between the old building and the annex has been taken away, and another stairs leading into the machinery department below has been built.

The aisle surrounding the auditorium has been widened four feet, so that the usual crowding and jamming prevailing in previous years will be avoided. The stand in the center of the main building down stairs has received a new coat of paint.

In the floral department there are some half a dozen men engaged in putting down sod and constructing new borders for the flower beds, and preparing the different spaces assigned for the reception of flowers.

The supporting pillars as well as the walls are festooned with ivy and other evergreens, and, in fact, the entire interior of this department already presents an animated appearance. Repairs and small changes are being made in all parts of the building, and in a short time the management will be prepared for the reception of exhibits. Some machinery is already coming in, but no attempts at arrangement have yet been made.

From present indications, the exhibits this year will be better than that of any previous year.

Exhibits of fancy work to the ladies' department will be received at the pavilion until October 2.

PERSONAL.

Rev. Dr. Nourse left yesterday afternoon for Salem.

Prof. Stebbins is sick and not able to attend to his duties.

Miss Hattie Warner, of Oregon City, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Arthur at 290 Morrison street.

Capt. Seebree, lighthouse inspector, returned from a tour of inspection up the Sound yesterday afternoon.

Mr. W. A. Lee, of the firm of Baldin & Lee, Seattle, who has been visiting in the city, left for home this morning.

Mrs. A. A. Cleveland of Astoria left yesterday afternoon for Shovel Creek springs, on Klamath river, Cal., for the benefit of her health.

Mr. C. B. Watson and daughter, of Astoria, left yesterday for Ashland, where Mr. Watson goes to settle up the estate of Dr. Chitwood.

Mr. E. F. Smith, treasurer of the Rutland & Burlington railway, and W. W. Catlin, an extensive dealer in grain in Chicago, are at the Esmond.

Mr. D. O. Canuto has taken the contract to build a three-story brick building for Max Vogt, at The Dalles, and will commence operations at once and finish the structure this fall.

Judge Deady and Mrs. Deady leave this morning for the Rickreal, to visit Mrs. Nesmeth and other friends there for a few days. The judge's vacation has not expired yet, but he came back from the seaside and held court to expedite business.

LOCAL NOTES.

A three-inch water pipe has been put in, connecting the city cistern with the main on Fifth and Morrison streets.

Jim Nackasack, a Warm Spring Indian was locked up in the county jail, pending his trial, yesterday. He is charged with beating his wife, Minnie.

Blaine republican club will hold a big meeting on Union hall tonight to which ladies and members of other clubs are invited. Addresses will be delivered by ex-Gov. George L. Woods and W. J. McConnell.

Mr. Henry D. Taylor who has for some time had charge of the coal bunkers of the Oregon Improvement Company is reported to have left the city last Thursday. There are unpleasant rumors in circulation concerning the matter.

The Mechanics' fair opens a week from today. The directors held a meeting this evening to perfect their arrangements for the fair, which promises to be a grand success. Persons who intend to furnish pictures for display in the art gallery should try and have them in by Monday next.

TRANSACTIONS IN EARTH.

DEEDS RECORDED SEPTEMBER 26.

M. Kosbland and wife to George Good, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, blk 169, Couch, Sept. 25; $1.

H. J. Corbett and wife to Abbie W. Walker, east ½ lot 5, south ½ lot 6, blk 224, Sept. 20; $2750.

J. D. Wilcox to J. E. & J. L. Dunlap, 50x100 feet south line H st., 100 feet east N 21st st., Sept. 26; $1800.

J. W. Going and wife to S. D. Davis, blk 23, Highland, Sept. 4; $300.

J. T. Ross to C. and F. Ford, lots 5, 6, blk 223, Holladay's, Sept. 25; $1200.

Same to J. Squires, lots 3, 4, blk 223, Holladay's, E. P., Sept. 25; $1125.

Port and Lone Fir Cemetery Company to J. Phillipi, lot 15, blk 8, cemetery, March 17, 1871; $25.

Total, $10,701.

OPENING DAY.

Mrs. Hildebrand will exhibit to-day her Parisian bonnets and hats, and hopes to be favored with a visit from all her old friends and customers. As no cards have been issued this season, she hopes this notice will be sufficient. 149 Washington street, New Park Theater building.

Fall Winter Clothing

If a Fall Overcoat is not Stylish, it is nothing. You must devote SPECIAL SHADES of goods to it: you must emphasize certain ELEGANT DETAILS of shaping and trimming.

There is no part of our stock that we are prouder of than our Fall Overcoats. What is more to the point, we please more of the careful dressers than any other house. And this PRESENT Fall Overcoat stock of ours far excels all previous efforts.

Before purchasing, it will pay you to examine our immense lines of CHINCHILLAS, FUR BEAVER, MONTENACS, SCOTCH TWEEDS, ENGLISH CASSIMERES, and many other kinds of Fine and Serviceable Goods.

From 10 to $40.

An Unequaled Selection Frock and Sack

SUITS

BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S

CLOTHING

IN ENDLESS VARIETY,
With and without Extra Pants.

HATS

From all the leading makers, such as J. B. Stetson & Co., Dickinson & Brown, and others.

FURNISHING GOODS.

Complete stock of New and Elegant lines of Underwear, Socks, Ties, Gloves, etc.

We are sole agents for House's Chest Shield Protectors and Double-seated Drawers.

The Leading Clothier, Merchant Tailor and Hatter of the Northwest.

135 FIRST STREET, COR. ALDER.

BRIEF MENTION.

No. 7 is Keith's—Washington street.
Cloak sale at McAllen & McDonnell's.
Cloak sale at McAllen & McDonnell's.
Cloak sale at McAllen & McDonnell's.

Ten more boys wanted at A. D. T. Co., 162 1st.

Make no mistake but look for No. 7 Washington Keith's oyster house.

Poultry, oysters, fish and game at Chas. A. Markey's, 4th and Morrison streets, leading house.

Those visiting the fair will find a most complete assortment of pianos and musical goods at the well known Kohler & Chase Music House, 71 Morrison street.

Peremptory Kelly will sell at public auction at No. 204, Front street, on Friday, the 28th day of September, at 10 o'clock A. M., one wood sawing machine, mounted on wheels, including boiler and engine.

ART GOODS.

The Oregon Picture Frame Manufacturing Company, No. 108 Third, Abington block, have just received a fine line of statuary in bronze, old ivory and terra cotta, which they offer at extremely low prices. They have another invoice of composition ware in vases, panels, etc., for decorating. Full and complete stock of mouldings consisting of latest designs, engravings, etchings, colored photographers' photos, studies in flowers, fine hat racks and brackets. Call and be convinced that the prices are the lowest.

OPENING DAY.

Mrs. Swift & Errickson, of the Mikado, millinery and dress-making establishment, 100 and 100½ Morrison street, will have their fall and winter opening on Thursday and Friday, September 27 and 28. The ladies of Portland are cordially invited to call and see the display of Parisian hats and bonnets, and especially the fancy art department.

Yellowstone National Park.

Take the Northern Pacific railroad to all points East. The only line to the Yellowstone National Park. Secure your park tickets and Pullman berths at the general office of the Northern Pacific railroad, No. 2 Washington street, corner of Front.

AUCTION SALE TO-DAY.

The elegant furniture of residence No. 79 North Eighth street, between Stark and Oak, at 10 o'clock, by Gilman & Co.

FOR SALE.—A good paying general merchandise business situated in the liveliest town in the Willamette valley. Reason for selling is that other large interests require undivided attention. Address M., care OREGONIAN.

PRACTICAL PLUMBER.—J. F. Shea has removed from 6th street to 2d, south of B.

THE NOVEL OF THE HOUR.—"ROBERT ELSMERE." Paper edition, 50c at Ed. Dekum's.

BUSINESS ITEMS.

Woven Wire Spring Beds. George M. Parker, 131 Fifth street. Trade supplied.

FOR CHOICE Fruits, Candies, Soda and Cigars, go to Ninth and Washington streets.

The Vienna,
Washington street, leads all for lunches and oysters

AN OCTOGENARIAN.

Nathaniel Clapp, the inventor of absorbent cotton, is now eighty-five years of age. He lives at Dedham, Mass. Horace W. Smith lives at Charlottesville, Va. He is not so old as Mr. Clapp, and is hale and hearty. "Dr. Tutt's Liver Pills have made a new man of me," he writes. There is not a case of torpid liver, dyspepsia, constipation, sick headache, and malaria, that these pills will not cure.

DIAMONDS

AT WHOLESALE.

The attention of the RETAIL JEWELERS of the Northwest is called to my importation of personally selected

Fine Diamonds.

Direct from Amsterdam.

The general public is cordially invited to examine these jewels, which include many rare gems.

A. FELDENHEIMER,

Cor. First and Morrison Sts.

R. SWAIN, D. D. S.

Gold fillings $1; silver or cement $0.75; gutta percha 75c; extracting with gas, $1; all other operations guaranteed at reasonable prices. Every operation guaranteed or money refunded. Office 106½ First street, over Odd Fellows' Hall. (12s9)

DON'T MISS IT!

THE WONDERFUL SACRIFICE SALE OF

TO-MORROW.

A GREAT OFFERING OF

BLACK DRESS GOODS,

In Finest Grades Manufactured by RUSSELL & CO., Bradford, Eng.

Heavy Double Warp Black Brilliantines (Alpacas) and Black Sicilians.

All 56 inches wide of Pure Mohair, Highest Silk Finish and Lusters.

The following Price List of this special purchase is for our Friday Surprise Sale Only:

56-INCH BRILLIANTINES---

Quality	X,	75c	per Yard.	Regular Price, $1.25 Yard
Quality	A,	87½	per Yard.	Regular Price, 1.50 Yard
Quality	AA,	1.05	per Yard.	Regular Price, 1.75 Yard
Quality	AAA,	1.20	per Yard.	Regular Price, 2.00 Yard
Quality	AAA1,	1.40	per Yard.	Regular Price, 2.25 Yard
Quality	AAAA,	1.55	per Yard.	Regular Price, 2.50 Yard

56-INCH SICILIANS---

Quality	A,	$ 95c	per Yard.	Regular Price, $1.50 Yard
Quality	AA,	1.05	per Yard.	Regular Price, 1.75 Yard
Quality	AAA,	1.20	per Yard.	Regular Price, 2.00 Yard
Quality	AAA1,	1.40	per Yard.	Regular Price, 2.25 Yard
Quality	AAAA,	1.55	per Yard.	Regular Price, 2.50 Yard

TO-MORROW ONLY AT THESE PRICES.

Very fashionable, elegant appearance, and well known for their almost endless durability. Russell & Co.'s goods are reputed to be the finest manufactured in the world, and all 56 inches wide. Of this extra wide width 6 to 7 Yards is Ample for the Full est Suit Pattern, equaling 10 yards of the ordinary widths. Suit Patterns will cost $4.63, $5.25, $6.30, etc.; about half usual prices.

QUALITY WILL BE LIMITED. SEE DISPLAY.

VEER & PARK.

First, Second and Taylor Sts.

Returned to Portland.

E. F. GULLIXSON & CO

HAVE OPENED

At 104 Third Street,

ABINGTON BLOCK,

With the Choicest and Most Artistic Designs in

CARPETS

Lace and Silk Curtains,

PORTIERS,

Window Shades, etc.

Samples sent to any address.

LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.

OF PORTLAND.

Corner of Stark and First streets, Over Ladd & Tilton's Bank.

Over 12,000 Volumes and 135 Papers and Periodicals.

Monthly Dues, $1; Quarterly, $3; and Half-Yearly, $6.00.

MEMBERSHIP OPEN TO ALL.

DIRECTORS.

WILLIAM M. LADD,	C. E. S. WOOD,
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H. W. CORBETT,	H. FAILING,
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Rot and Mildew-Proof.

Belting, Packing, Etc.

W. F. BOWERS & CO.,

91 and 93 Front St.....Portland, Or.

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CHAMPION ARTIST AND PHOTOGRAPHER,

SUCCESSOR TO

Abell & Son

29 Washington St., Portland, Or.

Duplicate Copies of Abell and Vanderpool Negatives supplied at greatly REDUCED RATES.

YOUR CHOICE FOR ONE DOLLAR.

"AMERICAN VIEWS," a beautiful album, containing views of the principal cities in the United States. Buy a dollar's worth at Wisdom's Drug Store and get one free—worth at any book store $5 on sale—or if you prefer, you may have at HALTON'S directory on same conditions. After you get one of each of the above prizes, we have a large list of Beautiful Picture Cards, which we give with purchases. Remember,

WISDOM'S DRUG STORE.

NOTICE.

FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE BUSINESS heretofore conducted by the undersigned will be continued under the firm name of Page & Son.

F. H. PAGE. (2437)

Portland, Sept. 22, 1888.

J. H. PAGE. F. H. PAGE.

PAGE & SON,

SUCCESSORS TO

F. H. PAGE,

Wholesale Fruits and Produce,

128 Front St., cor. Washington.

Teeth $10 & $15 per Set.

No Pain. No Bad Effects. Rendered vitalized by the painless extraction of teeth. Office hours 9 to 12 and 1 to 4. DR. F. W. PREHN, Graduate of Philadelphia Dental College, Union Block, First street entrance.

C. E. Geizer, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, Chronic Diseases a Specialty, Rooms 1 and 2, Sherlock Building, Portland, Or.

Dr. E. C. Brown, Jr., Office, Rooms 3 and 4, Sherlock Building, Portland, Or.

ODORE AND SEE ME.

J. A. CHILD & CO.

DEALERS IN

DRUGS

AND

Toilet Articles.

Second and Morrison Sts., Portland.

We make especially of sending goods by mail or express. Orders sent to us receive prompt attention

Established 1857.

J. C. CARSON,

Manufacturer of and Dealer in

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Window and Plate Glass and General Building Supplies.

Estimates and Price Lists on application. Country Orders a specialty.

Factory and Salesroom, Webster's Mill, Telephone No. 458.

PROPOSALS FOR WATER WORKS.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the Common Council of the City of Spokane Falls, Washington Territory, until 8 o'clock P. M. on the first Wednesday in October, 1888, for constructing the proposed new water works, including pumping machinery, motive power, mains and everything complete and in working order. Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the Superintendent of the water works. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

SIDNEY D. WATERS,
D. B. FORTHINGHAM,
C. B. BALEY,
Committee on Fire, Water and Sewers.

R. A

THE WOOL GROWERS.

The Subject of Tariff and Prices Reviewed.

An Address Before the Wool Growers' Association of the State of Ohio, by a Democratic ex-Member of Congress.

George L. Converse was for many years a democratic member of congress from Ohio. He declared himself still a democrat, but says he cannot support Cleveland and Thurman on the platform they now occupy. A telegraphic dispatch a day or two ago stated that Mr. Converse had agreed to deliver a speech at a republican meeting in Ohio in favor of Harrison and Morton. Some days ago he delivered an address on the wool question before the wool growers' association of Ohio, large extracts from which will be found below. It might do ex Senator Slater of Oregon some good to study these statements. Mr. Converse said:

It is useless to dwell upon the melancholy facts, which show the steady decline of your industry since 1867, when the duties on competing foreign wools were reduced about 3 cents a pound. You know the facts because it has been your business and your interest to know them. Aside from official statistics the flock masters of the United States have a realizing sense of the condition of their industry through that most sensitive nerve, the pocket. Information which reaches the human mind and understanding through that channel, is often more reliable and convincing than official statistics or the reasonings of the most learned, logical and eloquent political economist. It is the logic of events in which fact and reason are blended.

Yet we cannot too often recur to prominent statistical facts, which are in their nature calculated to reach the understanding and convince the judgment of reasonable men who have no personal experience in such matters. A large majority of our lawmakers are without such experience as are also those who write and thus manufacture or mould public opinion. Their opinion and judgment is generally formed from mere theory and is therefore often erroneous. One well established, opposing fact ought to upset any theory.

I will first invite your attention to the diminishing number of sheep and the diminishing quantity of wool product in Ohio since the reduction of wool duty in 1883.

The official reports in the office of the auditor of state, made up from sworn statements of owners to the township assessors, show the number of sheep in Ohio, in the spring following the taking effect of the act of 1883 to have been as follows: In 1884, 5,18,894; in 1885 4,823,922; in 1886, 4,272,463 in 1887, 4,105,177; in 1888, 3,739,449.

The total reduction in the number of sheep in Ohio in four years is 1,371,435, equivalent to an average decrease of 343,000 per year.

The wool product in Ohio was in 1883 24,329,109 pounds; in 1884, 23,555,713 pounds; in 1885, 22,081,552 pounds; in 1886, 19,702,329 pounds.

We do not then absorb certainly later statistics of the wool production Ohio than 1886, which was published in 1887. But the three years show a decline in product of 4,646,780 pounds, or an average decrease of 1,548,926 pounds. At the same rate for 1887 and 1888, the wool product in Ohio for this year would be 16,604,477 pounds.

From the rapid decrease in the number of sheep I have no doubt the product this year is less than that quantity. The difference between the years 1883 and 1888 is 1,371,435 sheep and 7,744,632 pounds. We have lost over three-fourth of our sheep and nearly one-third of the annual wool product, not to mention losses from depreciation in value of both sheep and wool.

If such are the effects of so small a reduction of duty what will probably be the effect of removing the duty altogether?

Give years of free trade would probably leave Ohio with less than a million of sheep and an annual product of less than 5,000,000 pounds of wool, or about two-thirds of a pound of scoured wool for each inhabitant of our state.

The estimated decrease in the wool product of the United States is less proportion than that shown by the official statistics of Ohio.

The product of the present year in the United States is estimated at 244,000,000 pounds, which would be a decrease since 1883 in the annual product of 86,000,000 pounds. The decrease is probably greater for which common good reasons could be given, if time permitted in addition to the official statistics of Ohio.

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1888, we imported 118,583,758 pounds of foreign wool, valued at $15,857,217 as against 53,949,967 pounds in 1883, valued at $8,491,988 23. Importations have more than doubled in quantity and nearly doubled in value. We also imported $10,724,852 worth of manufactures of wool, as against $12,558,466 in 1883. During the last fiscal year the total valuation of imported wool and woolen goods was $26,612,069, as against $21,041,422 in 1883, an increase of $12,567,625. Every ounce of that product, costing at least $26,612,069, could have been produced and should have been produced at home by American labor, rather than abroad by foreign labor.

We bought abroad during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1888 $723,879,817 of foreign products of all kinds, and sold abroad only $635,982,233 of our own products of all kinds, which shows a balance of trade against us of $40,017,577. That is, the last year's trade has left the people of the United States in debt to foreign nations over forty millions, which must be paid in gold or carried over as a debt at interest, and paid at some future day. If the wool and woolen schedules of duty were what they ought to be, that $26,612,069 of wool and woolen merchandise would have been produced at home, instead of being purchased abroad. Then instead of being indebted $40,017,577 on last year's foreign trade foreign nations would have owed us $26,594,492, which they would be used to pay us in gold and the people of the United States would be $66,612,069 richer to-day than they are nearly all of which sum would have gone into the pockets of labor.

What has been the loss of the United States in this regard in the production of wool and woolens has been the gain of foreign nations, for they have to that extent supplied our market.

Again I ask if such are some of the effects of a small reduction in duty in five years, what would be the effect of free trade during the next five years? The figures establish the probability that the United States would not at the end of five years of free trade be able to produce more than two-thirds of a pound of scoured wool for each inhabitant, while six pounds for each would be a moderate allowance for the supply of the ordinary and necessary every demands of the American people. In other words, we could supply one-ninth the quantity of wool which our necessities demand.

Wool is as great a diplomat on questions of war and peace as gunpowder and as necessary to our defense and independence. Andrew Jackson, in one of his messages, mentioned wool as necessary to our independence and defense in time of war, and on that ground urged its production to the encouragement in the United States to the extent of our own needs as a nation by an adequate and suitable tariff on the imported article. He had experience in the war of 1812 and saw the government and the American people at the time pay $2 per pound for wool of an inferior quality. I do not know the price during the American revolution, but France was then fighting with us and France and Spain were our wool-growing countries. In the war of rebellion the price went above a dollar per pound, and yet we had peace abroad we and at home, an almost unobstructed access thereto to import the article. In case of war with Great Britain, even now threatened and sooner or later to occur, or with any of the great European powers, our ability to supply our own wants by importation would be more than problematic. It is hardly necessary to mention here the numerous combinations liable to lead us into war the map cavil, the Monroe doctrine and the attitude of European countries on account of it; the Chinese question the seal fisheries of the Pacific, the mackerel and cod fisheries of the northern Atlantic, the jealousy and greed of Great Britain and her provinces, as fractions of foreign trade; the protection of American citizens abroad, the greed which other foreign nations may have to secure the richest people on the face of the earth, etc.

But would be our condition at the outset of these only principles of the wool question? Our people and mere object of trade, Cobden Club [illegible]

to carry on extensive military operations for a series of years amid the rigors of a Canadian climate, or the rigors of our own Northern climate? Would the embarrassments be materially lessened in carrying on a military campaign in the unacclimated sickly regions of Mexico or Central America or even our own Southern border?

Our circumstances and surroundings and the demands of civilized warfare are quite different from what they were during the American revolution or during the war of 1812, or even during the war of the rebellion. Even if we could get the wool from abroad during such wars, which is very doubtful, the cost of it at $3 $4 or $5 per pound, would present a serious question on putting a million of soldiers into the field.

What do the modern statesmen of the country mean by trying to destroy wool production in the United States, by now placing it on the free list though it has been on the protected list since 1816 just after the close of the war of 1812? This industry once broken down will require many years and large expenditures for its restoration. It is an industry of slow growth and cannot be forced by sudden efforts but if we should need fortifications, arms or ammunition for purposes of war they can be quickly supplied. Have these new light statesmen to foresight? Do they belong to a class of men whose capacity limits them to a single idea, and who are ready to break down every barrier and safeguard and blindly overleap every intervening obstacle, regardless of consequences, to gain a single object or accomplish a single purpose?

Is their purpose to reduce the surplus revenue? That purpose could be better accomplished by increasing the duty on wool and woolens. Can it be that the experiences of the late war have created a desire on the part of a few disconnected spirits to weaken the strong arm of the government in war? What can be the motive for this persistent, unceasing unpatriotic crusade, to strike down a single industry, so necessary to our independence and defense in war, and so necessary to the health, comfort and to the general welfare of our people?

Have the teachings of Washington, Jefferson Madison, Monroe and Andrew Jackson been forgotten? This new light statesmanship which fosters foreign industries rather than our own will, sooner or later be burned up in the fierce indignation of the American people. The old adage, "In peace prepare for war" seems to be reversed. We have only one breech loading rifled cannon of modern make for our entire army and that is only a 3 2-10 inch bore. We have five or six of such for the navy, no fortifications, but we put millions each year into river improvements, to be swept away at the next freshet.

What more necessary, careful, thoughtful preparation in peace could be made than to provide a good supply of good, warm cloth ing material, within our own borders, beyond the accidents and perils of war, for sixty millions of people? England is seeking the control of the wool product of the world. Success in that enterprise would give her more power over the United States, and over the fighting nations of the earth, than her entire armament on the ocean, at less than one-tenth the cost.

It is the duty of the wool manufacturers, as I believe it is their wish to stop this bigging about a cent or two per pound protection on wool, and assist us to secure full and ample protection for this industry, while we assist in procuring as we most earnestly desire, ample and full protection for the manufacturer. The interests of flockmasters and manufacturers of wool are one and indivisible. Indeed, the two form but a single industry. We, by our industry, convert the grass and the grain into the fleece, and they take the fleece and convert it into clothing. And thus they and we are hand in hand engaged in different parts of a common enterprise. The free traders claim that wool should be put on the free list in order to benefit the manufacturer by giving him free raw materials and thus enabling him to compete with his product in the world's market. The wool manufacturers can not see it in that light, and they distrust the motives of the free traders. They know that under the present laws they can import foreign wools and manufacture them for a foreign market at the nominal duty of 1 cent per pound for ordinary combing and clothing wools and ½ cent and ¼ of a cent per pound on two classes of carpet wools—just enough to pay for regulating the business. Why don't they manufacture for foreign markets? The American manufacturers are unwilling to be dependent upon foreign nations for their raw material and they know that they cannot compete in foreign markets until they have first supplied their own, and cannot do so even then until American labor, American capital American machinery and American power to drive it are as cheap as those procured by foreign manufacturers. Thus the American manufacturer of woolen goods is a mere false pretense, a sham and a fraud.

The movement to put wool on the free list is the first step toward the greatest change in the revenue system of the United States it has ever experienced. The ordinary expenses of the government have heretofore been paid mainly from customhouse duties, which policy, with a wise and discriminating adjustment of the duties, has been the source of protection to American industries. Now, for the first time in the history of this government, direct taxation is advocated as a permanent source of revenue and that the entire reduction of the surplus revenue shall be accomplished by reducing the rate of tariff duties. We collected during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1888, from internal revenue, $125,000,000, and the revenue from that source is rapidly increasing, while the necessary expenses of the government are rapidly diminishing. That source of revenue was designed and provided in the constitution for emergencies and has been resorted to three times during the life of the republic, and has each time been abandoned when the emergency ceased to exist. Its continuance now as a permanent source of revenue will destroy absolutely the principle of protection in the enactment and administration of the laws, and will result in practical free trade within fifteen years. It effects an entire change in the industrial policy of the United States and must result in the establishment of a system of labor as cheap as that of Europe. The necessary logic of this new position is free trade and an overturning of our industrial system which has been a hundred years in its building. What warrant hypocrisy for any one to deprecate the lesser evil of a few hundred or a few thousand imported laborers who compete with our laborers whilst advocating an increase of the $72,000,000 of imported products of foreign labor now annually imported the most of which compete in a greater degree with our labor. Imported laborers would at least be fed here, but if the products of their labor is imported there is no setoff. Ninety per cent of all products is labor in some form, and nearly all original wealth is the product of labor. When the labor of a country is steadily employed at remunerative wages that country is getting rich, and its people are individually prosperous and happy. Why should a lot of mere theorists, without practical experience or wisdom, be permitted to interfere and by a change of policy turn back the tide of prosperity which has made us the richest most productive, best educated and happiest people on the globe?

Of the $723,000,000 and over of foreign labor products imported last year Ohio's share, according to population, would be about forty-three and two-thirds million dollars. If Ohio was obliged to hire forty three and two thirds million dollars' worth of work each year where is the statesman who would advocate giving such a job as that to England France or Germany instead of our own countrymen as contractors and laborers because it was a little cheaper? You can figure out the share of the work which each county is entitled to have as its share.

This is a parallel case. The real question is who shall have the work to do? Shall American citizens, who support the government and all our institutions, local and national, and who defend them in war, have the work to do? Or shall foreigners, who have abroad, do their work abroad, support other governments and other institutions, and fight against us in case of war, have it to do and enjoy its advantages protected by our laws, without taxation? When applied to the woolen industry, 90 per cent of which is labor in some form the question is whether Americans shall have the privilege of doing the work at fair American prices, or whether Australians and South Americans shall have it to do at prices which they will fix from year to year for us to pay.

The present free trade agitation is largely the off-shoot of the cheap labor system, which was destroyed by the late war, as well as the cause of the war, and is fostered by England through her Cobden Club and others.

Let me give here a quotation from a couple of American speakers at the Cobden club dinner in London, June 30, 1887. Speaking of the trade Cobden Club [illegible]

Carlisle, the speaker of the house of representatives in the congress of the United States, and the other is from Hon. Henry Watterson the brilliant editor of the Louisville *Courier-Journal*:

On February 7, 1883, the same year that he joined the Cobden Club, in a speech in the house of representatives on the subject of duties on iron and iron ore, Mr. Carlisle said (*Congressional Record*, Forty-seventh congress, second session, page 2242). "If you will remove those high protective duties, the skill, the capital and the enterprise of the Northern States, instead of locating manufacturing establishments in Pennsylvania, New Jersey and elsewhere, where the material conditions are unfavorable, will go to those localities in the South and West where all the conditions are favorable, and establish their industries there. I repeat, if you will take off these high duties, remove the counties which the government exacts from the people for the benefit of the rolling mills, blasting furnaces and steel railway mills in places where they can not successfully be operated without the bounty, they will go to the West and South and build up that country. * * * The only competition which they (the South) need to fear is the competition of New England—not that of old England. If you want to help the South and the West remove those high protective duties from the articles which they have to use, encourage the capital and skill of the North to locate in those sections and they will be developed without any expense to the people who consume their products."

I now quote from a recent number of Mr. Watterson's paper as copied in the New York *Sun*. "Southern farmers men should bear in mind that a high duty on imports will keep up active competition in Northern furnaces, while a very moderate duty would protect a fair profit from foreign competition, while greatly enlarging their field by closing many Northern furnaces on account of the cost of production."

Both quotations breathe the same thoughts and though they relate to a single protected industry would with equal grace cover any and all others. They would reduce the tariff so low that the North with its high wages could not produce but leave it high enough to enable the cheaper labor of the South to control the market.

Such narrow sectional and unpatriotic sentiments ought not to guide either the legislation or the administration in this great republic. Ins ead of building up, they would strike down by indirection the great industries of the North where three-fourths of all in the whole country are located, where three-fourths of the labor and the voting population reside and where three-fourths of the capital of the whole United States is owned and invested.

Such sentiments would divide the profits of the iron industry in the best market of the world with old England, rather than Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New England or the North. I wish to call your attention and that of the country to the absence of statesmanship and to the presence of intense sectionalism embodied in the sentiments which I have quoted. Mills and his colleagues were selected by the gentlemen whom I have quoted and their advisers to take the first step, and they constitute the power behind the throne direct the legislation, and make up the political issues for the citizens of the great American republic.

WARDNER'S NEW CONCENTRATOR.

Successful Test of Machinery for Reducing the Ore of the Lama and Last Chance Mines.

Spokane Falls Review.

The just completed concentrator of the Spokane Concentrating Company, which has been erected for the concentration of the ore of the Lumas and Last Chance mine, started up yesterday, and the run so far has been very successful. The concentrator is located at the head of Main street, Wardner on Mito creek right at the base of the Lama and Last Chance mine, with which it is connected by a substantial tramway, on the same principle as that used in the Bunker Hill and Sullivan mine, and with a capacity of 288 tons per day of twenty-four hours. The concentrator is a perfect piece of mechanism, substantially built, and designed so that it can with small additional cost be increased the output of the mine justifies. It is built on the most approved plan, and its present capacity in ore is about forty tons per diem. The tramway is some 1800 feet in length, the vertical light to the level of tunnel No 1 being 830 feet. The cars used have capacity for a ton of ore, the ore being deposited in a series of bins at the summit of the concentrator, from which it passes through the various processes of concentration, coming out ready for sacking on the loading platform at the base of the building. The clearing for the site of the concentrator and tramway was commenced on July 20, and the first timber was laid on the 1st of August. The whole work has thus been completed in fifty days, by far the quickest piece of concentrator building work so far accomplished in the Coeur d'Alenes. The machinery of the concentrator and the tramway was supplied by the well known house of Fraser & Chalmer of Chicago. Mr A M Esler superintended construction and was ably supported by his assistant, W Richard O'Neil. The lumber contract was executed by the Cameron Bros of the Milo sawmills.

ABOUT THE COMPANY.

The Spokane Concentrating Company was organized under the laws of Washington territory, with chief offices at Spokane Falls, on August 14 1888, the incorporators being Frank R Moore, Chas Sweeney, A M Esler, John W Chapman and Cyrus R Burns. Mr. Burns being appointed president Mr Chapman vice-president, Mr S R Moore treasurer, and Mr Esler general manager of the new organization. The Lumas and Last Chance mine which property will supply ore for this new Spokane enterprise, is composed principally of Spokane capitalists. The claim was located by Mike Flaherty, Mike Carlin, John King and John M. Burke. It was taken up some three years ago at the time of the discovery of the Bunker Hill and Sullivan mines, from which claim it is 1200 feet northwesterly on the same vein. It lay undeveloped for a year, when Mr Moore and Chas Sweeney bought out the interests of Mike Flaherty, Mike Carlin and John King, and with Mr Burke and Mr Barney Goldsmith commenced to inspect the claim for all it was worth.

A tunnel was started, which reached the ore body some 250 feet from the point of entry.

CHANGE IN OWNERSHIP.

In March last a further change in ownership occurred. Messrs Chapman and Burns of Spokane Falls with W A. M. Duster of Helena purchasing the interest held by Mr Goldsmith and Mr Burke. Since then the Lumas has rapidly developed into a great mine. The vein has been cleared for some 250 feet. Cross cuts here and there show a uniform shaft, galena ore varying from 4 to 8 feet. A shaft from the surface has been sunk penetrating the ore body more than 100 feet, and latterly a second tunnel 130 feet below the main tunnel has been started which will strike the vein some 500 feet from the surface, this tunnel being now in 400 feet. The mine is looking remarkably well. The ore is very uniform in quality, assaying on an average 30 ounces in silver and 70 per cent in lead. In developing the mine so far some 4000 tons of ore have been taken out which now lie on the dump and will be passed through the mill. The ore body exposed in the mine would keep the present contractor running for many months, and there is apparently no limit to the supply which the development work now in hand will expose. The present concentrator will be used to serve as an aid to the development of the mine than for the production of the immense body of ore at present exposed, and the company contemplate in the near future the erection of greatly increased facilities, which they have anticipated in the tramway capacity provided.

Fatal Accident to a Pioneer.

Kittitas *Localizer*. J. D. Olmstead, an old resident of this valley, while returning from town to his home distant some seven miles east of the city, met a steam thresher in the road and halted his team to let the thresher pass. He started his horses when, as he thought there was no further danger. But one of the horses, a very spirited one, started to run, and Mr Olmstead, to check them, reined them into the fence. Whether the horse struck the fence which wife, he shyed from it, overturning the whirlboard and throwing Mr Olmstead violently to the ground, causing an ugly scalp wound and injuring him internally. He was brought to town for medical treatment, but in spite of all that could be done he died the following day, Saturday. The funeral was conducted from the M. E. church on Sunday. Thus passes away one of our old pioneers. He was 65 years of age.

WASHINGTON COUNTY FAIR.

A Very Creditable Display of Live Stock and Agricultural Productions.

The Pavilion Well Filled With Fruits, Flowers and Vegetables and Specimens of Fancy Work—Attendance Good.

The annual fair of Washington county opened at Hillsboro the county seat on Tuesday morning with a fine and creditable display of live stock specimens of fancy work and articles of domestic use.

In connection with the live stock the fair was a decided success, some horses and some cattle being superior to any exhibited at the late state fair, and which, from their excellence it seems somewhat strange were not present on that occasion.

It is a boast of the citizens of Washington county that they possess better live stock and more live stock generally than any other county in Oregon. Judging from such stock as is on exhibition at the present fair the first clause of the boast seems to have much force, however prefect was it may sound, and in support of the second clause it certainly may be said there was a great want of recommendation for the stock present. But beyond giving the main features of the case this is a matter with which in principle, THE OREGONIAN has nothing to do. If the boast only induces the people of Washington to make sure of the position they claim and other counties to better mention ing the fact in a friendly spirit may do good.

THE HORNED CATTLE.

Messrs McFldowney and Hawthorne of Hillsboro have a fine herd of eight shorthorns which would stand competition with advantage anywhere. Foremost among these is Kirk Livingston 3 red bull by Kirk Livingston 8 dam Jewel 4 year old, weighs 2350 pounds and was imported from Illinois, but came originally from Canadian stock. There is no mistake about the weight of this grand animal, for it was proved on the grounds. Two thousand three hundred pounds breaks the record for weight at the state fair. This is indeed, a most superb animal and as docile and gentle as a calf lamb.

The same firm have also a yearling bull, by Cottonwood from Ocean Bird both Calif formia animals. This youngster for his age is also very promising and weighs 1386 pounds. They also exhibit four cows—two four years old and two two year old all fine animals.

Wm. H McEldowney, Hillsboro shows a fine cow Lady Glen by Cottonwood from Markham Maid, with a five months calf, both very fine, the calf weighing 450 pounds already.

Messrs Ladd and Reed send one graded shorthorn cow from their farm at Reedsville 5 years old, weighs 1800 pounds. This cow was not at the state fair.

Isaac Butler of Hillsboro shows Buckshot, a red shorthorn cow, sire not given, dam Multomah Belle by Hamlet. A very fine animal.

Wm. Chalmers Sr of Cornelius shows a herd of twelve shorthorns, six graded and six thoroughbred. Rockbrook Duke, bull, by Royal Duke, dam by same, 2 years old, weighs 1500 pounds. This bull was imported from Iowa in 1886 by T. C. McEldowney. Prince of Cornelia, yearling bull, registered by Judge Howland, dam Princess Second. The mother was imported from Pennsylvania a year ago and took first prize at the last Hillsboro fair as best shorthorn. A very promising youngster. Mayflower, cow, by Duke of Gabalain dam Honest Pride, 4 years old, with bull calf by Earl of Mara 9 months, that weighs 600 pounds. This youngster bids fair to be another honor to Oregon. The graded animals, a mixture of Ayrshires and shorthorns, are all good.

Wm Chalmers of Cornelius—A herd of three full blooded shor horns, two heifers and one yearling, out of cows from the Honeysuckle family. All very fine. A young bull, seven months, by Rockbrook Duke out of Highland Maid weighs 800 pounds.

T. & Todd Forest Grove—A herd of fine Holsteins, first, Groveland, bull, by Sir Ed Landseer, imported from New York, dam June Rose 2-year-old, weighs 1620 pounds. Oregon raised animal. Haggard bull, by Golden Dreams Print, dam Forest Queen 4, 4 year-old, weighs 1000 pounds. Forest Queen 2 by Sir Ed Landseer, dam Forest Queen 1, 5-year-old. This cow has a record of 50 pounds of milk a day. Two bull calves are also very fine.

George Alexander, Forest Grove—A bull, one year old, graded three-fourths Holstein by Tornado, dam by Forest Queen. Tornado is from Mr Stewart's herd, one of the first people in Oregon to import the Holstein cattle.

D C. Stewart and son Forest Grove—A herd of eight Holsteins, bull Fanshul Royal Aaggie, by imported Royal Aaggie, dam Fanciful, one year old, weighs 1000 pounds, though in poor condition is very promising. Younger Forest Queen by Arnato 2 dam Mildwauld 13 six years old. Mildwauld was the first Holste in imported into Oregon; Forest Queen has a record of sixty pounds of milk a day. Milky Maine a very good yearling. Four heifers, two thoroughbred and two graded, are also very fine animals.

During the last three years Mr Stewart has shipped over sixty head of Holsteins into the state which he has sold to parties in California, Washington territory and British Columbia. Of later date he has not done much shipping, but the state is largely indebted to him for the introduction of those beautiful cattle. He will soon have one of his steers to the Portland fat cattle show—a large fine beast, weighing 1500 pounds.

Col T R. Cornelius of Cornelius—Holstein bull, by Sir Edward Landseer cam Mildwauld 13 4 years old, weighs 2000 pounds. This is an Oregon bull all through and is a fine an animal as can be seen in any country.

Henry Buxton of Forest Grove—Bull, Forest King shorthorn, by Red Thorndale, dame Ballachini 6 years old, weighs 2121 pounds. Another Oregon record breaker. As a yearling in 1883 he took first premium at the state fair. He is a grand an imal now. Rosy cow shorthorn, by Duke John, dam November 6 years old, the heifer calf two months old by Forest King from Rosy very good. Heifer, imported from Pennsylvania, 1 year old from James Smonton's herd in that state also very good.

A H Johnson, Portland—A herd of eight Shorthorns and Herefords. These were raised at Mr Johnson's farm near Reedville, and are all fine animals. Royal Sharon, bull, by Burrington Sharon dam Zilrath, 2 years old weighs 1000 pounds; very fine. Bull Tidy Boy, Hereford, 3 years old, imported from Indiana a year ago weighs 1900 pounds, one of the finest bulls in the state. Baroness, cow by Lucian, dam Baroness 8 7 years old weighs 1500 pounds. Imported from England 4 years ago. Strawberry Blossom, by Redcoat, dam Baroness, a yearling an Oregon animal, standing side by side with her noble mother, allowing for age, is he better of the two. Shows great milking capacity and weighs 1200 pounds. She sire Redcloth was imported from England. Pretty Lady, by Thoughtful, dam Lady, 2 years old, weighs 1300 pounds. Both sire and dam were imported animals.

Henry Buxton Forest Grove—Roan Durham bull, by Red Thorndale 13, dam Ballechine 6, six years old weighs 2120, An Oregon bull and a remarkably fine one. Cow, imported from Pennsylvania, 6 years old, with calf two months old. Both very fine.

Mr Tongue's cattle were the same as at the state fair.

Alex Chambers of Corvallis—A herd of eight shorthorns, Bull Earl Seaforth, by Earl of Darlington 7, imported by Messrs Ladd & Reed, dam Glossy 3, one-year-old, weighs 1300 pounds. A fine Oregon youngster. Jumper cow, by Waterman, dam Glossy 13 three years old, with calf by Rock brook five months old. Both an honor to Oregon. Ocean Wave, by Earl of Darlington, dam Mignonette, 2 years old. Fair Mae Morning, same sire from Mill eit, both wonderfully handsome cows, showing great milking capacity. Bella Donna by Waterman dam Millburn, also very fine, indeed. Rockbrook, 1 yearling, dam Fair Mae Morning, very fine, and a bull calf 6 months old, by Rockbrook Duke, dam Mignonette also very fine. In fact Mr Chambers's lot of cattle were all of very fine merit.

The attendance at the fair has been steady and many have been at Hillsboro since Monday, but some silly person in Hillsboro sent out a report that some one coming into town sick or has smallpox. After examination instituted by the city authorities it was found that the report was false, caused by the sickness of a child of Mr Mumford, who has been quarantined, and the report caused a number of persons to remain away from the fair who would otherwise have been present. There is no smallpox in Hillsboro.

Ayer's Pills,

Prepared by Dr J. C. Ayer & Co. Lowell Mass. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine.

EAST PORTLAND LETTER LIST.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the postoffice at East Portland Or., Sept. 20, 1888:

WOMEN'S LIST.

Byers, Mrs Emma
Berger, Mrs C F
Buckley, Mrs A
Benson, Ella M
Burnham Cassity
Chanos, Mrs Jane
Chamberlain Louisa
Culbertson, Laura
Collison, Mrs Mary
Dolis, Mrs Frank
Dudley, Mrs H S
Euberg, Helen
Forbest Mrs
Greenes, Mrs Annie
Hinmons, Mrs J H
Hatch, Mrs Fril a
Jones, Mrs Maggie
Jones Mrs H W
Moore, Mrs E W
Marshall Mrs Lottie
McDonald Mrs S K
Ostenander, Mrs Sadie
Page, Mrs Fred
Stelbach, Miss Ella
Sewell, Bessie
Sylvester, Lelia
Smilli, Mrs A M
Shepard, Mrs Jenn
Watson Mrs Mina A
Wright, Miss Ella

MEN'S LIST.

Bradley, A
Buchanan, Thos
Benjamin R
Cull Jas
Clyde Mr
Chairman T H
Dego C
Durpan, D P
Dr Hoy Rev R L
Dunn James
Ehrens Louis
Etter Samuel
Ferguson Allen
Fuller, B F
Kellner Daniel
Harvey J
Hill, W C
Hines Jas S
Irving, John
Jones Frank
Jones Jos
Kelsf, Martin
King Jas C
Moore O L
Mills C D
Mason, Grist
Martin, Taddy
Matlock, Burt
Nickels John
Olsen, Mr
Pierce Jas
Parma, Rodney
Parker F S
Potter John W
Potter Wm D
Pe, R F
Roberts Wm A
Storey, Benj
Stevens James
Simmons David
Sim H T John W
Smith Fred
Williams Wm R
Wiltholm, G
Zeller

W E WELCH P M

Headache,

Pain in the Side and Back, and Constipation, indicate that the digestive and excretory organs are in a disordered condition, and that a laxative is needed. For this purpose, Ayer's Cathartic Pills are the best medicine that can be used.

Ayer's Pills are a never-failing remedy for Headaches caused by a Disordered Stomach. I suffered for years from this malady, and never found anything to give me more than temporary relief, until I began taking Ayer's Pills. This medicine always acts promptly and thoroughly, an occasional dose being all that is required to keep me in perfect health.—Mrs Harriet A. Marble, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

I have found entire relief from Constipation, Stomach troubles, and Nervous Headache, by taking Ayer's Cathartic Pills. I suffered a long time from these complaints, was under medical treatment, without obtaining relief, and a part of the time was unable to work. A friend, who had been similarly afflicted, urged me to take Ayer's Pills. I commenced using this remedy, and, by the time I had taken four boxes, was cured.—F. L. Dobson, Topeka, Kans.

Ayer's Pills,

Prepared by Dr J. C. Ayer & Co. Lowell Mass. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine.

YOU

are hustling around for your share of the world's good gifts, and it's hard work—think of something else.

This constant work will tell sometime—perhaps it has already—and nervousness, sleeplessness, neuralgic and rheumatic aches and pains are part of the "good gifts" your hustling has won.

If you are that way, let us give you a prescription—no charge for the prescription, though it will cost a dollar to have it filled by your druggist.

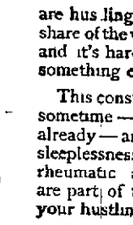
PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

Sig Use according to directions

All druggists keep it. It will strengthen your nerves, tone up your whole system, and make you bless us for prescribing this great nerve tonic.

Be sure to get the genuine, prepared only by

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO Burlington, Vt.



GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

BAKER'S

Warranted *absolutely pure Cocoa*, from which the excess of Oil has been removed. It has *three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup*. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, easily digested and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

[illegible]

Is the Nearest, Most Beautiful And Accessible Of Portland's Suburbs, And what is more: Its Lots are by far the Cheapest.

SPECIAL CAR

At Morrison street bridge. Round trip every thirty minutes, leaving on the hour and half-hour.

J. FRED CLARK & SONS, Agents for the Sunnyside Land and Improvement Company, 18 Stark st. and at Sunnyside.

FOR SALE.

Lots 16 and 17 Block 84, with good house in Belmont.
Lots 1 and 2, Block 149 large house, East Portland. $ 750
East ½ Lot 7 and 8 Block 143, 2 good houses, East Portland. 4,500
120 acres 6 miles from La Center, W T. 3,000
acres cultivated good orchard, good living water all under fence, 2 cows with calves, 3 head young cattle, 3 horses, harness, wagon, mower, rakes, harrow, sled, 2 harness, 26 acres, all cultivated, 2 miles from Milwaukie. 2400
3 Lots all on Twentieth st., cheap. 2400
A fine farm of 150 acres at La Center W T. 5250
good house, outbuildings, good orchard, etc. 40 acres in cultivation.
Apply to W. H. WEST & CO., 162 Front st. 5500

FOR SALE, FIFTY LOTS

—IN—

NEW WESTCOM,

Now coming to the front on Puget Sound. Write for [illegible]

CLOSE ATCHES

Cover your Face and [illegible] your Limbs

MEAN RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA OR KINDRED ILLS.

Cured by DRUGGISTS & DEALERS. The Chas. A. Vogeler Co. BALTO., MD.

"NOW-A-DAYS TRUTH IS NEW." COPYRIGHT

Have you heard the latest news "Liver, body painless [illegible]

SAPOLIO."

It is a solid cake of Scouring Soap. Try it in your next house cleaning.

To common sub other things not being worthless advertisers suffer because of advertisements are found unreliable. Was there however ever one that held as strong as a good measure of truthfulness, as the plain and large outlays in this line show confidence in one's goods. The large sums spent every year in advertising Sapolio lead the minds of women to make a study of it, read the advertisement to reduce their hours of labor by the use of that well known article. No 27

SPECIALISTS.

Offices in the ARLINGTON, 63½ Second St. NEAR Cor. of Morrison, PORTLAND, OR.

POSITIVELY CURE

NERVOUS Debility Spermatorrhœa, Seminal Losses Night Emissions, Loss of Vital Power, Sleeplessness, Despondency, Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Lassitude, Gloominess, Depression of Spirits, Easily Discouraged, Lack of Confidence, Dull, Restless, Unfit for Study or Business and Self-Distrust, PERMANENTLY AND PRIVATELY CURED.

BLOOD AND SKIN Diseases Syphilis, in all its stages, the most horrible in its results and fatal to either sex, the use of mercury, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Fever Sores, Pimples, Ulcers, Pain in the Head and Bones, Syphilitic Sore Throat, Mouth or Tongue, Catarrh, etc., permanently cured when others have failed.

URINARY Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Weak Back, Burning Urine, Frequency of Urination, Brick, High-colored or Milky, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Cystitis, etc., promptly and safely cured. Charges reasonable.

To Young and Middle-Aged Men.

A SURE CURE The awful effects of early vice while it ruins Organic Weakness, destroys both mind and body, and with all its dreadful train of evils, is permanently cured.

URETHRAL STRICTURE cured. Removal complete. Painful operation avoided.

DR. VINTON addresses those who have impaired themselves by improper indulgence and solitary habits which ruin both body and mind, unfitting them for business, study or marriage.

—THE—

Canadian Dispensary,

PRIVATE DISPENSARY,

Nos. 132, 134 Third St., Portland, Or.

Young, Middle-aged and Old, Single or Married.

And all Who Suffer from LOST MANHOOD,

Nervous Debility, Seminal Losses, Failing Memory, Weak Eyes, Lack of Energy, Impediment to Marriage, Age, Abuse and Self-Abuse, Diseases, Pimples, Blotches, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Weak Back, Burning Urine, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture—recent or disturbing, treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Both Sexes Consulted Confidentially.

DR. WARREN'S

[illegible] BITTERS.

Extract from letter received Sept. 14th. "It is impossible to give even an idea of what I have suffered for years. I tried everything and doctored with the best doctors on the coast—at times get up for a few days' relief only to be fixed by a return of my stomach troubles. Last spring I began taking your Vera Buena Bitters, and for two months now I eat everything that is set before me, my sleep is regular, and I again take pleasure in the society of my friends."

DR. RICORD'S RESTORATIVE PILLS.

BUY NONE BUT THE GENUINE.

Specific for Exhausted Vitality, Physical Debility, Wasted Forces, Nervous Derangements, Constitutional Weakness, etc., etc.

Approved by the Academy of Medicine, Paris, and the Medical Celebrities of the World.

Agents J. G. STEELE & CO., 635 Market street. Palace Hotel Cigar Emporium.

Sent by mail or express anywhere. Box of 50, $1.25; of 100 $2.00; of 250 $3.50; or 400 $6.00. Preparatory Pills, $2.00. Send for Circular.

Cc Circular.

Nervous, Tired Women Cured by Ford's

Nervous exhaustion comes from any function of the nerves. A

COMMERCIAL.

WEDNESDAY, Sept. 26.

Merchandise received or soon to arrive by rail: 1 car agricultural implements, 12 cs books, 9 bdls paper, 83 cs boots and shoes, 2 cs carpet, 2 rls floor cloth, 138 pkgs tobacco, 17 cs cigars, 67 cses glassware, 5 cs drugs, 9 cs medicine, 46 cs dry goods, 19 cs domestics, 22 cs clothing, 2 cs hats and caps, 5 pkges furniture, 68 pkges hardware, 4 organs, 11 pkges paints, 5 bbls oil, 7 cs candles, 6 cs lard, 55 cs salt fish, 50 cs canned vegetables, 45 pkges wagon material, 100 cses beer, 62 iron hand pumps, 6 cs rubber goods, 35 cans tallow, 4 cses zinc, 3 bbls earthenware, 75 pkges wood and willow ware.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS—Past 24 hours: 22,566 ctls wheat, 649 bbls flour, 3212 ctls oats, 300 ctls barley, 96 ctls millstuffs, 12 sks potatoes, 17 827 lbs wool, 8276 lbs hides, 20 pkges dry fruit, 1 car and 8 hd cattle.

A great deal of fruit was brought up from San Francisco on the G. W. Elder, but owing to delay and bad weather it came out in poor shape, being badly bruised most of it.

Says the San Francisco *Commercial News*: Tin plate and block tin are dull at unchanged rates for spot, while the former is in good demand for next season's delivery. The New York *Shipping List* of the 12th says:

The London market has continued to advance, and yesterday jumped £3, touching £104 spot, and £104 10s futures, the highest price since the notable break last spring, and the trading showed fair activity, the sales amounting to 30 tons spot and 500 tons futures, but here buyers are evidently afraid of the stability of values and operate only to cover their actual requirements, and the response to the London advance has been tame. As to the influences that are at work, there is some difference of opinion, but the bulls claim that a strong speculative clique has again obtained control and will maintain the advance, while dealers appear to have no faith in the present situation. The only trading here has comprised 35 tons October at £2 90 and 40 tons September at 23 cents. Yesterday there were buyers of spot and September at 23 cents and sellers at 24 40@23 30 and business was possible at 23½ cents cash for 5-ton lots, but the market was generally dull. We quote for jobbing lots of Banca 23¼, Straits and Malacca 23⅜ cents cash, and 23½ 30 days, Billiton 23½, Australian 23¼ cash, 23⅜ 30 days. Tin plates—Supplies are firmly held, and higher prices are asked for all grades, in sympathy with the upward tendency of pig tin, but the demand for all grades, both spot and future, has been of moderate proportions, and the market has ruled quiet.

Concerning the salt-fish market, in which a shortage has been feared by some, an Eastern journal says:

Very discouraging reports are received from the mackerel and cod fishermen, and thus far the season's catch has dwindled to such insignificant proportions that a marked scarcity is foreshadowed and prices are steadily advancing. The latest published statistics show that from the 1st of January to September 1, the mackerel catch amounted to only 19,992 barrels, against 39,504 for the corresponding time in 1887, 40,083 in 1886 and 227,333 in 1885. Under these circumstances it is evident that supplies will soon be exhausted, especially as the latest accounts from the fishing fleets do not promise any improvement. It is estimated that the supply of salt fish in first hands will be exhausted before winter.

The following is a statement of wheat deliveries by English farmers, imports into the U. K. and quantities afloat for the week ended as below, together with the corresponding period 1887:

FARMERS DELIVERING.

Sept. 17, 1888	15,655 qrs. wheat, at 28s 8d	
Sept. 24, 1888	35,614 qrs. wheat, at 34s 11d	
Sept. 19, 1887	74,000 qrs. wheat, at 28s 9d	
Sept. 26, 1887	72,000 qrs. wheat, at 28s 9d	

IMPORTS.

Sept. 18, 1888	248,000 qrs. wheat
	291,000 bbls. flour
Sept. 25, 1888	402,000 qrs. wheat
	185,000 bbls. flour
Sept. 20, 1887	320,000 qrs. wheat
	202,000 bbls. flour
Sept. 27, 1887	196,000 qrs. wheat
	222,000 bbls. flour

QUANTITIES AFLOAT.

Sept. 18, 1888, wheat and flour	2,320,000 qrs. for U. K.
Wheat	754,000 qrs. for Cont'n
Sept. 25, 1888, wheat and flour	2,368,000 qrs. for U. K.
Wheat	731,000 qrs. for Cont'n
Sept. 21, 1887, wheat and flour	1,722,000 qrs. for U. K.
Wheat	271,000 qrs. for Cont'n
Sept. 28, 1887, wheat and flour	1,622,000 qrs. for U. K.
Wheat	253,000 qrs. for Cont'n

WHEAT—The market still continues quiet with no sales reported. Our quotations of $1 80@1 81¼ for Eastern Oregon and $1 85@1 87½ for valley are merely nominal. The receipts for the week are: 112,279 ctls Eastern Oregon and 31,605 ctls valley. It has been reported here that a cargo of valley wheat brought 40s prompt delivery. There seems but little doubt but that the Dakota and Minnesota wheat crop will fall from 35,000,000 to 40,000,000 bushels short, although reports are conflicting.

FREIGHTS—Dull and inactive.

FLOUR—Receipts for the past six days 3713 bbls from valley and 2451 bbls from Eastern Oregon. The market is easy and quiet, with quotations unchanged. Standards bring $4 50, Eastern Oregon brands $4.

The Portland correspondent of the *Northwestern Miller*, in speaking of the China flour trade, says:

As I stated in my last, the China trade, amounting to 2500 tons per month, has been entirely in the hands of California shippers until the past year, when the opening of the Canadian line gave Oregon millers a chance. They could not be expected to let go of so valuable a market without a struggle, and ever since the announcement was made that the Danube would be brought out to help Portland in this trade, the San Francisco line has been trying to establish a rate with the Canadian folks that would permit them to hold the field. It appears that they have been successful, for a rate has been agreed upon of $7 per ton from San Francisco and $9 from Portland. The ground upon which this discrimination is based is that wheat is about 10c cheaper here than at the Golden Gate. Our merchants have protested, and have proposed a division of the trade at uniform rates, Oregon to have one-fourth and California three-fourths, but have been unsuccessful. They have been notified that the rate will be $9 in future. They say they will not ship at this rate, and are of the opinion that the Canadian folks will soon see that there is more in handling the trade of Oregon all alone than in playing second fiddle to the Pacific Mail in San Francisco. If they do not, an effort will be made to put on a line of steamers from this port to Hong Kong. This ought to be done in any event. Portland is now the terminus of three distinct transcontinental systems, and as such should have an independent line of steamers in the Asiatic trade. In this enterprise the Northern Pacific and Union Pacific (owning the Oregon Railroad & Navigation Co.) could pool interests and jointly support a steamship line, to their great mutual and individual benefit. At all events Portland proposes to hold her share of the flour trade with China, and, if forced to put on a line for self-protection, will be able to crowd San Francisco so close as to secure the greater portion of the trade, if not all of it, owing to the cheaper wheat and the equally good, or better, quality of the flour.

OATS—Receipts for the past six days heavy, 15,078 ctls. The market is weak in sympathy with San Francisco. There is plenty offering at 31@32½c.

MILLSTUFF—Receipts for the past six days: Barley, 1140 ctls: bran, 200 ctls; mixed, 1433 ctls. Quote shorts, $15 50@16 50; bran, $13 50@14 50; chop, $18 00@20 00; chopped barley, $24 00@25 00.

VEGETABLES—The market is quiet with steady demand. We quote tomatoes 75c a box, cabbage ½@1c, Oregon cauliflower 35@50c per dozen, red peppers 3c per pound.

POTATOES—Receipts for the past six days, 323 sks. The market is well stocked and new arp going freely. We quote Irish 30@40c a sack, sweets 2@2½c per pound.

ONIONS—Market easy. We quote 65@85c.

CHEESE—Nothing but Oregon in the market now. Quote Oregon 13@14, Eastern creamery 13½c.

GREEN FRUITS—The receipts for the past six days have been four carloads and 2000 boxes. The market is strong in most quarters. We quote: Peaches 75c@$1 00 a box, grapes 75c@$1 00 a box, pears 75c@$1 00 a box, apples 50@75c a box, prunes 50@60c a box, lemons $6@6 50 a box, bananas $3 50@4 50 a bunch.

DRIED FRUITS—Receipts for the past six days 381 pkgs. New stock coming in still. We quote: Sun dried quartered apples 5@5c, factory sliced 8½c, factory plums 9@10c, Oregon prunes 8@10c, pears 9@10c, peaches 10@11c. Raisins are firm at $2 75 a box. Eastern dried fruits remain unchanged. Raspberries are higher, and Eastern peeled peaches are 2 cents higher. Evaporated apples are low, and the old stock is being cleaned up in good shape.

PROVISIONS—Eastern meats and lard are very firm. The market is bare, hardly enough to fill orders. Quote: Eastern hams 15½@16c, breakfast bacon 13½c, shoulders but few in the market, a small lot of Oregons received selling at 11½c. Lard is steady. Quote: 11¾@12½c.

EGGS—The market has been very stiff all the week, though showing signs of weakness. The receipts for the past six days have been 712 cs Oregon stock, and 345 cs of Iowaeggs. Quote 27½c, and likely to go to 25c at any time.

BUTTER—Receipts for the past six days 92 pkgs. The market is very strong and quick. We quote choice dairy 65c a roll or 32½c a pound, good to fair 27½@30c, common 20@22½c.

POULTRY—All kinds plentiful, chickens alone remaining firm. Turkeys, geese and ducks weak. We quote: Chickens, old, $4 50@5, broilers $2 50@3, large spring $3 50@4, turkeys 12½c per pound, ducks $5@7 50, geese $6@8.

HAY—The supply still continues just about equal to the demand, although baled is beginning to come in quantity. Our prices are nominal and range from $10@13 per ton.

HIDES—Receipts for the week have been 24,382 pounds. The market is steady, with but little doing. Quote dry hides 10c, green 4@5c, sheep pelts, short wool, 20@40c, medium 50@70c, long 90@$1 15, shearlings 5@15c. Tallow, good to choice 4½@5c.

WOOL—The local market is quiet. We quote nominal prices: Eastern Oregon 8@15c, valley 15@18c, Umpqua valley 15@19c. The receipts of the past week have been 249,677 pounds. Cables received this week, telling of the opening of the London auction sales, all report a firm market, notwithstanding the fact that the available supply is very poor in quality. The market for domestic wool in Boston does not ease off, but on the contrary the tone has been one of increased firmness, and the indifference of holders is more pronounced. There is every reason to believe that the present firm tone will be sustained. It has been brought about, says the Boston correspondent of the Chicago *Inter Ocean*, by purely legitimate means, and is based on the fact that prices were abnormally low, that the clip of domestic wool has fallen short of previous years, and that the general improvement in other branches of business promised a like improvement in the consumption of woolen goods. These are sound reasons to work a market up on, and wool has responded to them despite tariffagitation and other adverse influences.

HOPS—No new are coming in yet. The weather has again settled down, and the picking is going forward steadily. All reports go to prove the first estimates of a large yield. Quote 15@18c for new. The *Wells Circular* speaking of the inactivity of the market says: The conclusion arrived at is that our friends on the other side do not care to rush things, or to send us further estimates on their crop until after or near the close of picking, when more reliable information can be furnished; all agree in the opinion, however, that the English crop has passed the point on which any improvement can be looked for, no matter how favorable the weather may be during the remainder of the month, and that their crop comes the nearest to being a bad failure of any crop since the memorable season of 1882. As to the quality of what they expect to secure we have only to point to the range in prices, 8c to ten to 50 cents seems a wide difference, and only shows that their poor hops are poor indeed, and from all accounts we should say that their 50 cent hops make up an extremely small proportion of their crop; from this we are led to believe that England will want about all the choice hops this country and Germany can spare, and at good round prices.

The Merchandise Market.

The local markets still show a healthy tone. The weather has continued clear all this week. The wheat market is dull and inactive, with our quotations merely nominal. The hop picking is progressing finely and definite returns will begin to come in by next week. The late rains in California have kept the raisin crop back, and though promised three weeks ago the first consignment of new only arrived up on the Elder. Poultry has been plentiful all the week, chickens alone being able to hold their prices. Eggs have been scarce most of the week until the arrival of 365 cases of Iowa product. Even then the price remained firm, but to-day began to show signs of weakness. The general merchandise market is strong and business active. Nails have gone up 10 cents a keg and remain firm at $3 10 per keg.

Some rye and considerable flax seed has come in during the past week, 120,100 lbs of flax seed being reported. From $1@1 01 seems to be about all sellers can get.

The San Francisco *Commercial News* has the following review:

The feature of the week has been the free receipts of coal, over 50,000 tons having been added to the spot stock since last review, chiefly from Australia. This, however, does not affect the market to any extent as the strike in Australia continues, and coal has sharply advanced there, a cable received at the close of last week reporting the advance to be equivalent to $4 per ton. Aside from the coast supply and that en route from Australia the amount on the way to this port is light. An advance to £6 per bottle in the London market has caused a marked appreciation in the value of quicksilver here, it being quoted now at $43@44 per flask; exports for the week include 526 flasks to China; at the close values are easier. On Saturday last both refineries advanced sugar ¼c per pound, since which time no change has been made. Coffee has been in better request at slightly improved quotations owing to more favorable advices from the East and Europe, and at the close a firmer market in the East has given a hardening tendency to prices here, although no further advance is reported. The arrivals of Alaska salmon this week have been nearly 40,000 cases, most of which had passed out of first hands long before reaching destination. The market for all kinds is firm. Canned fruits are in good request at full rates. Nut oil is easier, being quoted at 53@60c per gallon as to quality. Mixed rice is firm, $4 85@4 45 per two mats being the range. Hawaiian is quoted at $4 75@4 87½ per hundred pounds.

Reviews of the condition of the merchandise markets by Eastern trade journals indicate that the volume of business in progress not only shows progressive improvement, but is clearly in excess of the corresponding period last year. The demand for merchandise is singularly free from speculative influences, and, although based to a great extent upon actual and prospective requirements, is nevertheless stimulated by the increasing evidences of agricultural and industrial prosperity that abound. Supplies are being rapidly absorbed in all directions, there is no accumulation of stocks in the hands of manufacturers or importers, and there is a healthy equilibrium between supply and demand that materially strengthens the undercurrent of trade and renders it less sensitive to the surface influences of speculation. This is particularly the case with respect to all staple food products, dry goods and raw materials used by manufacturers, all of which have been in active request, with prices in most instances ruling in sellers' favor.

THE LOCAL MARKET.

BEANS—Steady, with receipts plentiful. Quote small white $3@3 25, pink $2 75, bayos $2 75, butter $4, limas $4 50 per cental.

COAL OIL—Firm, with another advance of ½c. We quote ordinary brands 22c.

PICKLES—Quiet. Quote 3s $1, 5s $1 90.

RICE—China No. 2, $4 60, Island $5@5 25.

SALT—Market quiet. Quote fine Liverpool $18, $19 and $20, according to size of bags. Stock salt $9 50@10.

SUGAR—The market is steady with prices on all grades higher since our last report. We quote golden C 7¼c, extra C 7⅝c, dry granulated 8¼c, cube and crushed 8¾c.

COFFEE—The market is firm. San Francisco market is are also stiff and show an advance of ¼@1c. Arbuckle's roasted is marked up 5c again. We quote Java 25c, Costa Rica 18c, Arbuckle's roasted 21c, Rio 18c, Salvador 15¾@16c.

CANNED GOODS—New canned goods are about all in. We quote: Table fruit 2½s, peaches $2@2 25, Bartlett pears $2, plums $1 75, strawberries $2 25, raspberries $2 50, blackberries $1 75, cherries $2, assorted 2s, assorted 3s $3 75 per dozen. Pie fruit 2½s, peaches $1 25@1 30, plums $1 25, blackberries $1 50, assorted $1 25@1 30, assorted 3s $3 75. Tomatoes, 2½s 95c@$1, 3s $3. Sugar peas, $1 20@1 30; string beans, $1@1 25. An Eastern trade circular says: The canned goods trade is improving. The heavy loss in the Eastern corn crop is stimulating Western purchasers, and the excellence of the Western pack this year, coupled with its cheapness, has made the trade begin to feel as though it was good property to own, even if they could not sell it all within fifteen minutes from the time of purchase.

THE MEAT MARKET.

The meat market is unchanged. The supply of beef and mutton is ample, while pork and veal are scarce. The receipts for the week have been light. Cattle 3 cars, 8 head, sheep 385 head, 120 hogs. We quote:

Beef—Live, 2¾@3c; dressed, 6c.
Mutton—Live, 2¾c; dressed, 6c.
Hogs—Live 6½c, dressed 7¼@8c.
Lambs—$2@2 25 each.
Veal—7@8c.

COMMERCIAL MATTERS ON PUGET SOUND.

SEATTLE, Sept. 25.

Very little activity was noticed in the markets this week, though the tone has been firm and prices in the various lines have been well maintained. One incident worthy of special notice was a trial order for produce from an Alaska merchant, who ordered a ton each of apples and potatoes, besides a lot of other things. The promise has been given that if satisfaction is given many other orders will be given to Seattle merchants.

RECEIPTS—The produce received by Seattle dealers during the past several days has included the following: Butter, 148 cases; eggs, 323 cases; fruit, 1226 packages; potatoes, 750 sacks; hay, 50 tons; oats, 100 sacks wheat, 102 sacks; flour, 5138 sacks; chickens, 17 coops.

BUTTER—Prices have not changed materially during the week. Choice dairy is quoted at 30@32½c and Eastern at 25@35c.

EGGS—The famine is broken but the prices are well sustained. Jobbers quote Oregons at 28@30c and choice ranch at 30@35c.

POTATOES—Market is rated very firm on account of large per cent of crop being damaged. The growers having good "keepers" expect advanced prices before long. Growers are now receiving $11@13 per ton on the wharf.

FLOUR—Receipts large; prices are unchanged.

HAY—Eastern Washington hay is quoted at $12@13 per ton; timothy at $15.

OATS—The market here is declining. Buyers are offering on the flats $17 per ton. No movements are reported as yet.

POULTRY—Jobbers are asking $3@4 for young chickens; old chickens, $5 50@6 50; ducks, $5@6; geese, $6@7.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—The stock market was decidedly strong to-day, though the improvement was confined principally to a few stocks. The news of the day was generally of an encouraging character. Villard stocks were very prominent for activity and strength. The feature of the day was New England, which scored the largest advance of the day. The close was active and strong, at the best prices of the day.

Governments were dull and steady.

MONEY, BONDS AND STOCKS.

NEW YORK, Sept. 25.—Money on call easy at 1½@2%; last loan 2; closing offered at 2. Prime mercantile paper, 4½@5%. Sterling exchange, quiet but steady at 4 85½ for 60 day bills, and $4 87½ for demand.

BONDS.

U. S. 4s (reg.)	128½	U. S. 4½s (reg.)	107¾
U. S. 4s (coupon)	129½	U. S. 6½s (coupon)	107¾
Pacific 6s	121		

STOCKS.

American Express	110½	N. P. Preferred	69½
Canada Pacific	56½	Northwestern	113½
Canada Southern	54½	Oregon Imp	68
Central Pacific	33	O. R. & N. Co	99¾
Burlington	71½	Transcontinental	11
Del. & Lackawanna	142½	Pacific Mail	35½
Denver & Rio Grde	20½	Reading	52½
Erie	29½	Rock Island	109
Lake Shore	113½	St. Paul	85¾
Louisville & Nashv	59½	St. Paul Pacific	74½
Michigan Central	89½	Union Pacific	63½
Missouri Pacific	79¾	U. S. Express	71
Kansas & Texas	12	Wells-Fargo	135
N. Y. Central	106½	Western Union	84¾
Northern Pacific	26½		

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

BOSTON, Sept. 26.—Closing prices: Atchison & Topeka, first sevens, 120¾; do railroad, 83¾; Burlington & Quincy, 113¾; Mexican Central common, 14½; do first mortgage bonds, 65; San Diego Land Company, 27½.

MONEY MARKETS.

LONDON, Sept. 26.—Consols, 97⅛. Silver bullion per fine ounce, 43. Bank of England rate of discount, 4 per cent.

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—Sterling exchange, long, 4 84½; sterling exchange, short, $4 88½. U. S. bonds, 4s, 129¾; U. S. bonds, 4½s, 107¾. Silver bullion per fine ounce, 93¼c.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 26.—Sterling exchange, 60 days, $4 83½; do documentary, $4 83. Transfers, 5.

SAN FRANCISCO MINING STOCKS REPORT.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 26.

Ophir	$ 7	Utah	1 15
G & C	5	Bullion	1 25
B. & B	3	Exchequer	1 10
Con Cala	2	Belcher	3 60
Savage	2	Justice	90
Chollar	2	Union	3 10
Potosi	2	Challenge	4 20
H. & N	4	N. B. Isle	2 65
C Point	4	Bodie	1 20
Yellow Jacket	4	Peer	50
Belcher	4	Peerless	1 75
Confidence	12	Crocker	80
S Nevada	3		

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 26.—Produce receipts past 24 hours include 30,000 ctls wheat, 27,000 ctls flour, 615 ctls oats, 20,000 ctls barley, 2900 sks potatoes.

Freights—Neglected. No new engagements reported. Holders' views rather firmer in sympathy with stronger tone of wheat markets abroad.

Wheat—Market rather firmer, with a fair demand; offerings light. Private advices report sale of a cargo of California wheat yesterday for prompt shipment at 39s 9d. It is rumored on the street that English operators are short on California wheat. Chicago shorts were buying heavily yesterday and to-day to cover short contracts. Quote No. 1 shipping $1 47½@1 50. Options weakened off under moderate sales. Buyer year 500 tons at $1 64¾, 600 tons at $1 64¾, 100 tons at $1 65, 200 tons at $1 64¾; buyer season, 100 tons at $1 75¾, 100 tons at $1 75¾; October $1 64, November $1 58¾. Afternoon session: Prices closed weak and lower; buyer year, 100 tons at $1 64, 100 tons at $1 64¼, 100 tons at $1 63¾, 100 tons at $1 63¾, 400 tons at $1 63.

Barley—There is no abatement to receipts which continue to arrive in large quantities. The market stands a poor chance for a rise, with such excessive stocks in sight. Quote choice feed 80c with concessions on large parcels. Other feed descriptions range from 75 to 77½c. Options very quiet. Little speculation in the market. Buyer year opened 91¼c, closed 91c. Buyer season $1 01¾.

Oats—The market has a better tone, owing to more disposition on the part of buyers to stock up at present low prices. The demand however, has not affected prices, as any attempt to force values higher, tends to check demand. No. 1 sell. Choice feed $1 12½@1 15, milling: 1 17½@1 20, common feed $1@1 10.

Hops—Rather better tone to the market, without any increased activity. Eastern advices are steadily in sellers' favor, which causes holders to exact extreme prices. Dealers claim there is no margin for profit at anything over 20c. Quote new, 15@20c.

Potatoes—Choice descriptions have the call and demand continues good. Poor qualities are lower; quote Burbank seedlings at 60@90c; Garnet Chili, 50@60, Peerless, 40@50c.

Wool—Steadily held; movement cannot be called large, as sellers' views are above buyers. Oregon valley, 17@21c; Eastern Oregon, 10@17½c.

Bags—Demand very light and market neglected; Calcuttas can be had at 7½c.

Millstuffs—Firm with a better demand. Oregon bran at $15 50@16; in oldings, $16 50@17.

Butter—There is no increase in receipts of California fresh roll in this market and holders have their own way. Quote choice to fancy 35@40c, Eastern product coming forward liberally and meeting with more favor.

Eggs—Steady; quote at 30@35c for fresh ranch.

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Cheese is a fraction higher.

Lumber, locally, is quiet. For export there is a satisfactory demand, of which full advantage cannot be taken, owing to higher asking rates for vessels.

Coal receipts last week were far below those of the preceding. Arrivals from Australia, alone during the past fortnight amount to about 50,000 tons. This is unprecedented, and under ordinary circumstances would have broken the market badly, but the coal famine in Australia, which may affect this market before long, makes prices not only firm but actually higher in some instances.

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Grain freights per steam from New York to Liverpool 4½d per bushel.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—Petroleum—Opened steady at 93c, and after the first sales became strong, and advanced to 93½c. The market then became dull, and sagged slowly, closing steady at 93¼c.

Hops—Quiet and firm.

Coffee—Options steady; sales: 57,750 bags, including September at $13@13 10 October, $12 20@12 25 November, $11 55; December, $11 15@11 20 spot Rio, about steady; fair cargoes, 14½.

Sugar—Raw, dull; fair refining, 5⅝; centrifugal, 96 test, 6½; no sales.

Wool—Moderately active and firm; domestic fleeces, 26@34c.

Copper—Dull; Lake, $17 50.

Lead—Steady; domestic, $5 02½.

Tin—Firm and moderately active; straits, $23 70.

Mining quotations closed: Amador $2, Adams $1 75, Bodie $1 05, Caledonia $1, Horn Silver $3 25, Navajo, $1 70, North Belle Isle $2 65, Ophir $5 25, Plymouth $7 50, Savage $2 60, Sierra Nevada $3, Standard $1 05, Silver King $2 05, Small Hopes $1, Union Consolidated $3.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

CHICAGO, Sept. 26.—Wheat receipts for the past twenty-four hours were 504,000 bushels; shipments of wheat past twenty-four hours were 350,000 bushels.

Wheat firmer, opened 97⅝c October, 96¾c December. Noon, $1 03 cash, 97¼c October, 97½c December. Closed 21 04 cash, 97¾c October, 98¾c December.

Provisions—A shade easier. Pork, $14 57 October. Lard, $10 50 October.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

CHICAGO, Sept. 26.—Cattle—Receipts 11,000; steady; natives, $3 50@6 50; cows, $1 30@2 30; stockers, $2@3 10.

Hogs—Receipts, 13,000; brisk and lower; mixed, $5 75@5 90; heavy, $6@6 45; light, $5 75@6 15.

Sheep—Receipts, 4000; active and higher; Westerns, $3 55@3 75; natives, $3 50@4; Texans, $3 50@3 60.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

BEERBOHM GRAIN REPORT.

LONDON, Sept. 26.—Weather in England fine, Cargoes off coast strong, cargoes on passage and for shipment, strong. Mark Lane, English flour quiet. American flour steady; English wheat quiet; corn firm. Wheat firmer. California cargoes off coast, 33s; California cargoes prompt shipment, 40s. California cargoes nearly due, 39s 6d; 4 P. M.—English country markets firmer.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 26.—Spot wheat firmer; No. 1 standard California 7s 11½d; No. 2 standard California, 7s 09d; red winter, 7s 8¾d; white Michigan, 7s 10d; spring, 7s 9½d. 4 P. M.—Market quiet but steady; demand fair; offerings small. Options firmer; 7s 10¾d September, 7s 11¾d October, 7s 11¾d November, 8s December, 8s January, 8s February, 8s 1d March.

PARIS, Sept. 25.—Wheat and flour in Paris firm.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 26.—Arrived—Schr Cassie Huywood, Gray's harbor; bk General Fairchild, Seattle; schr Maggie Ross, Coos bay; bktn Tam O'Shanter, Shoalwater bay; brig Courtney Ford, Shoalwater bay; stmr Alki, Port Townsend. Sailed—Str Signal, Portland; bk Aureola, Tacoma; ship Jas. Nesmith, Cork, for orders.

PORT LUDLOW, Sept. 26.—Sailed—Bark Arkwright, San Francisco.

ASTORIA, Sept. 26—8:30.—Str Alliance arrived in and left up at 10:30; 11 A. M. Cooke left up with Br bark Doverby; Oregon arrived in at 12:40 and left at 2:15 P. M. 5 P. M.—2:45—Br bark Areola crossed out. Weather clear; wind west.

FOREIGN PORTS.

GLASGOW, Sept. 22.—Sailed—New Britain, ship Islander, for Victoria, B. C.

DUBLIN, Sept. 24.—Arrived—Br bk Evelyn, hence May 15, via Queenstown.

TO REPEAL THE TOBACCO TAX.

Democrats Must Obey the Command of a New Political Organization.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—The democrats are privately preparing to pass a bill to repeal the tobacco tax if it shall appear probable that the tariff bill will not pass the senate. There is a strong combination of the senators and representatives from the states of Virginia, North and South Carolina, Kentucky and Tennessee pledged to demand it. In all of these states a political organization called "the farmer's party" has quietly been making such headway as to endanger political conditions. Almost the only plank in its platform is the abolition of the present system of internal revenue taxation on tobacco. Its adherents would like, in addition, to remove the tax from fruit brandy, but for the present they will be content to stop at tobacco. The regular organizations in at least two of these states have instructed to this effect. This is a demand which the democrats of the house have found difficult to ignore. At present, however, the democrats are preparing to oppose the proposition of the republicans to remove the tax from alcohol used in the arts whenever the senate tariff bill shall be reported, on the claim that it will not be possible under such a plan to prevent frauds.

Protection Necessary to Keep Up Wages.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Sept. 21.—Gen. Booth, head of the Salvation Army of the United States, passed through the city to-day en route from New York to Chicago to attend a general meeting of the Illinois, Wisconsin and Minnesota divisions. Referring to politics, he said: "Protection is the best thing for this country. I know what free trade has done for English working people. The competition between America and England is so great that a high protective tariff is an absolute necessity to keep up wages. Many of our people are prohibitionists; but I doubt if there will be many of them who will vote with that party. I expect that many of them will vote for Harrison."

THE HOTELS.

ST. CHARLES.

B C Applegate, Denver; P Swan, Baker City; J Hayden, Jr, Olympia; J R Hayden, do; J Rayden, Sr, do; F Waterbury & w, do; J Waterbury, do; Schuiffin & w, Corneliius; H C Copland & w, Toledo; E O Norton, Salem; L B Measham, Rockreedl; W S Stirling, New York; J McBride, Coeur d'Alene; R Crouse, Salem; Miss L Fox, do; Miss E Fox, do; Mrs H Bennett, Mt Tabor; Miss C Brown, La Camas; F Hallett, Forest Grove; J Clark & w, do; J J Hazael, La Camas; Minor, Ahnors; W H Morrison, San Fran; E Donahue, do; J A Smith, do; J M Thompson, do; Mrs Green, do; W A Cole, Helena; J B Cartwright, Dalles; J G Freeman, do; G D Richardson, do; W Dunn, do; L Smith, do; J A Allison, do; Tonatoes, La Grande; F C Reed, Astoria; Mrs Dempsey, N Yamhill; J F Chadwick, Salem; D A Graham, Westport; C F Bozorth, do; E J Taylor, do; J B Cartwright, Dalles; T H Ward, do; Mrs Boland, N Y; W F Adams, do; D Keltz, Astoria; F Bush, Chicago; H Pratt, do; F Sherry, do; A J Cripe, do; J Newberg, do; H Barger, do; Rasel, St Joe; G Minor, do; G Pansast, do; J McKenna, Texas; B A Todd, Dayton; O F Powell, New York; H Swift & w, do; W A Halladay, Iowa; E Cox, Pomeroy; W S Dennis, do; C Gordon, Walla Walla; W R Carpenter, do; J M Wright, do; J McVeigh, do; E Newman, do; J 15, milling: 1 17½@1 20, common feed $1@1 10.

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Hops—Quiet and firm.

Coffee—Options steady; sales: 57,750 bags, including September at $13@13 10 October, $12 20@12 25 November, $11 55; December, $11 15@11 20 spot Rio, about steady; fair cargoes, 14½.

Sugar—Raw, dull; fair refining, 5⅝; centrifugal, 96 test, 6½; no sales.

Wool—Moderately active and firm; domestic fleeces, 26@34c.

Copper—Dull; Lake, $17 50.

Lead—Steady; domestic, $5 02½.

Tin—Firm and moderately active; straits, $23 70.

Mining quotations closed: Amador $2, Adams $1 75, Bodie $1 05, Caledonia $1, Horn Silver $3 25, Navajo, $1 70, North Belle Isle $2 65, Ophir $5 25, Plymouth $7 50, Savage $2 60, Sierra Nevada $3, Standard $1 05, Silver King $2 05, Small Hopes $1, Union Consolidated $3.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

CHICAGO, Sept. 26.—Wheat receipts for the past twenty-four hours were 504,000 bushels; shipments of wheat past twenty-four hours were 350,000 bushels.

Wheat firmer, opened 97⅝c October, 96¾c December. Noon, $1 03 cash, 97¼c October, 97½c December. Closed 21 04 cash, 97¾c October, 98¾c December.

Provisions—A shade easier. Pork, $14 57 October. Lard, $10 50 October.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

CHICAGO, Sept. 26.—Cattle—Receipts 11,000; steady; natives, $3 50@6 50; cows, $1 30@2 30; stockers, $2@3 10.

Hogs—Receipts, 13,000; brisk and lower; mixed, $5 75@5 90; heavy, $6@6 45; light, $5 75@6 15.

Sheep—Receipts, 4000; active and higher; Westerns, $3 55@3 75; natives, $3 50@4; Texans, $3 50@3 60.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

BEERBOHM GRAIN REPORT.

LONDON, Sept. 26.—Weather in England fine, Cargoes off coast strong, cargoes on passage and for shipment, strong. Mark Lane,

VARICUS SILHEAD ITEMS.

Found Necessary to Enlarge the Appraiser's Warehouse to Meet the Demand.

Hop Picking—So Ealy for His Apples—Republican Club at Oswego—Temporarily Suspended—Big Bar of Gold—Tax Levy

THE SCOWS TO BE RETAINED.—Work on Swan island bar is suspended temporarily all the scows can be placed in good repair The dredge works first rate Mr Carroll who is in charge says she operates better than ever before. The scows after lying idle for three years are rather shaky The repairs made to them were very slight, and then the Telephone ran into them and knocked them galley west and they were patched up in a hurry again Now a scow to stand having ninety tons of sand pumped into it and dropped through the bottom a number of times per day requires to be a staunch craft and so these tenders will have to be braced up and made fit for the work. The dredge has been doing good work as it is not now required to take the sand dredged so far away as before The scows are towed over a few blocks and dumped and one gets back by the time the other is filled and no work goes on continuously, and when every thing is in order a large amount of sand will be removed every day

MORE ROOM NECESSARY.—The appraiser of customs M Schone, has found it absolutely necessary to have more warehouse room so greatly has business in his department increased Mr M Koehland has consented to vacate the store he has occupied for the past fifteen years and this room will be added to the present appraiser's store by making archways through the dividing wall The appraiser's office is now crowded with a collection of huge cases which came over from the China steamer on the Danube They are filled with a large assortment of papier machie figures of many kinds and flags banners etc consigned to Chee Kong and intended to add to proper celebration, Chinese harvest home festival, when the devil is burned, and all that sort of humbug The festival is to be celebrated this year in gorgeous style. As to the number who will leave for China after the festival is over that will depend on whether the president signs the exclusion bill or not

MORE HOP-PICKERS WANTED.—Gee Hee a Seattle Chinaman was in the city yesterday looking for Chinese hop pickers He said there were only about 200 Chinese in the hop fields over there and he wanted to get a lot more He could find none here and he had telegraphed to San Francisco but could get none there He said some of the hop men were feeling badly for fear that their hops would all fall right down to the bottom." Hops it seems when ripe, fall off and this is what Gee Hee meant by falling to the bottom Of course every hop grower is getting very anxious now as every day brings the hops nearer to ripening and also brings the rain nearer Mr Philip Ritz who arrived from Seattle yesterday afternoon says hop-picking is progressing very favorably owing to the fine weather He thinks 1,500 men could find employment for a week or ten days if the weather continues fine and that all the hops will be safely housed by that time

COULDN'T SELL HIS APPLES.—Yesterday a reporter noticed a farmer driving around to all the commission men endeavoring to sell a load of apples, but could not find a purchaser The farmer had brought his load from within two miles of Oregon City and the reporter felt very sorry for him that he could not sell it. On inquiring into the matter, however, it was found that the apples were Baldwins, and that there was no market for such apples now. The farmer should have stowed them away till spring and then he would have found a ready market for them at a good price A grocer spunking of the matter said 'I would give a dollar a box now for good eating apples but no one wants to buy apples which must be stored away. There is a great scarcity of good eating apples at present and any farmer having apples of this kind should send them in

POPULAR SUBSCRIPTION CONCERTS.—Mr Coursen announces his second series of four popular concerts to begin Friday, October 26, at Masonic hall and to continue through the winter at intervals of about six weeks These concerts were so thoroughly enjoyable last year that concert going people will look forward to the coming season with the greatest interest Mr Coursen will be assisted by the following named ladies and gentlemen, each of whom will take part in one or more concerts of the series The Misses Sarah Solomon of The Dalles, Frankie Jones of Salem, and May Cook, pianists, Master Alfred Holt violinist Madames E J Finck, Wetzell Coursen sopranos Goodsell, Reed, contraltos, and Messrs. Franklin, Skinner, tenors, Lowesdale and Gilmore, basses. Season tickets will cost $3 each Subscription blanks can be had at Prentice's,

A OPEN NOTORIOUS DEN.—The front is being torn out of the house on Third street, near Yamhill, known as the Carrie Bradley house, which was rendered notorious by the murder there a few years ago of James Nelson Bryan. Since Miss Bradley went to the penitentiary the house has been occupied by Chinese and it is now to be turned into a store of some kind. For the consolation of pessimists it may be said that Portland is growing better as there is not now in the city such an infamous den as was kept by Carrie Bradley, and there are probably no more thorough ruffians in the city as the many Cass Hamilton, and others, who made her place their resort. It is not likely that such a place or such a gang would be now tolerated here for a week

HE WAS A DEMOCRAT.—John Doe a native of England, was arrested last night on the charge of drunkenness and improper stump speaking Having imbibed too freely of the fiery juniper juice he took a notion to stump the city, and any one else who might come along for Cleveland and democracy. At the station he commenced to bellow like a child. He was searched, but nothing was found on him On being told that he would be given his freedom on condition that he vote for Harrison he would not listen to it but entered his cell still proclaiming unswerving fealty to democracy, and continued to sob, if anything, in a still higher key

FOREMAN'S HOME.—The *West Shore* for September, just issued, contains illustrations that will give to those not acquainted with Portland a better idea in some respects, of the city than any heretofore published It contains a large number of engravings showing "The Beauty of Homes of Portland." There are about 60 of these engravings, which present in excellent style as many of the handsome dwellings of the city Portland is prove but for the beauty of her homes, and this issue of the *West Shore* will present Portland to the stranger from a new and highly attractive point of view

BAR OF GOLD.—The Alma Consolidated Mining and Milling Company received a bar of gold from its mine in Coeur d'Alene yesterday and shipped it to the United States mint in San Francisco. It weighs 103 ounces valued at $1,600 represents seven days' run and makes the total receipts from the mine since August 10 $18,500 The mill is closed for a few days pending the addition of ten stamps, making it a twenty-stamp mill When it resumes it is expected to increase the output to $30,000 a month

MISS A S JOHANSSEN.—Having returned from New York with a selected line of the most beautiful goods to be obtained, is ready to fill all orders for the same Her line of pattern hats and bonnets exceeds anything ever before seen in Portland Her millinery parlors yesterday at the opening presented a brilliant spectacle They were thronged constantly with admirers all exclaiming at the beauty of the display made To-day (Thursday) will close the opening. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

AIDS DE CAMP APPOINTED.—Special order No 5, just issued by Brigadier Gen. J W Sigfin & N G and countersigned by Adj Gen J C Sheiner, announces the appointment of Daniel B Murphy of this city as aide de camp on his (Gen Sigfin's) personal staff. Aide Murphy's rank will be first lieutenant.

BOSS QUINCES.—Mr. John Gore of Tualatin, Oregon, has left at this office several very large and splendid specimens of quinces grown by him on his farm. Some of them measure 15 inches in circumference, and others 12½ inches around. These quinces are "boupers."

EXTENDED ITS LINES.—Merchants here will be pleased to learn that the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company has extended its transportation line on Puget sound to Semiahmoo and Blaine, W T, thirty and thirty one miles, respectively, north of Whatcom, touching at Coupeville Oak Harbor, LeConner Anacortes, Sehome, Whatcom and intermediate points To insure close connection and avoid delay, all freight from Portland destined to any of the above points should be routed 'care of the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company at Tacoma"

THE TAX LEVY.—The county board of equalization which has been in session since Monday will probably adjourn to-day and will immediately or within a few days levy a state and county tax But comparatively few corrections have been made so far Last year the tax was 16 7 mills and from the present outlook it will be about the same the building of the regimental armory and the addition to the court house and prospective repairs to roads standing in the way of any reduction

COMPANY 'A" PARTY.—Those who fail to secure tickets for the military party this evening will be able to obtain them at the armory The concert and promenade during the fore part of the evening was arranged with special regard for the enjoyment of those who do not desire to dance The committee assure us that every thing is in readiness and to all who attend will be extended every courtesy Members of the regiment will appear in uniform

DEFICIENCIES OF OSWEGO.—The republicans of Oswego organized a republican club in that city last night M H Calkins was elected president and S H Carder secretary A lively meeting had and a number of enthusiastic speeches were made by the local leaders of republicanism Twenty five members were enrolled in the club and it is expected at the next meeting four times as many more will join Meetings are to be held every Wednesday

THE KELLOGG.—The Joseph Kellogg arrived last evening, with a mixed miscellaneous cargo of lumber shingles hay and general produce The Cowlitz river is lower than it has been for years Capt Chas Kellogg says and through work which they have done in improving it, the boat was enabled to come through this time at dead low water without any obstruction

ARTESIAN WELL MACHINERY.—The Matson Bros at Ritzville, who have just received their new machinery for sinking artesian wells concluded to make a trial of it on a well for themselves The machine worked so well that in twelve hours drilling they sunk down fifty feet through solid rock and got eight feet of splendid water

THE PUBLIC.—Are warned against having any business dealings with a seaman by the name of J W Davis, on account of the Webb Safe & Lock Company of the National Cash Register Company, 119 Front street, as he is no longer in the employ

LAST ROUND, TIME, WIND UP

The Jackson-Godfrey Combination Gives an Exhibition at Turn Hall.

Spirited Setto Between the Two Well Known Colored Pugilists, Fitzpatrick and Gorman, and Other Boxers

It was a good natured crowd that attended the exhibition of the Jackson Godfrey combination at Turn hall last night. Everything that occurred was satisfactory to the 250 persons present and they applauded and cheered and stamped their feet in recognition of what was taking place There was a light sprinkling of young women, colored ones present and they were the best pleased of all They smiled at the singers, applauded their efforts peeped over the top of their fans to hide their laughter and gave vent to their admiration of the slugfests

A P Butler acted as master of ceremonies He started the ball rolling promptly at 8 30 and announced that the first event would be a song by the Eclipse quartette Four young men in evening dress, each with a bright red rosebud in his coat then appeared and sung so well that they were recalled several times singing Down by the end Sea Shore and other songs

The first contest with the gloves given by Messrs Arthur and Wilson (colored) was a tame affair and lasted three rounds The physical parts of the men was sufficient to rouse the hilarity of the crowd While being a rubber corpulent man but he while his adversary was of slender build and slow movement The rounds lasted half a minute with two minutes for rejuvenation Will on danced around the stage like a grasshopper and created more amusement than this way than the match did

After another rendition of the quartette Sam Fitzpatrick of Australia and A P Butler of Portland were announced for a friendly three round set-to Fitzpatrick better known as The Comet has been appropriately named it would seem being broad chested and thick waisted while his legs are slender He had things pretty much his own way and in the second round landed a left-hander on Butler's neck making him spin around like a Japanese top

A three round contest between Peddy Gorman the 140 pound champion of the Pacific coast who knocked Tom Cleary out and Sam Fitzpatrick the Australian was the next thing on the programme and was quite a treat Gorman wore a white shirt and breeches, with blue belt and socks and was dressed in a purple uniform, they pitched in at the word go and began with a rapid exchange of free blows at close range followed by an exhibition of caution Gorman had the best of the first round, the second was even up and Gorman carried off the honors in the third by planting a good left hander on the Australian's nose which threw his head backward with a jerk

The event of the evening was the four round set-to between Peter Jackson and George Godfrey the colored pugilists who recently met in San Francisco Jackson coming out victor Loud applause greeted the men as they came on the stage and took seats in their corners Both appeared to be in the best kind of trim and were full of vim and science Jackson wore a blue shirt and socks and white breeches Gorfrey was dressed in white fighting clothes

At the call of time the men advanced to the center of the stage, and shaking hands, faced each other and assumed position Godfrey though a big heavy muscular man a veritable giant was completely dwarfed when compared with the tall, big chested, big legged large-footed lithe man from the antipodes Some thought he would not stand a ghost of a show, but this idea was dispelled as soon as the men came together Both stood well in the ring, are quick in their movements and Godfrey is quite an expert in the duckling line They lead with the left and hit out from the shoulder

Cautious sparring was the feature of the first part of the round Thinking he saw an opening, Jackson launched out his left and quickly dropped out of the way of Godfrey's dexter hand, which was aimed at his smiling countenance, Coming into close quarters it was give and take on the face and body with the advantage in favor of neither Sparring followed by a rapid exchange, and a clinch ended the round

This second was full of life and some smart hitting After a little sparring Godfrey tapped the big man's nose and got two on the nose in quick succession, followed by four more in the same place. Some good fighting was done by both their necks and breasts stopping the blows A temporary lull in the proceedings was caused by Jackson disarranging the trap-door of the stage It was replaced and the fun continued.

The third was lively, another give and take round and ended with some shoulder striking Jackson again displaced the trap door and a wit a fellow in a front seat sung out to the master of ceremonies, 'No slaughtering allowed Butler!" His remark caused a ripple of laughter.

The fourth and wind up was replete with scientific sparring and warding off of blows uppercuts by Jackson and give and take blows A healthy rap on his stomach decreased Godfrey's supply of wind, and he returned his compliments on Mr Jackson's left ear Godfrey's ducking in this round pleased the crowd Four times he dodged Jackson's mischievous dukes and each time bobbed up serenely in the vicinity of the big man's spinal column A brief but lively exchange of face and body blows ended the exhibition.

ELECTRIC BURGLAR ALARMS.

Some of the Most Improved Methods of Preventing Housebreaking.

A Model of Its Best Workings Now in Portland—The City's Comparative Immunity Hitherto—Dangers of Burning Gas by Night

That little fellow and the clerk of a leading hotel to a reporter yesterday afternoon can sell more papers than any body

They referred to were a Jewish lad and native of the most poignant suffering was just insinuating, one of his companions over the latter which a gentleman was purchasing and supplementary terse brought its purchaser But content with a refusal he persisted in his request.

I shall have to put him out of the clerk, he is becoming too much of a nuisance and one better be civil expression served to send the boy through the door with flying feet

"The newsboys of this town are a hard set said the clerk They are becoming so obstreperous and annoying that I am going to refuse them coming into the office at all They can sell all the papers people want outside the door"

Do you see that annunciator?" said one of the electricians of the city yesterday to a passing reporter We are preparing that for a burglar alarm for a private house This particular house we are dividing into four sections and in one of these four every door and window on the first floor belongs The second a window or door is tampered with the electric bell rings and the annunciator points with unerring precision to the locality of the disturbance

We have received several orders for these appliances since the recent robberies have taken place Of course they are not practicable for lodging houses where so many different ones are coming and going at all hours The only safe preventive for robbers here is to perfect the locks One precaution not often taken or known of is to file off the end of the key which almost always projects beyond the lock far enough to admit of a good grip by key nippers By filing off the end of the key until it is flush with the lock nippers cannot turn it This is not in all cases a sure protection however as one expert in locksmithing can open a door without the use of nipper no matter how slight a surface for gripping the key affords Against such expert work the best protection is the wire arrangement which was accurately described in THE OREGONIAN this morning though of course a separate bell is excellent, if not neglected

I am not sorry to see the people here get a little scared on this matter" continued the electrician warming up to his subject to Portlanders especially the old Oregonians seem to me to be culpably negligent in precautions against burglary

This place has, to speak comparatively as regards other places of its size not been burglarized at all When I first came here some sixteen or seventeen years ago, commission men used to leave crates of poultry out on the sidewalk in front of their stores all night, and butcher would leave sheep and calves exposed similarly Of course this extreme laxity has been abandoned, but doors and windows are largely left unbarred or indifferently fastened, I am pretty well acquainted with the stores and residences of the town and it is my honest opinion that there is not a building in Portland into which an expert burglar could not gain unmolested entrance in three-quarters of an hour

I should except one house which is so provided with improved burglar alarms that no entrance can be made upon the lower floor unknown to the proprietor The apparatus not only extends to every door and window but the entire floor is underlaid with electrical matting The slightest opening of the door the raising of a window sash or the lightest step upon the floor sets the gong to ringing and lights the gas in the proprietor's room

No I would not mention the name of this house for obvious reasons Several houses in the city are profusely furnished with such appliances and more are being put in A singular unwillingness on the part of experts, however exists among those who have most at stake from the operations of thieves and are most able to pay for protection. I well remember the cases of two of our wealthiest citizens, who applied for electrical alarms after burglars had entered their houses, but bring informed of the cost, not large though in the safety of their possessions and the feelings of their families not worth so much

An arrangement is now introduced through which an inmate of the house that is supplied by an electric alarm, can by the use of a small key upon entering temporarily disconnect the battery, which becomes operative immediately upon the door being shut Many are using the electric system of lighting gas in their houses, which is a great convenience when coming home at night, or upon retiring or rising.

Gas should always be extinguished at night, and many cases of asphyxiation could be thus avoided Particularly is this the case in hotels where I am firmly convinced many supposed cases of suicide are not such at all

Where a jet comes out into each room from a pipe in their common partition it is a fact, not generally known except to the criminal class, that by blowing into one of these jets for a moment the light in the adjoining room through the strength of the gas being thus impaired, will go out, and asphyxiation will follow to the inmates Many crimes are effected through this knowledge and no one should go to sleep in a strange room without first turning thoroughly off the gas

We never reveal the houses that we attach burglar alarms as experts would thus be enabled to gain access to the source of the battery or the main wire and destroy it. Some wires are laid in the walls others immediately under the roof The latter method affords the safest immunity from having the system tampered with."

A COMPLIMENT TO OREGON.

Mr. William Reid Receives a Letter Highly Eulogistic of This Country.

The following is a copy of a letter addressed to Mr William Reid of this city some time since by Mr John Welch, a wealthy and influential citizen of Philadelphia and at one time American ambassador to England, who recently died at the age of 82 His remarks concerning the future of this coast are worthy of attention.

Your letter of the 21st ult., duly reached me, and with it your pamphlet on the progress of Oregon It is very difficult to realize what has already been accomplished, but that is only a foretaste of what is to be when the tide of immigration shall have accomplished its purpose in turning your uncultivated lands into fruitful gardens We look upon the commerce of the Atlantic as enormous but when the intercourse of our Western borders shall have become intimate with the millions of the East the movement on the Pacific will be still more active. Then even the moneyed center of the world must be in San Francisco

Already New York is vying with London In this as in other respects, it may be said Westward the Star of Empire takes its way" When I was born, in 1805, Philadelphia had but 80,000 inhabitants and New York not so many Now taking Philadelphia as a center within a radius of 100 miles, the population must be about 6,000,000 and the great city within it, as well as the smaller cities and villages are growing, perhaps more rapidly than they have ever previously done

These are startling facts and indicate a future for your country which will be abundant in blessings to its people if they will but walk in the fear and fear of God Accept my thanks for your interesting and able pamphlet Present my kind regards to my old and valued friend, Bishop Morris and also to the Hon Judge Deady, by whom I hope I am still borne in remembrance

TAYLOR-STREET M. E. CHURCH.

The Work on the Gallery Rapidly Nearing Completion—A Handsome Interior.

The improvements to the Taylor street M E church, which have been in progress for some time, are rapidly nearing completion A very handsome gallery of panelwork has been added to the auditorium Along the sides it is fitted with three rows of seats, and at the end there are eight. The galleries are reached by two flights of steps each, one at the east end near the pulpit and the other at the west end

The carpenters will have their work completed in a few days the plasterers have got on the first coat under the gallery, and the frescoers have about completed a very chaste and handsome piece of work on the ceiling of the auditorium If the windows can be completed in time, the church will be opened for services on Sunday, October 7. Messrs Force, who have the contract for the new windows, have finished cutting the glass. They have also some of it put together and expect two workmen from the East this week

The large window for the west end presented to the church by the young people will be divided so as to present the appearance of a complete window in the vestibule and another above the gallery The upper part will have in the center of one side a representation of grapes and a chalice and in the other side a sickle and sheaves of grain and in the large circle at the top the lilies of purity The lower part will represent Consider the Lilies" on a blue oval with amber background and on a scroll at the bottom the motto Presented by the Young People'

It is hardly possible that the windows can be completed to allow the building to be opened on the 7th but may be done and however if not opened then, it will be on the 14th for certain and the congregation will be well pleased with the improvement made in the building

THE STAGE.

LOUIS JAMES.—The appearance of this distinguished actor and his full company at New Park theater next week will be the greatest dramatic event of the season Lovers of the legitimate drama, and they are many in Portland, will heartily welcome the star as I will enjoy such a treat as has not been vouchsafed them since the Frederick Warde engagement and one not likely to be equaled for many months if at all this season A great demand has already been made at Prentice's for reserved seats, but they will not be put on sale until to-morrow morning

"All the Year Round in the Home" is a series of papers by Christine Terhune Herrick in the Ladies Home Journal and Tract on Housekeeper The one for October is on Getting Ready for Winter

Just that one paper will pay for the year but you shall get what remains of the year (September) besides by sending ten cents.

Hundreds of thousands of families are wondering how it is that we can make a good magazine for about nothing. Why bless you the secret you get in a million, the ladies Home Journal does it.

Send in silver or stamps.

The October number is on the newsstands now—15 cents. Ladies' Home Journal, Philadelphia.

RECORD OF THE CITY COURTS

John Lewis Convicted of Criminal Intimacy With His Sister-in-Law

Judge Stearns's Suggestion to Jurymen—Proceedings Before Justice Tuttle and Judge Dement—A Quiet Day all Around in Legal Circles

Yesterday was a quiet day in the courts but little business being transacted In the United States circuit court several small orders were made while in the state circuit courts little or nothing was done excepting the disposition of a few civil and criminal cases In the police and justice courts but little was done

CRIMINAL BUSINESS.

The trial of John Lewis, indicted for criminal intimacy with Mrs Lita Lewis daughter of Rev S M Driver of Walla Walla and wife of his own brother took place in the criminal court yesterday morning and the jury after taking one ballot returned a verdict of guilty as charged

One of the prosecution's witnesses was Mrs Lewis's father who testified that he became aware that Lewis and his daughter were not on friendly terms and proceeded to write a letter to Lewis in which he urged him to go to Portland and live with him

Emma Wingate pleaded guilty to two counts of keeping a disorderly house and was fined $100 on each

ADVICE TO JURORS

When the jury had been secured to hear the evidence in the Lewis case yesterday Judge Stearns excused all the other members of the regular panel for the day admonishing them to refrain from discussing the matter among themselves or with others until it is to be tried before them It also suggested that they do not attend any trials in the circuit court in the capacity of spectators while serving as regular jurymen because they might be quite disqualified in the event a case in which a second time during the present term

BEFORE JUSTICE DEMENT

But a small sound of officers occupied the criminal bench in the police court yesterday afternoon

John Peterson for allowing an unlicensed dog to run at large was fined $10 John Russell and Peter Hughes two simple drunks failed to appear and forfeited bail Harry Stark roaming the streets at night $10

Jes Morton who pleaded not guilty to the charge of vagrancy Tuesday was given a jury trial Morton testified in his own behalf and told the following story of his late actions and intentions He said that he was a soldier and had lately received his discharge from the garrison at Fort Gates and that he was now en route to San Francisco for the purpose of re-enlisting He further claimed that he had been stopping here but a few days with his acquaintances and that although not working he had the necessary means to take him to his destination

The testimony of the officers who made the arrest was rather against him

The jury returned a verdict of guilty and Morton will receive sentence to-day

The case of Fred Hoon and J D Monteith charged with larceny was again continued and the trial was set for to-day They will have counsel to represent them

JUSTICE TUTTLE'S COURT

Grace Goodwin charged with vagrancy pleaded guilty and paid a fine of $30

On complaint of George Stubken a warrant was issued for the arrest of George Young, whom he charges with stealing a account for $13 property of himself and Julius Karlouck, proprietors of the Automatic museum

H F Smith caused the arrest of J P Riley a bill poster on a charge of having committed adultery with his wife Minnie The case was set for a hearing at 10 o'clock this morning A warrant for the arrest of Mrs Smith was also placed in the hands of Constable Simmons

The case of Martha Levy against Mat Harris for money alleged to be stolen from plaintiff was continued until this afternoon

JUDGMENTS RENDERED

In part 1 state circuit court yesterday in the suit of C A Plummer vs W N Wallace and B F Lippincott plaintiff was given judgment for $401 50 and $50 attorney fees The money was due on promissory notes.

In the suit of James McEvoler vs D W Pratt the motion to file amended answer was overruled and plaintiff was given judgment for $103 for work performed

MIXED COURT NOTES

Johanna Wederking was granted a divorce from Henry Wederking by Judge Stearns yesterday afternoon, on the ground of cruelty and abuse They were married in The Dalles November 8, 1883

Smith & Metcalf began suit against Horton Cook, in the state circuit court yesterday to recover $84 75 balance due for goods hauled for defendant.

Alexander A. Bernstein a subject of Queen Victoria was admitted to citizenship by Judge Stearns yesterday

Judge Stearns will announce decisions this morning in the cases of J B Parker vs Mary A Newell et al M A M Ashley vs Mark A Miller et al.

C M Carlson and E. A. Stockham natives of Sweden, and Thomas S Hermansen a native of Denmark, filed in the county clerk's office yesterday their declarations of intention of becoming citizens.

Edward Glenroe, a native of Ireland, 59 years of age was adjudged insane by Dr A. G. Parker yesterday and committed to the asylum Dissipation is the cause of his insanity

A marriage license was granted yesterday for Thomas Grenfell and Mabel Moore.

YESTERDAY'S DOCKETS

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT

J H Bowerman vs John McMahon; motion to strike out argued and submitted

Welch vs Ainsworth et al, order extending time to take testimony thirty days.

Salem Capital Flour Mill Company vs Stayton Water Ditch and Canal Company, order making receiver party plaintiff

First National Bank of Salem vs Salem Capital Flour Mill Company, order extending time to take testimony to November 10th defendants to have ten days after

Gest vs Packwood, order continuing hearing or motion to modify cost bill to October term

STATE CIRCUIT NO 1

M L Cooper administrator vs D W Forbes et al, motion to dissolve attachment, denied.

A B Manley vs W F Knight, demurrer to complaint overruled, judgment for plaintiff for $16 65

James McEveler vs D W Pratt motion for leave to file amended answer overruled, judgment for plaintiff for $103

Gustav I Becker v P & W V Ry Co, motion to strike out parts of complaint, overruled

C A Plummer vs W N Wallace and B F Lippincott judgment for plaintiff for $401 50 and $50 attorney fees.

STATE CIRCUIT NO 2

Walter Jackson vs Elizabeth Jackson decree entered

State vs A N Nish defendant allowed five days to move for a new trial

State vs John and Lida Lewis verdict of guilty as charged returned against the former

Johanna Wederking vs Henry Wederking decree of divorce

State vs Emma Wingard, plea of guilty fined $100

MORE BURGLARIES REPORTED

Light Fingered Intruders Are Still Plying Their Vocation—No Clues.

The latest reported burglary, which has been kept quiet in the hope of apprehending the perpetrator, was at the Stone block at the northeast corner of First and Market.

Mrs. W E Gaston who keeps the lodging house which occupies the second and third floors of the building, gave an account of the robbery to a representative of THE OREGONIAN The only articles taken by which a clue could be established were a gold watch and chain and shirt stud belonging to Mr O P Mason of the *Northwest*. The stud was of gold with ruby setting, the watch an old English hunting-case, the chain an ordinary gold one. A postal note for 75 cents and one for $1 25 were taken from Mr. Mason.

The victims got off much luckier than the persons in the Hinman house, as, during the

articles above enumerated money only, and this in small amounts, was taken Several rooms were entered jewelry and clothing scattered about and the keys being evidences as in the other cases of the use of nippers

The opinion prevails among the police authorities who are working upon the burglaries that they are done by a single operator working alone and that he is responsible for all the thefts The nature of the articles taken, the bold and skilful manner of his work, and the effectiveness with which he has concealed his operations from observation point unmistakably to his being an expert of no mean power The difficulty of locating the guilty is made unusually great by the singular fact that not a soul has once caught sight of him All speculations are therefore impossible of confirmation by comparison with the night, work etc of the perpetrator

As no thefts have been reported for two or three nights it is hoped a cessation of hostilities has been declared It would probably fare ill with the guilty one or ones if apprehended judging from the prompt and severe penalties which are being daily meted out to less offensive members of society in the community

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To how those property has increased in value it may be stated that Mr Mackay paid $ 0 000 for the entire tract and has been offered $ 000 or $ of it He does not however propose to sell but will make his residence there and leave it to his children

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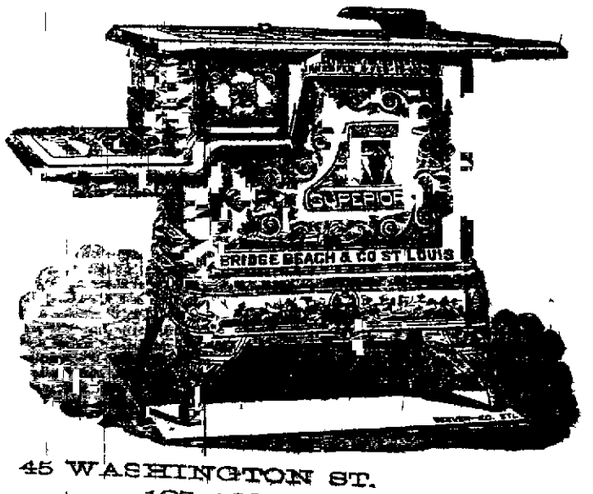

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